

Life cycle assessment of various ALPLA packaging units and alternative materials - Czech Republic

1.0 - LCA Model Version 1.4

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- In a nutshell, the public perception of beverage packaging is as follows:
 - Plastic bottles and aluminium cans have a negative environmental image
 - In most cases, glass bottles have a positive environmental image
- The political parameters include, for example:
 - The EU's circular economy package
 - EU Directive on Single-Use Plastics
 - Product design
 - Extended producer responsibility
 - Targets for separate collection
- Do public perception and the current political parameters tally with the facts and figures?



Aim of the analysis

- The aim of the analysis is to calculate a **life cycle assessment** in line with ISO 14044 for PET **packaging units** and alternative packaging materials for certain beverages, foods and detergents which are consumed via the food retail sector in ten countries.
- The purpose of the life cycle assessment is to promote an **objective discussion** of the environmental evaluation of the beverage packaging examined on the basis of the latest set of data.
- The results of the life cycle assessment are confirmed by an independent **reviewer**.



Scope of the analysis

- The entire analysis comprises 59 material-content combinations for **brand name products** typically found in Austria. The packaging units are not necessarily representative of the market. The aim is not to depict the mix of packaging units found in the Austrian market.

content	capacity [l]	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	PET MW	rPET 50% MW	rPET 100% MW	HDPE OW	rHDPE 50% OW	rHDPE 100% OW	PP OW	Pouch OW	Glass OW	Glass MW	Alu-can OW	Fe-can OW	beverage carton OW	
water	1,0	x	x	x	x	x	x						x	x				8
milk	1,0	x	x	x				x	x	x			x	x		x	9	
juice	1,0	x	x	x									x	x		x	6	
beer	0,5	x	x	x									x	x	x		6	
CSD	0,5	x	x	x	x	x	x						x	x	x	9		
food jar	0,35	x	x	x									x			x	5	
ketchup	0,30	x	x	x				x	x	x	x		x				8	
detergent	1,5	x	x	x				x	x	x	x	x					8	
		8	8	8	2	2	2	3	3	3	2	1	7	5	2	1	2	59

- The entire analysis comprises 12 countries:
- Austria, Brazil, China, Germany, India, Mexico, Poland, South Africa, Turkey and The United States of America, Hungary, Czech Republic
- **Country variations:**
- **NOTE:** The masses of the bottles, container, caps and labels are not changed for the country variations. It is assumed that brand name products have a very similar shape, mass and quality all over the world.
 - Country specific data are used for raw materials use and production, electricity mix, transport distances and waste management conditions - share of separate collection and recycling.



Analysed container

	PET OW	PET MW	HDPE	PP	Pouch	Glass OW	Glass MW	ALU can	FE can	Carton
water 1,0 l										
milk 1,0 l										
juice 1,0 l										
beer 0,5 l										
CSD 0,5 l										
food jar 0,35 l										
ketchup 0,3 l										
detergent 1,5 l										

1. **Definition** of functional unit and system boundary per content
2. **Data collection**: Production of raw materials, supply of energy and fuels, transport distances, filling, washing, distribution to retailer and waste management conditions
3. **Transformation** of life cycle data into environmental impacts
4. **Accounting** of the entire life cycle
5. **External review** and sensitivity analysis
6. **Interpretation** of results

- Functional unit filling volumes
 - 1 litre of mineral water
 - 1 litre of milk
 - 0.5 litres of carbonated soft drink (CSD)
 - 1.5 l of detergent
 - 350 ml of food
- The product system comprises:
 - **Packaging unit**, closure and label
 - Sales packaging (carton tray, reusable crate, film)
 - Transport packaging (pallets, shrink wrap)
 - Packaging for delivery of packaging units, lids, etc. to the bottler
- The analysis covers the packaging units' **entire life cycle**:
 - Generation of raw materials and energy sources
 - Packaging manufacture
 - Filling and cleaning of reusable packaging units
 - Distribution from the bottler to the food retailers
 - Collection, recycling and disposal of the packaging units and other packaging
 - Other transport processes and supply transports

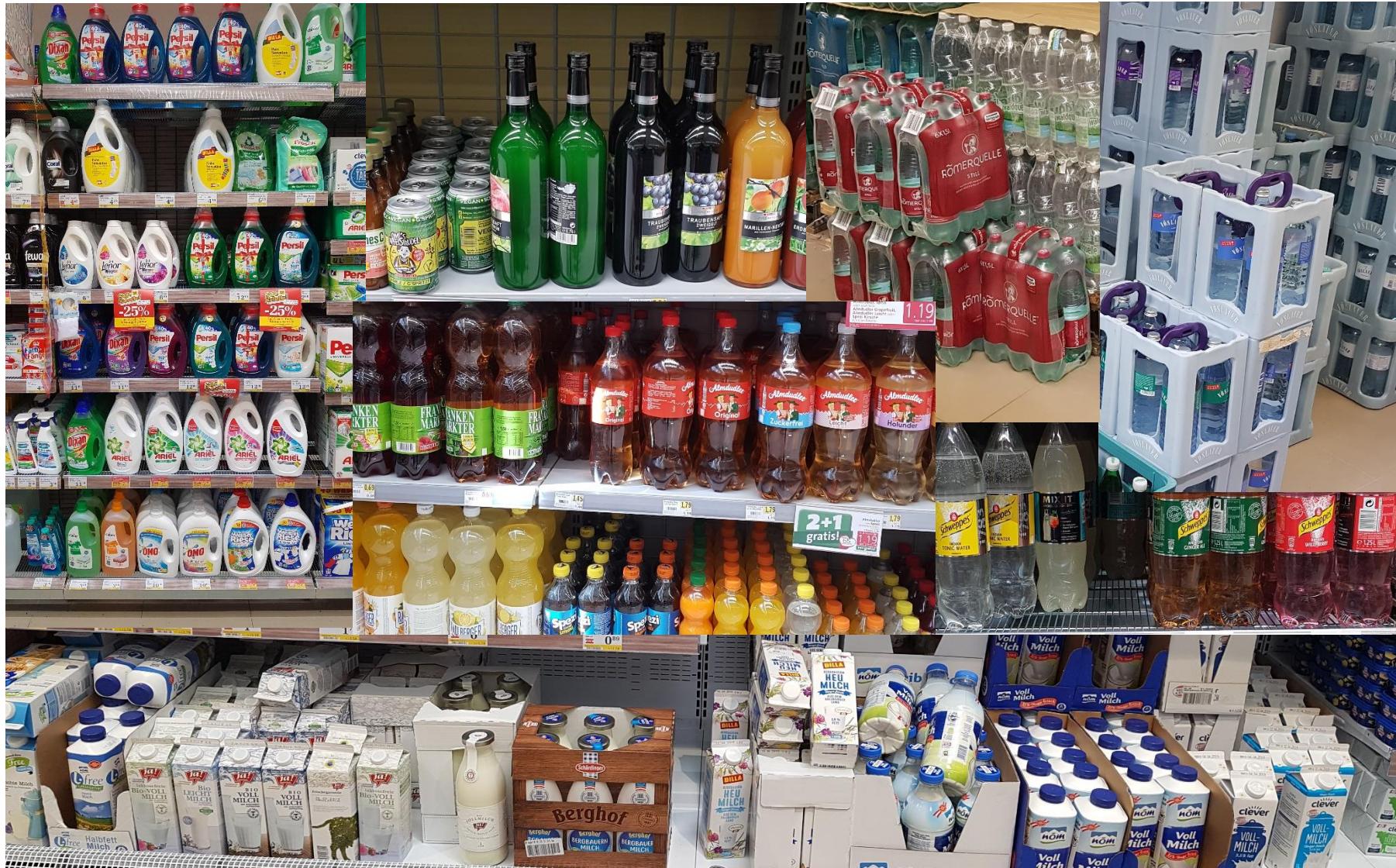
Impact categories & Life cycle inventory analysis parameters

➤ Impact categories

- Climate change [kg CO₂-eq.] (IPCC 2013)
- Acidification potential [kg SO₂-eq.] (CML)
- Summer smog [kg ethylene.] (ILCD 1.0.8 2016)
- Terrestrial eutrophication [mol N-eq.] (ILCD 1.0.8 2016)
- Freshwater eutrophication [kg P-eq.] (ILCD 1.0.8 2016)
- Marine eutrophication [kg N-eq.] (ILCD 1.0.8 2016)

➤ Life cycle inventory analysis parameters

- Depletion of abiotic resources - mineral raw materials [kg SB-eq.]
- Cumulative energy demand - total [MJ-eq.]
- Cumulative energy demand - non-renewable [MJ-eq.]
- Cumulative energy demand - renewable [MJ-eq.]
- Land use [m².a]
- Particulates [PM < 2,5 µm] (CML)
- Water consumption [l] (CML)





Input data

container, cap, label, transport distances to retailer, waste management



Analysed bottles for water 1,0 l

PET OW	PET MW	HDPE	PP	Pouch	Glass OW	Glass MW	ALU can	FE can	Carton
									

Input data

Water 1,0 l



water 1,0 l	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	PET MW	rPET 50% MW	rPET 100% MW	Glass OW	Glass MW
volume	[ml]	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
cycles	[-]	1	1	1	20	20	20	1	30
mass of container	[g]	24,9	24,9	24,9	65,0	65,0	65,0	470,0	551,9
material cap	[-]	HDPE	HDPE	HDPE	HDPE	HDPE	HDPE	Tinplate	Alu
mass cap	[g]	3,00	3,00	3,00	3,00	3,00	3,00	2,20	1,70
material label	[-]	PET	PET	PET	paper	paper	paper	paper	paper
mass label	[g]	0,35	0,35	0,35	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00
mass product system: container, cap & label	[g]	28,26	28,26	28,26	69,00	69,00	69,00	473,20	554,58
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secondary packaging / sales packaging	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	PET MW	rPET 50% MW	rPET 100% MW	Glass OW	Glass MW
container per tray/box	[pieces]	4	4	4	9	9	9	12	12
mass materials single use	[g]	12,16	12,16	12,16	0,26	0,26	0,26	-	-
mass materials multiple use	[g]	-	-	-	1.750,00	1.750,00	1.750,00	2.500,00	1.750,00
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tertiary packaging / transport packaging per palette	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	PET MW	rPET 50% MW	rPET 100% MW	Glass OW	Glass MW
container per palette	[pieces]	576	576	576	396	396	396	384	384
mass materials single use	[g]	5.001	5.001	5.001	101	101	101	-	-
mass materials multiple use	[g]	24.000	24.000	24.000	25.750	25.750	25.750	26.500	25.750
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delivery to retailer	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	PET MW	rPET 50% MW	rPET 100% MW	Glass OW	Glass MW
mass for transport total	[kg]	22.429	22.429	22.429	18.880	18.880	18.880	17.412	16.247
delivery step 1 outbound	[km]	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200
delivery step 1 inbound	[km]	60	60	60	200	200	200	60	200
delivery step 2 outbound	[km]	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
delivery step 2 inbound	[km]	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
delivery total	[km]	360	360	360	500	500	500	360	500
cooling lorry needed (1 = yes)	[-]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
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waste management	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	PET MW	rPET 50% MW	rPET 100% MW	Glass OW	Glass MW
allocation benefit recycling	[%]	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%



Analysed bottles for milk 1,0 l

PET OW	PET MW	HDPE	PP	Pouch	Glass OW	Glass MW	ALU can	FE can	Carton
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Input data

Milk 1,0 l



milk 1,0 l	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	HDPE	rHDPE 50%	rHDPE 100%	Glass OW	Glass MW	Carton
volume	[ml]	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
cycles	[-]	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	15	1
mass of container	[g]	22,10	22,10	22,10	18,80	18,80	18,80	420,00	493,17	25,00
material cap	[-]	HDPE	HDPE	HDPE	HDPE	HDPE	HDPE	Tinplate	Tinplate	HDPE
mass cap	[g]	2,67	2,67	2,67	1,65	1,65	1,65	4,02	4,02	8,00
material label	[-]	PET	PET	PET	paper	paper	paper	paper	paper	no label
mass label	[g]	3,16	3,16	3,16	1,50	1,50	1,50	1,78	1,78	-
mass product system: container, cap & label	[g]	27,93	27,93	27,93	21,95	21,95	21,95	425,80	498,97	33,00
secondary packaging / sales packaging	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	HDPE	rHDPE 50%	rHDPE 100%	Glass OW	Glass MW	Carton
container per tray/box	[pieces]	12	12	12	12	12	12	6	6	12
mass materials single use	[g]	150,28	150,28	150,28	140,20	140,20	140,20	165,20	0,20	122,20
mass materials multiple use	[g]	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.200,00	-	-
tertiary packaging / transport packaging per palette	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	HDPE	rHDPE 50%	rHDPE 100%	Glass OW	Glass MW	Carton
container per palette	[pieces]	864	864	864	864	864	864	408	306	624
mass materials single use	[g]	2.967	2.967	2.967	3.352	3.352	3.352	172	172	172
mass materials multiple use	[g]	24.000	24.000	24.000	24.000	24.000	24.000	24.000	25.200	24.000
delivery to retailer	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	HDPE	rHDPE 50%	rHDPE 100%	Glass OW	Glass MW	Carton
mass for transport total	[kg]	24.074	24.074	24.074	23.931	23.931	23.931	20.365	17.954	22.279
delivery step 1 outbound	[km]	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150
delivery step 1 inbound	[km]	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150
delivery step 2 outbound	[km]	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
delivery step 2 inbound	[km]	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
delivery total	[km]	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400
cooling lorry needed (1 = yes)	[-]	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
waste management	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	HDPE	rHDPE 50%	rHDPE 100%	Glass OW	Glass MW	Carton
allocation benefit recycling	[%]	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%



Analysed bottles for juice 1,0 l

➤ Folgende Gebinde werden analysiert:

PET OW	PET MW	HDPE	PP	Pouch	Glass OW	Glass MW	ALU can	FE can	Carton
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Input data

Juice 1,0 l



juice 1,0 l	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	Glass OW	Glass MW	Carton
volume	[ml]	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
cycles	[-]	1	1	1	1	20	1
mass of container	[g]	28,26	28,26	28,26	516,20	637,00	33,67
material cap	[-]	HDPE	HDPE	HDPE	Alu	Alu	HDPE
mass cap	[g]	3,00	3,00	3,00	1,33	1,18	3,91
material label	[-]	PP	PP	PP	paper	paper	no label
mass label	[g]	1,31	1,31	1,31	1,71	4,80	-
mass product system: container, cap & label	[g]	32,57	32,57	32,57	519,24	642,98	37,58
secondary packaging / sales packaging	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	Glass OW	Glass MW	Carton
container per tray/box	[pieces]	6	6	6	6	8	10
mass materials single use	[g]	16,50	16,50	16,50	-	-	160,00
mass materials multiple use	[g]	-	-	-	2.000,00	2.000,00	-
tertiary packaging / transport packaging per palette	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	Glass OW	Glass MW	Carton
container per palette	[pieces]	792	792	792	384	384	840
mass materials single use	[g]	3.201	3.201	3.201	2.000	-	3.651
mass materials multiple use	[g]	24.000	24.000	24.000	26.000	26.000	24.000
delivery to retailer	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	Glass OW	Glass MW	Carton
mass for transport total	[kg]	23.721	23.721	23.721	23.596	24.029	23.729
delivery step 1 outbound	[km]	250	250	250	250	250	250
delivery step 1 inbound	[km]	50	50	50	50	250	50
delivery step 2 outbound	[km]	50	50	50	50	50	50
delivery step 2 inbound	[km]	50	50	50	50	50	50
delivery total	[km]	400	400	400	400	600	400
cooling lorry needed (1 = yes)	[-]	0	0	0	0	0	0
waste management	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	Glass OW	Glass MW	Carton
allocation benefit recycling	[%]	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%

Analysed bottles for beer 1,0 l

PET OW	PET MW	HDPE	PP	Pouch	Glass OW	Glass MW	ALU can	FE can	Carton
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Input data

Beer 0,5 l



beer 0,5 l	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	Glass OW	Glass MW	ALU can
volume	[ml]	500	500	500	500	500	500
cycles	[-]	1	1	1	1	30	1
mass of container	[g]	31,20	31,20	31,20	278,00	374,00	12,80
material cap	[-]	HDPE	HDPE	HDPE	Tinplate	Tinplate	Alu
mass cap	[g]	2,30	2,30	2,30	2,20	2,20	2,50
material label	[-]	paper	paper	paper	paper	paper	no label
mass label	[g]	1,50	1,50	1,50	1,50	1,50	-
mass product system: container, cap & label	[g]	35,00	35,00	35,00	281,70	377,70	15,30
secondary packaging / sales packaging	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	Glass OW	Glass MW	ALU can
container per tray/box	[pieces]	18	18	18	24	20	24
mass materials single use	[g]	20,50	20,50	20,50	340,42	-	106,28
mass materials multiple use	[g]	-	-	-	-	1.860,00	-
tertiary packaging / transport packaging per palette	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	Glass OW	Glass MW	ALU can
container per palette	[pieces]	1.296	1.296	1.296	1.080	800	1.728
mass materials single use	[g]	3.451	3.451	3.451	2.951	1	3.451
mass materials multiple use	[g]	24.000	24.000	24.000	24.000	25.860	24.000
delivery to retailer	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	Glass OW	Glass MW	ALU can
mass for transport total	[kg]	18.779	18.779	18.779	23.049	20.815	24.064
delivery step 1 outbound	[km]	200	200	200	200	200	200
delivery step 1 inbound	[km]	40	40	40	40	200	40
delivery step 2 outbound	[km]	50	50	50	50	50	50
delivery step 2 inbound	[km]	50	50	50	50	50	50
delivery total	[km]	340	340	340	340	500	340
cooling lorry needed (1 = yes)	[-]	0	0	0	0	0	0
waste management	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	Glass OW	Glass MW	ALU can
allocation benefit recycling	[%]	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%

Analysed bottles for Carbonated Soft Drinks (CSD) 0,5 l

PET OW	PET MW	HDPE	PP	Pouch	Glass OW	Glass MW	ALU can	FE can	Carton
									

Input data

Carbonated Soft Drinks (CSD) 0,5 l



c7-consult
sustainable performance

CSD 0,5 l	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	PET MW	rPET 50% MW	rPET 100% MW	Glass OW	Glass MW	ALU can
volume	[ml]	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500
cycles	[-]	1	1	1	20	20	20	1	30	1
mass of container	[g]	20,76	20,76	20,76	45,00	45,00	45,00	335,00	385,00	12,80
material cap	[-]	HDPE	HDPE	HDPE	HDPE	HDPE	HDPE	Alu	Alu	Alu
mass cap	[g]	2,18	2,18	2,18	3,00	3,00	3,00	1,50	1,50	2,65
material label	[-]	PP	PP	PP	PET	PET	PET	paper	paper	no label
mass label	[g]	0,28	0,28	0,28	0,30	0,30	0,30	1,50	1,50	-
mass product system: container, cap & label	[g]	23,22	23,22	23,22	48,30	48,30	48,30	338,00	388,00	15,45
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secondary packaging / sales packaging	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	PET MW	rPET 50% MW	rPET 100% MW	Glass OW	Glass MW	ALU can
container per tray/box	[pieces]	12	12	12	12	12	12	6	20	24
mass materials single use	[g]	8,85	8,85	8,85	-	-	-	169,15	-	105,50
mass materials multiple use	[g]	-	-	-	1.750,00	1.750,00	1.750,00	-	2.000,00	-
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tertiary packaging / transport packaging per palette	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	PET MW	rPET 50% MW	rPET 100% MW	Glass OW	Glass MW	ALU can
container per palette	[pieces]	1.296	1.296	1.296	840	840	840	864	800	1.728
mass materials single use	[g]	3.451	3.451	3.451	1	1	1	3.451	1	3.451
mass materials multiple use	[g]	24.000	24.000	24.000	25.750	25.750	25.750	24.000	26.000	24.000
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delivery to retailer	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	PET MW	rPET 50% MW	rPET 100% MW	Glass OW	Glass MW	ALU can
mass for transport total	[kg]	18.369	18.369	18.369	15.784	15.784	15.784	20.172	21.174	24.069
delivery step 1 outbound	[km]	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250
delivery step 1 inbound	[km]	50	50	50	250	250	250	50	250	50
delivery step 2 outbound	[km]	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
delivery step 2 inbound	[km]	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
delivery total	[km]	400	400	400	600	600	600	400	600	400
cooling lorry needed (1 = yes)	[-]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
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waste management	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	PET MW	rPET 50% MW	rPET 100% MW	Glass OW	Glass MW	ALU can
allocation benefit recycling	[%]	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%

Analysed bottles for food jar 350 g

PET OW	PET MW	HDPE	PP	Pouch	Glass OW	Glass MW	ALU can	FE can	Carton
									
350 g		content			330 g			340 g	
350 ml		volume			310 ml			420 ml	

Input data

Food jar 350 ml



food jar 0,35 l	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	Glass OW	FE can
volume	[ml]	350	350	350	310	420
cycles	[-]	1	1	1	1	1
mass of container	[g]	19,19	19,19	19,19	162,66	46,05
material cap	[-]	PP	PP	PP	Tinplate	Tinplate
mass cap	[g]	9,54	9,54	9,54	11,50	10,02
material label	[-]	paper	paper	paper	paper	paper
mass label	[g]	1,00	1,00	1,00	0,80	1,78
mass product system: container, cap & label	[g]	29,73	29,73	29,73	174,96	57,85
secondary packaging / sales packaging	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	Glass OW	FE can
container per tray/box	[pieces]	6	6	6	6	6
mass materials single use	[g]	161,00	161,00	161,00	161,00	161,00
mass materials multiple use	[g]	-	-	-	-	-
tertiary packaging / transport packaging per palette	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	Glass OW	FE can
container per palette	[pieces]	1.920	1.920	1.920	1.680	1.824
mass materials single use	[g]	4.355	4.355	4.355	5.605	6.355
mass materials multiple use	[g]	24.000	24.000	24.000	24.000	24.000
delivery to retailer	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	Glass OW	FE can
mass for transport total	[kg]	21.033	21.033	21.033	23.125	24.723
delivery step 1 outbound	[km]	300	300	300	300	300
delivery step 1 inbound	[km]	60	60	60	60	60
delivery step 2 outbound	[km]	50	50	50	50	50
delivery step 2 inbound	[km]	50	50	50	50	50
delivery total	[km]	460	460	460	460	460
cooling lorry needed (1 = yes)	[-]	0	0	0	0	0
waste management	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	Glass OW	FE can
allocation benefit recycling	[%]	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%



Analysed bottles for ketchup 330 ml

PET OW	PET MW	HDPE	PP	Pouch	Glass OW	Glass MW	ALU can	FE can	Carton
									
330 g 300 ml 320 ml	348 g 300 ml 370 ml	250 g 250 ml 270 ml			342 g 300 ml 330 ml	content content volume			

Input data

Ketchup 330 ml



ketchup 0,3l	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	HDPE	rHDPE 50%	rHDPE 100%	PP	Glass OW
volume	[ml]	320	320	320	370	370	370	270	330
cycles	[-]	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
mass of container	[g]	21,85	21,85	21,85	25,45	25,45	25,45	22,21	191,09
material cap	[-]	PP	PP	PP	PP	PP	PP	PP	Tinplate
mass cap	[g]	3,39	3,39	3,39	6,93	6,93	6,93	4,60	3,17
material label	[-]	PP	PP	PP	PP	PP	PP	PP	paper
mass label	[g]	0,76	0,76	0,76	1,51	1,51	1,51	0,65	0,76
mass product system: container, cap & label	[g]	26,00	26,00	26,00	33,89	33,89	33,89	27,46	195,02
secondary packaging / sales packaging	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	HDPE	rHDPE 50%	rHDPE 100%	PP	Glass OW
container per tray/box	[pieces]	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
mass materials single use	[g]	134,00	134,00	134,00	134,00	134,00	134,00	134,00	138,00
mass materials multiple use	[g]	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
tertiary packaging / transport packaging per palette	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	HDPE	rHDPE 50%	rHDPE 100%	PP	Glass OW
container per palette	[pieces]	1.920	1.920	1.920	1.920	1.920	1.920	1.920	1.680
mass materials single use	[g]	6.757	6.757	6.757	6.757	6.757	6.757	6.751	7.350
mass materials multiple use	[g]	24.000	24.000	24.000	24.000	24.000	24.000	24.000	24.000
delivery to retailer	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	HDPE	rHDPE 50%	rHDPE 100%	PP	Glass OW
mass for transport total	[kg]	19.187	19.187	19.187	22.077	22.077	22.077	16.764	24.753
delivery step 1 outbound	[km]	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300
delivery step 1 inbound	[km]	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60
delivery step 2 outbound	[km]	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
delivery step 2 inbound	[km]	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
delivery total	[km]	460	460	460	460	460	460	460	460
cooling lorry needed (1 = yes)	[-]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
waste management	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	HDPE	rHDPE 50%	rHDPE 100%	PP	Glass OW
allocation benefit recycling	[%]	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%

Analysed bottles for liquid detergent 1,5 l

PET OW	PET MW	HDPE	PP	Pouch	Glass OW	Glass MW	ALU can	FE can	Carton
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1,5 |

1,5 |

1,5 |

1,8 |

volume

Input data

Liquid Detergent 1,5 l



detergent 1,5 l	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	HDPE	rHDPE 50%	rHDPE 100%	PP	Pouch
volume	[ml]	1.500	1.500	1.500	1.500	1.500	1.500	1.500	1.800
cycles	[-]	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
mass of container	[g]	91,50	91,50	91,50	101,10	101,10	101,10	122,50	42,25
material cap	[-]	PP	PP	PP	PP	PP	PP	PP	HDPE
mass cap	[g]	9,30	9,30	9,30	6,90	6,90	6,90	25,40	3,80
material label	[-]	paper	paper	paper	paper	paper	paper	paper	no label
mass label	[g]	2,00	2,00	2,00	2,00	2,00	2,00	2,00	-
mass product system: container, cap & label	[g]	102,80	102,80	102,80	110,00	110,00	110,00	149,90	46,05
secondary packaging / sales packaging	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	HDPE	rHDPE 50%	rHDPE 100%	PP	Pouch
container per tray/box	[pieces]	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	5
mass materials single use	[g]	181,00	181,00	181,00	181,00	181,00	181,00	181,00	161,00
mass materials multiple use	[g]	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
tertiary packaging / transport packaging per palette	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	HDPE	rHDPE 50%	rHDPE 100%	PP	Pouch
container per palette	[pieces]	528	528	528	528	528	528	528	450
mass materials single use	[g]	5.158	5.158	5.158	5.158	5.158	5.158	5.151	4.351
mass materials multiple use	[g]	24.000	24.000	24.000	24.000	24.000	24.000	24.000	24.000
delivery to retailer	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	HDPE	rHDPE 50%	rHDPE 100%	PP	Pouch
mass for transport total	[kg]	23.383	23.383	23.383	23.481	23.481	23.481	24.029	22.713
delivery step 1 outbound	[km]	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300
delivery step 1 inbound	[km]	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
delivery step 2 outbound	[km]	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
delivery step 2 inbound	[km]	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
delivery total	[km]	430	430	430	430	430	430	430	430
cooling lorry needed (1 = yes)	[-]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
waste management	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	HDPE	rHDPE 50%	rHDPE 100%	PP	Pouch
allocation benefit recycling	[%]	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%

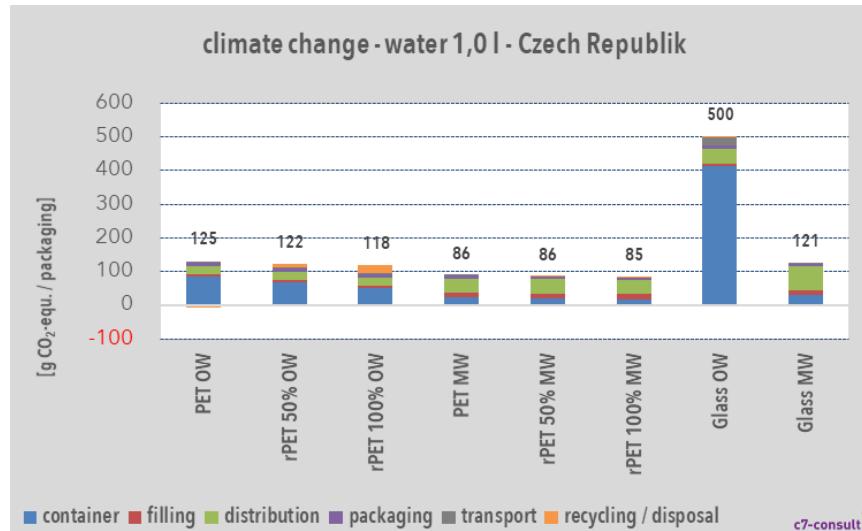


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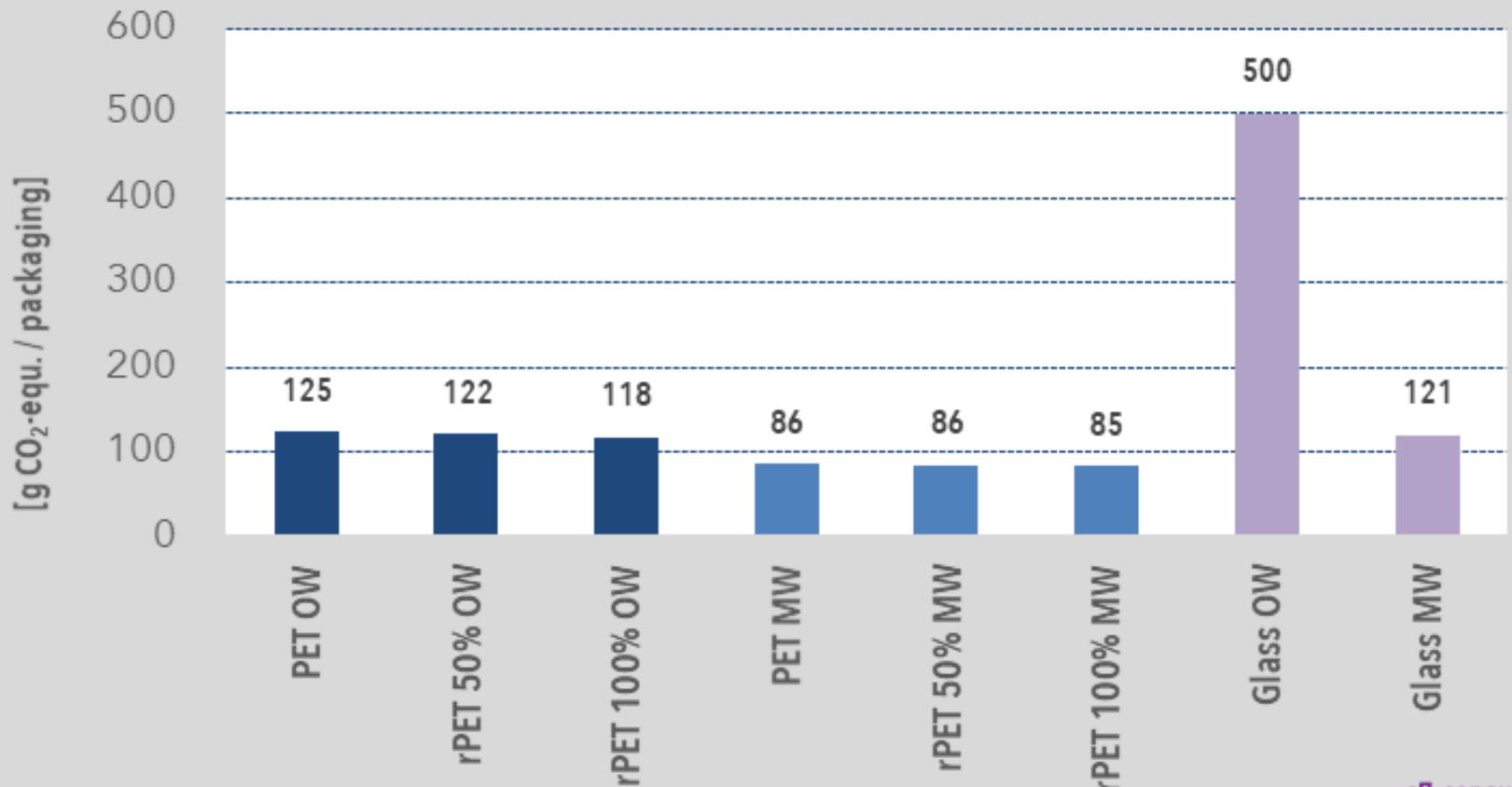
Results Water 1,0 l

➤ Results cover total life cycle

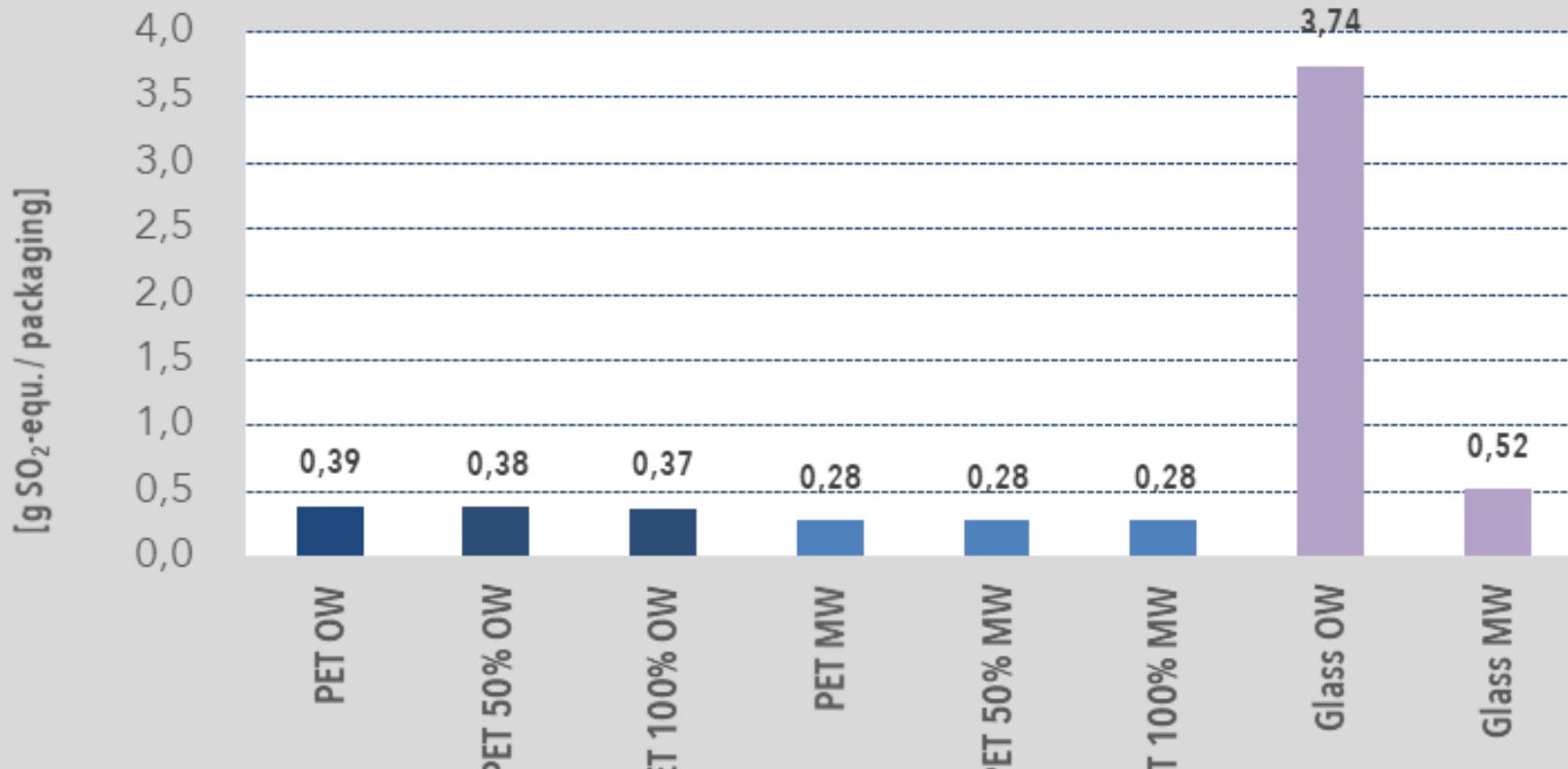
- **Bottle:** container, cap & label
- **Filling:** filling & washing of returnable bottles
- **Distribution:** delivery to retailer & back to bottler
- **Packaging:** secondary & tertiary packaging including recycling
- **Transport:** other transports like raw materials, container and cap to bottler, etc. as well as to recycling plants and final disposal
- **Recycling / disposal:** material and energetic recovery of container, cap and label in 1. recycling step and final disposal.



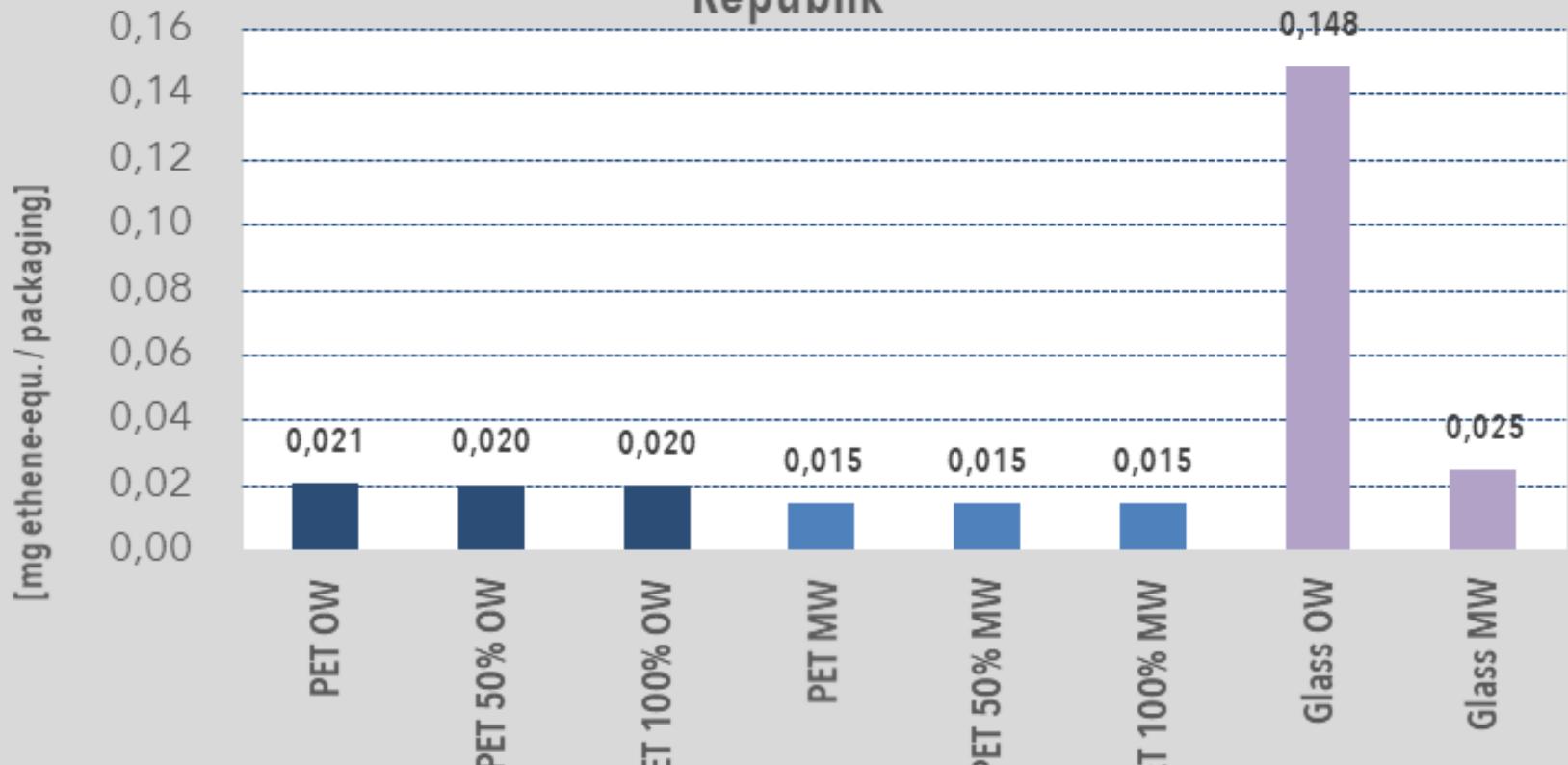
climate change - water 1,0 l - Czech Republik



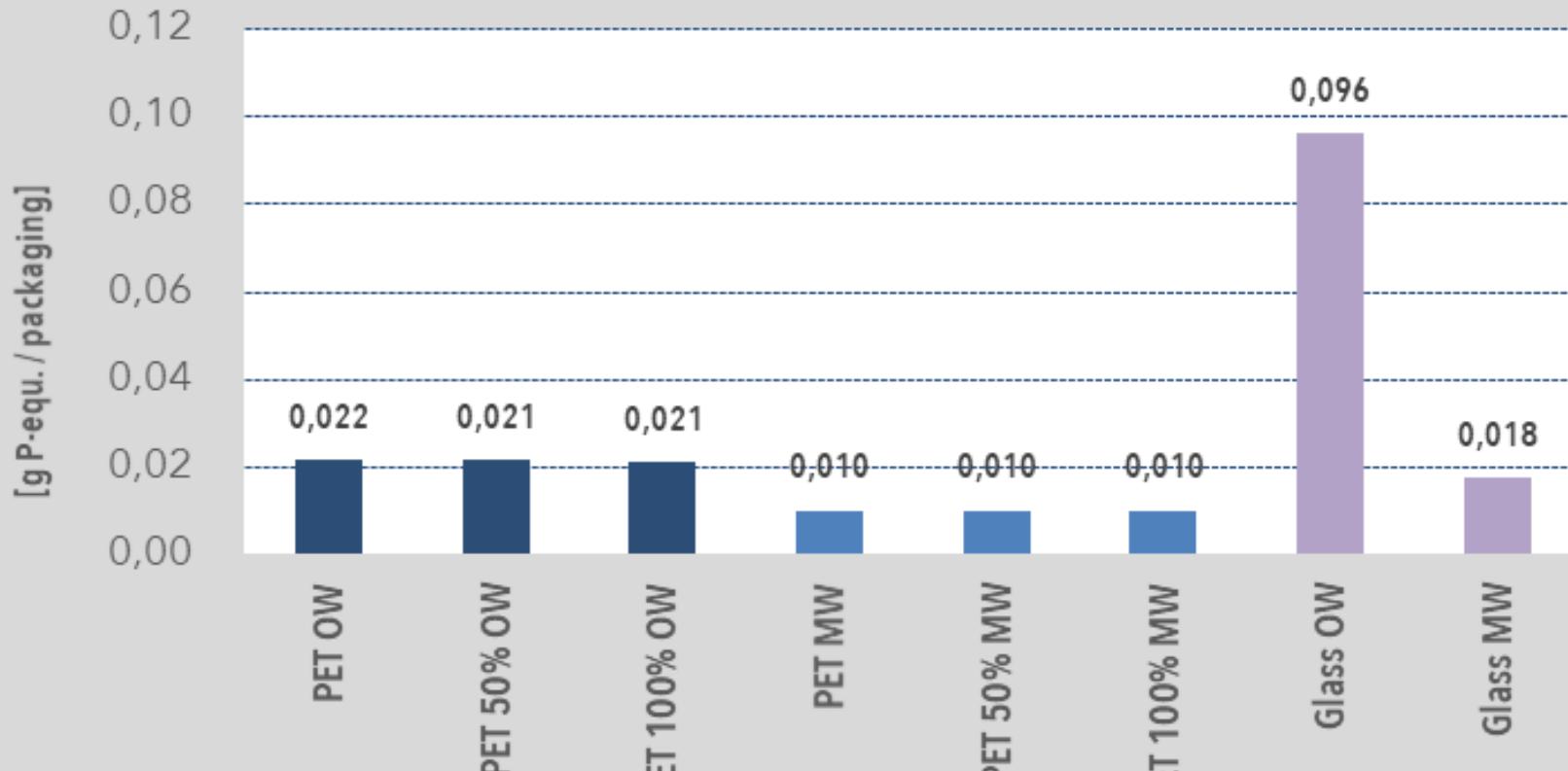
acidification potential - water 1,0 l - Czech Republik



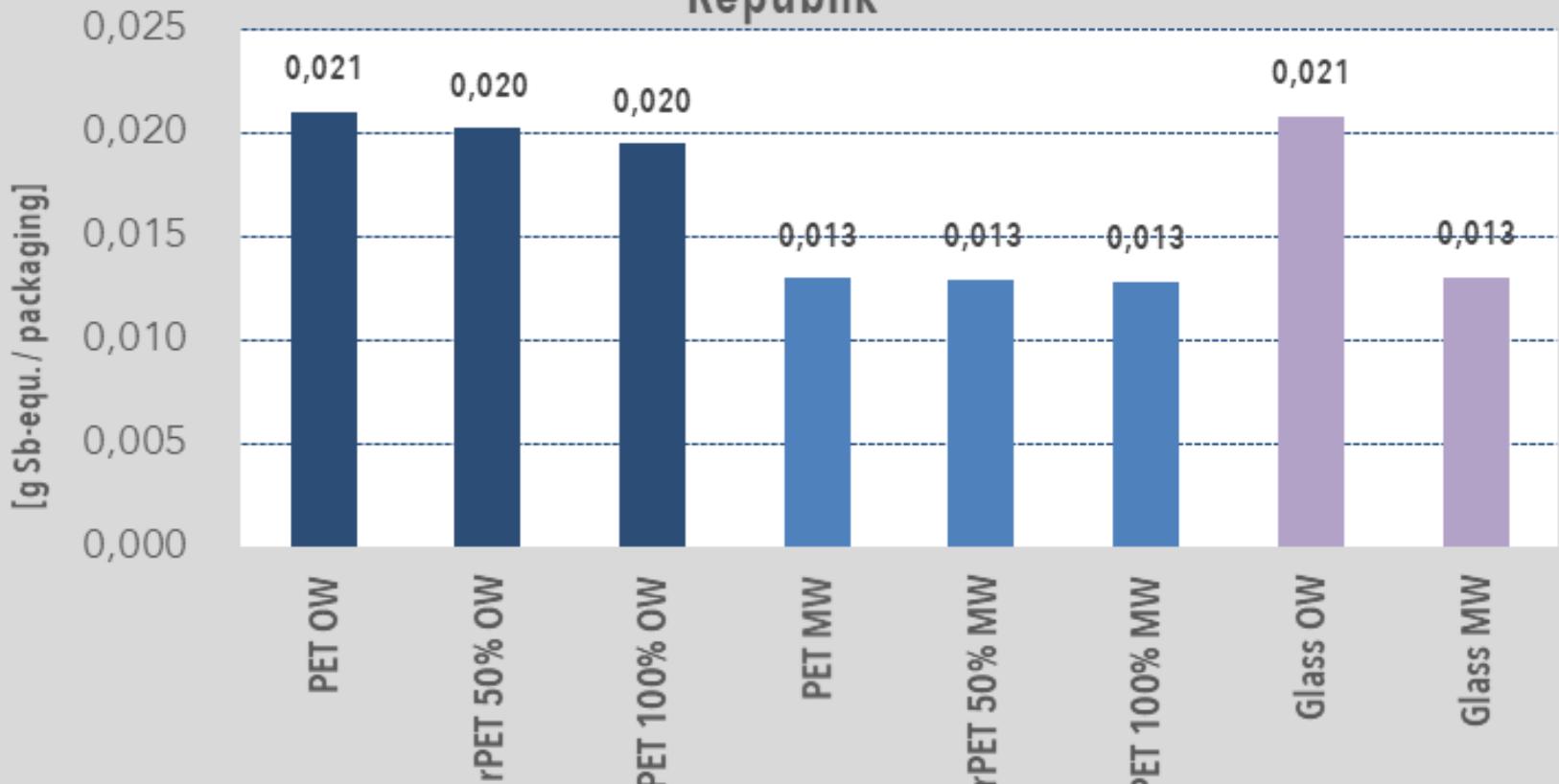
photochemical oxidation (summersmog) - water 1,0 l - Czech Republik



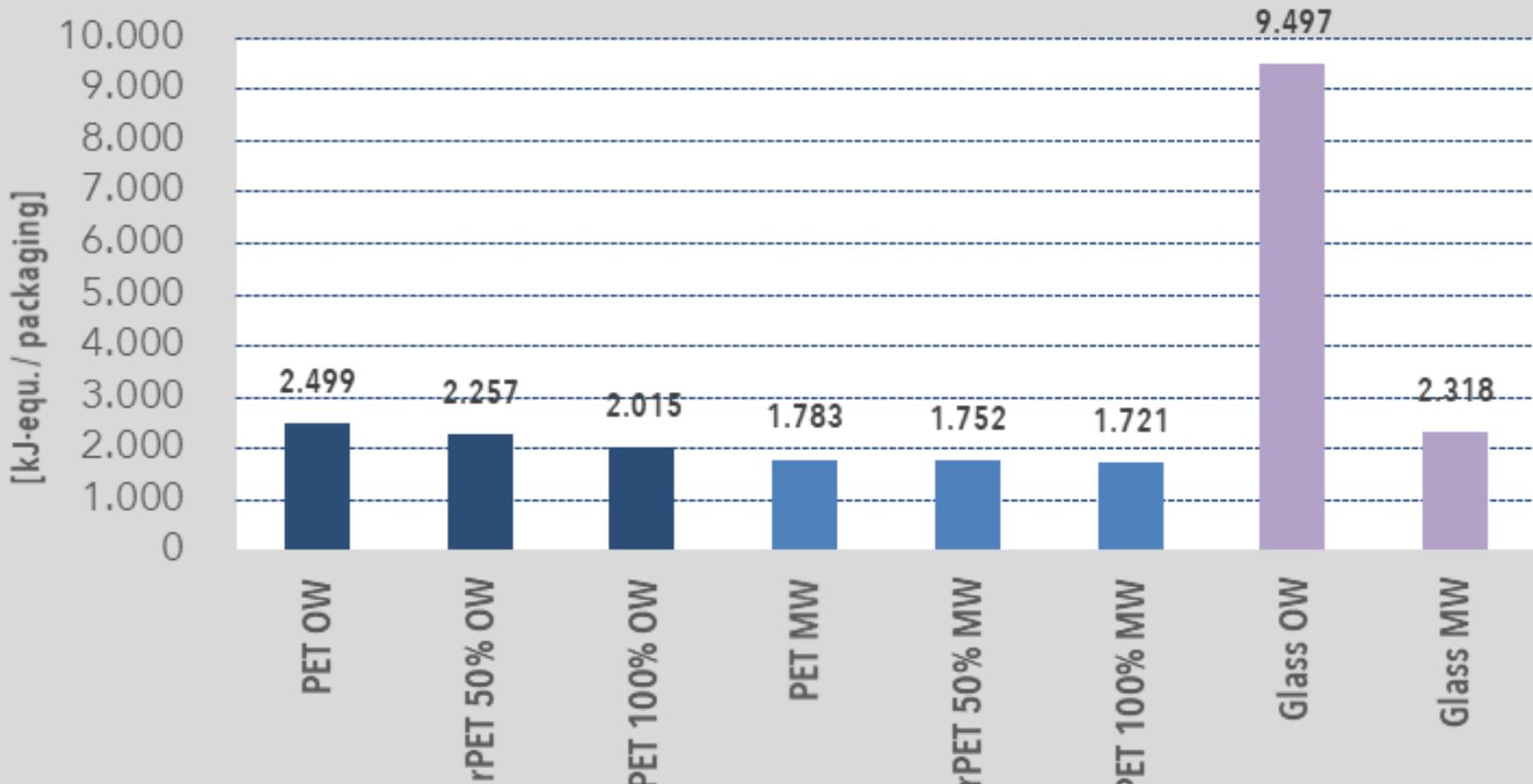
freshwater eutrophication - water 1,0 l - Czech Republik



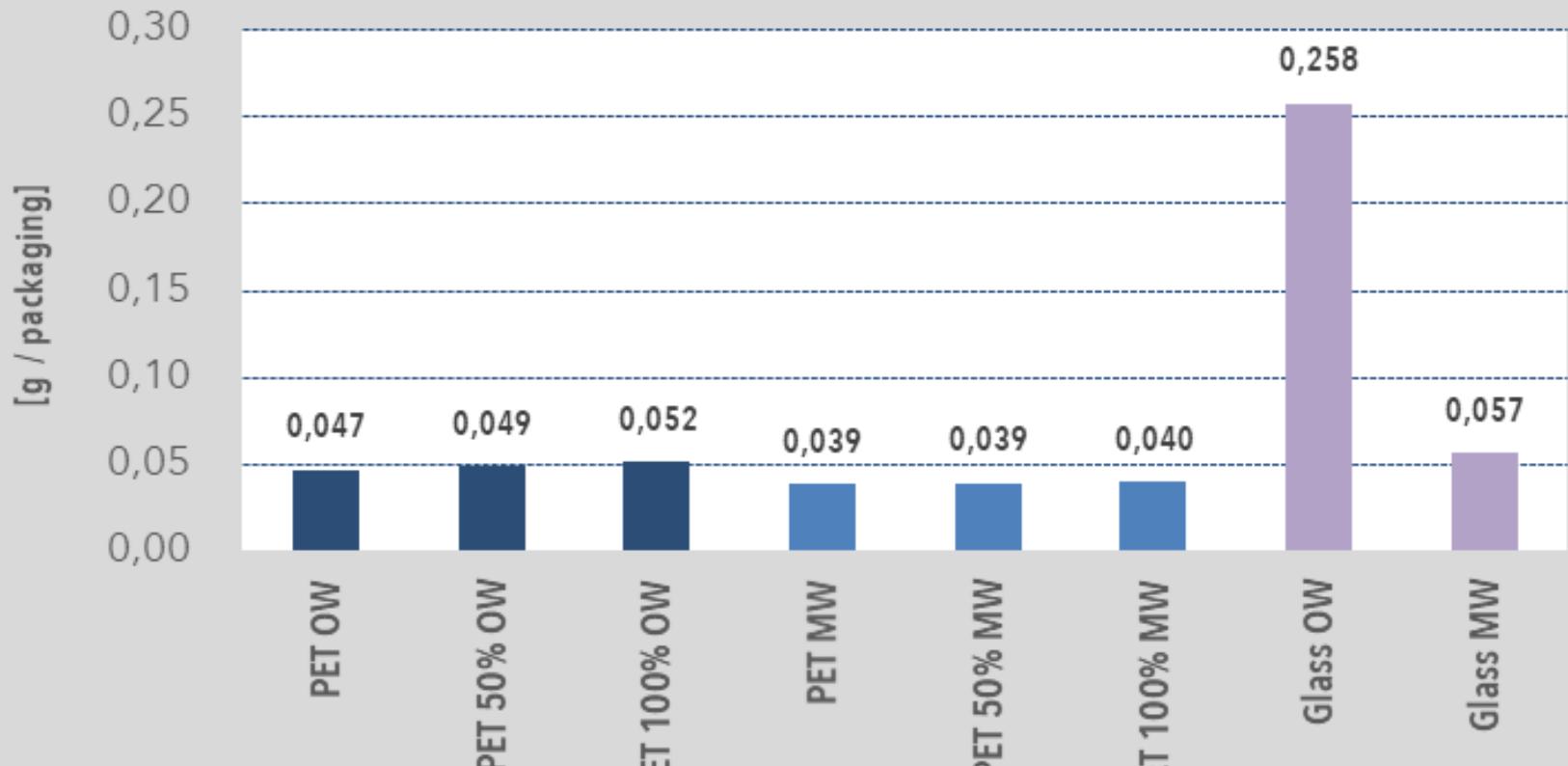
depletion of abiotic resources - elements - water 1,0 l - Czech Republik



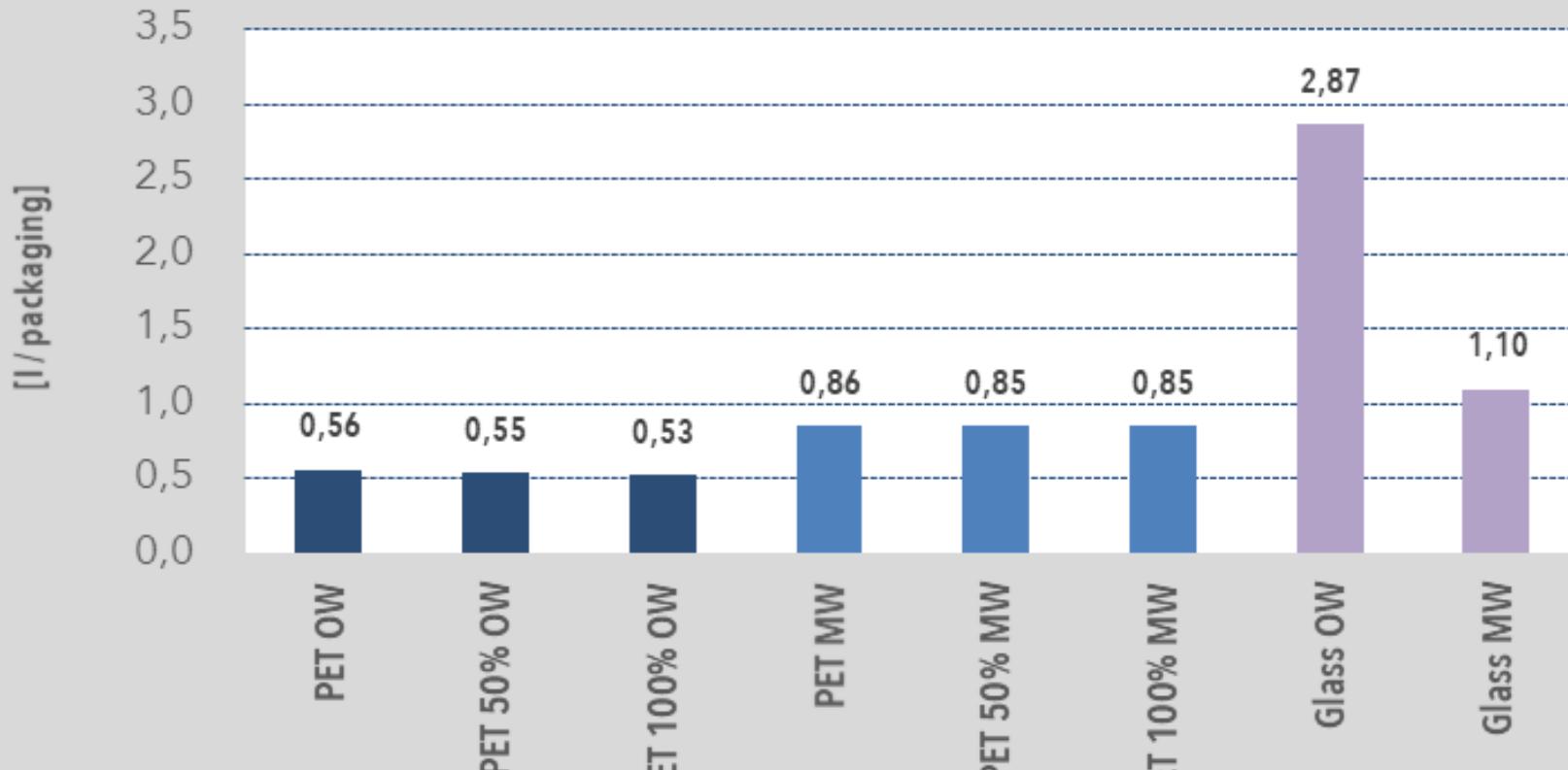
cumulative energy demand - water 1,0l - Czech Republik



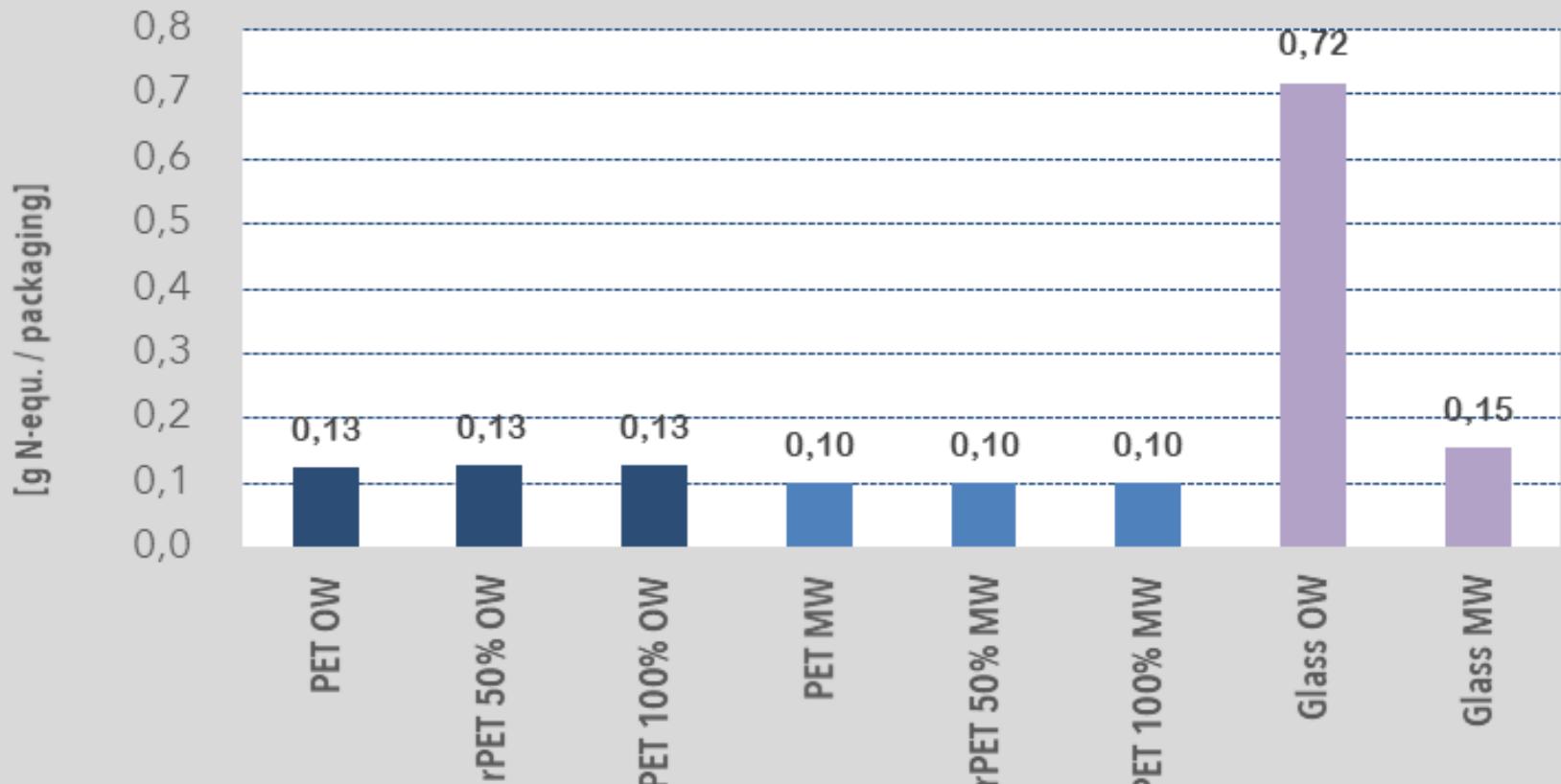
particulates < 2,5 µm - water 1,0 l - Czech Republik



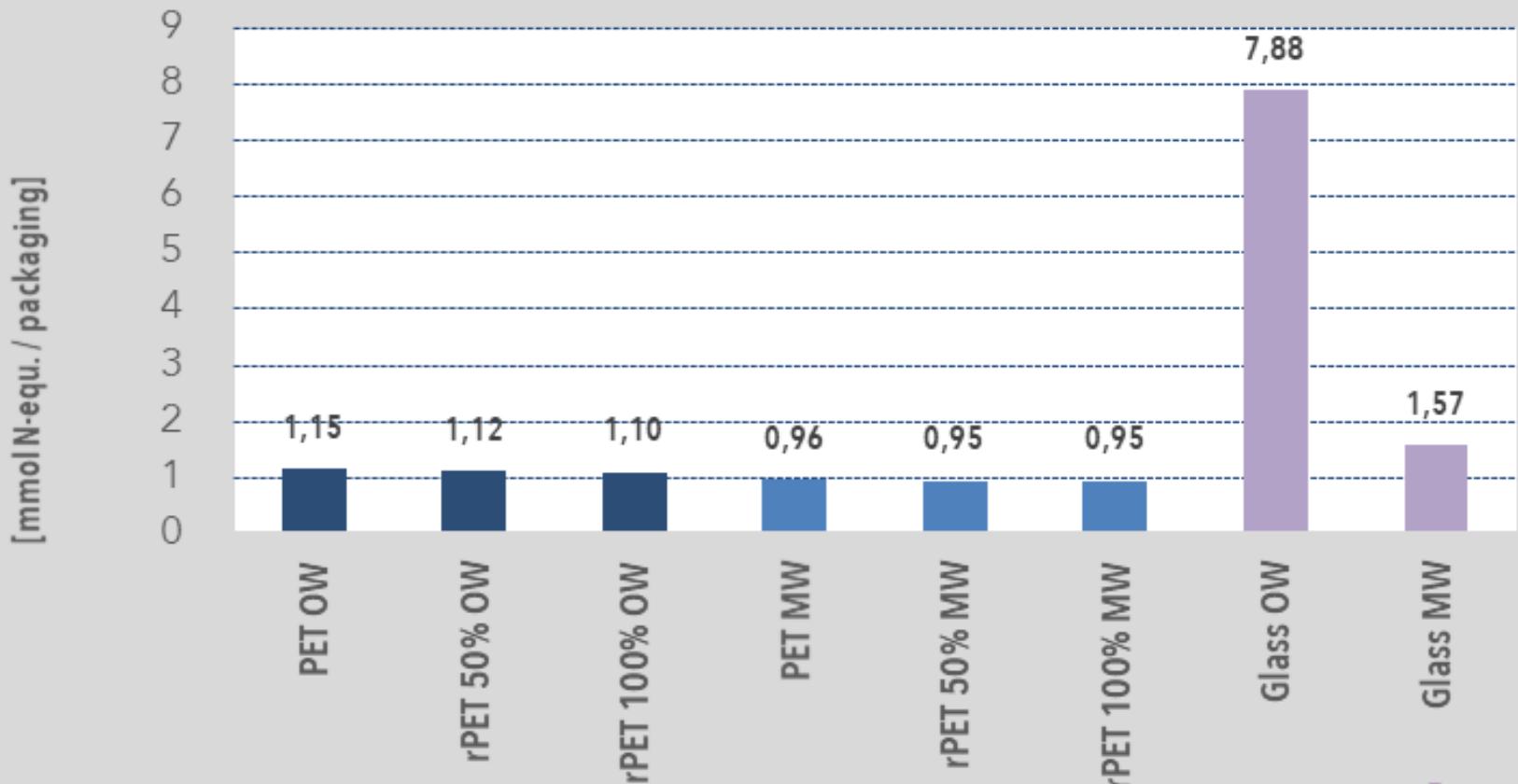
water - water 1,0 l - Czech Republik



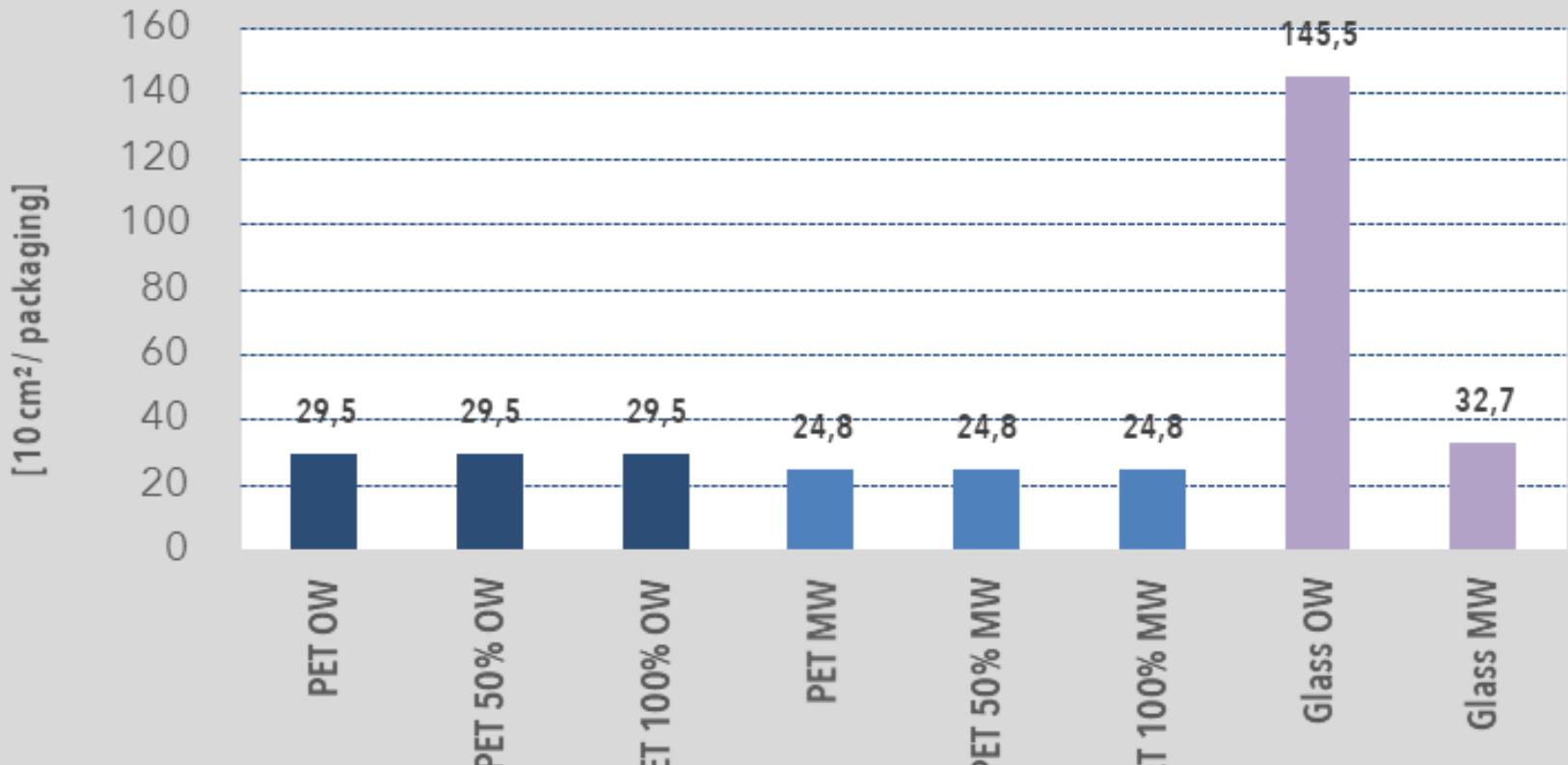
marine eutrophication - water 1,0 l - Czech Republik



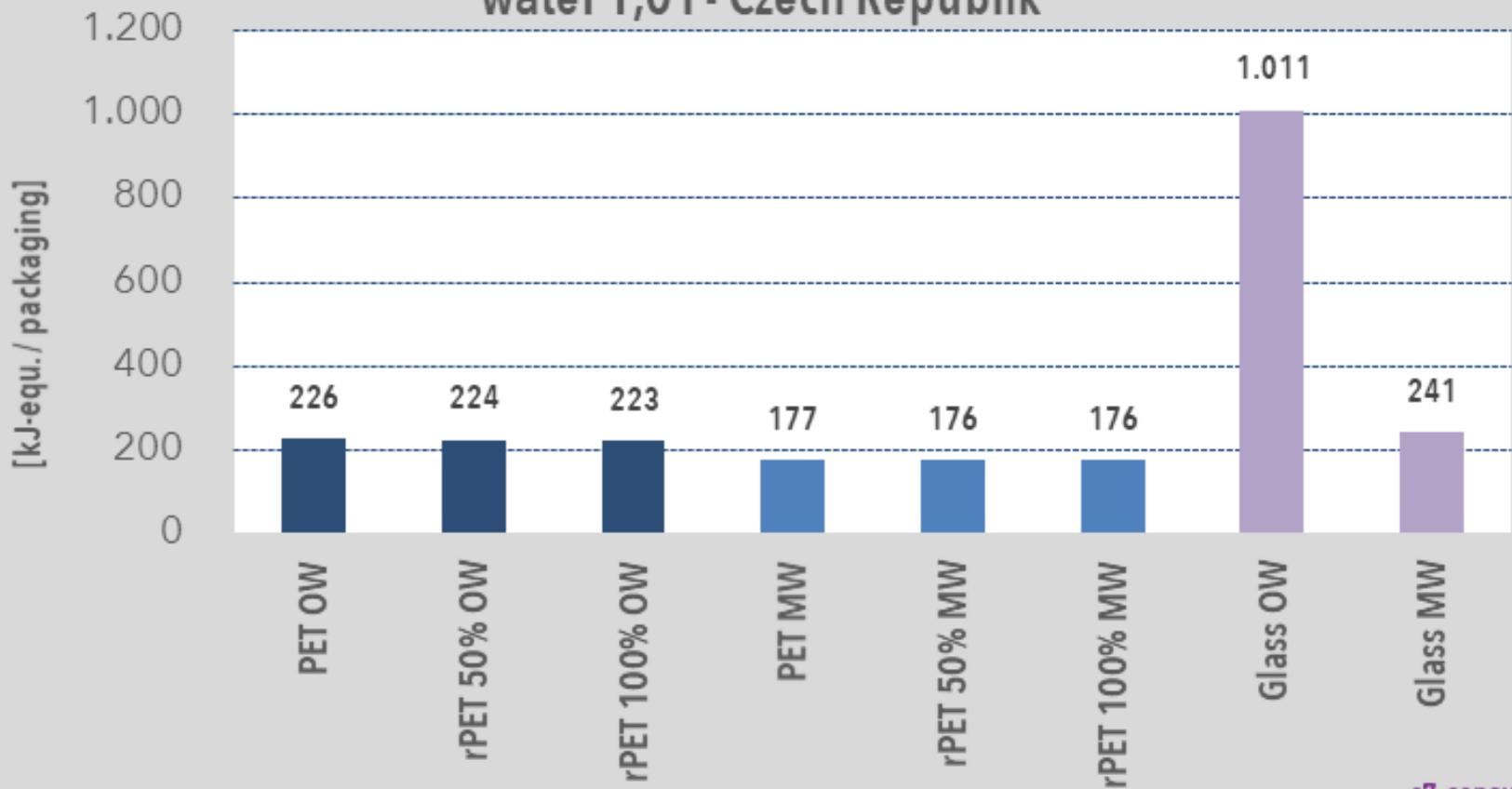
terrestrial eutrophication - water 1,0 l - Czech Republik



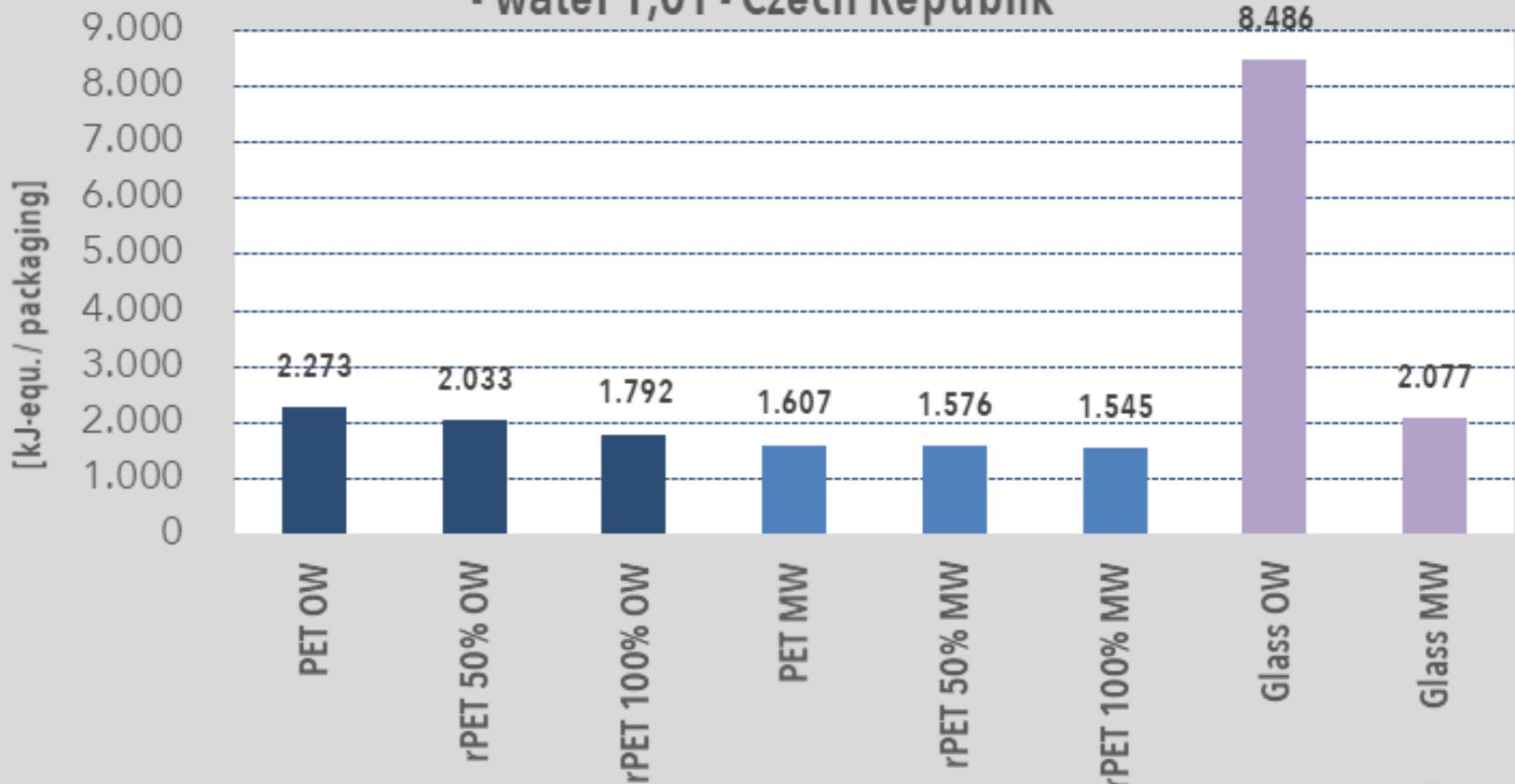
land use - water 1,0l - Czech Republik



cumulative energy demand - renewable energy resources - water 1,0 l - Czech Republik



cumulative energy demand -non-renewable energy resources - water 1,0 l - Czech Republik

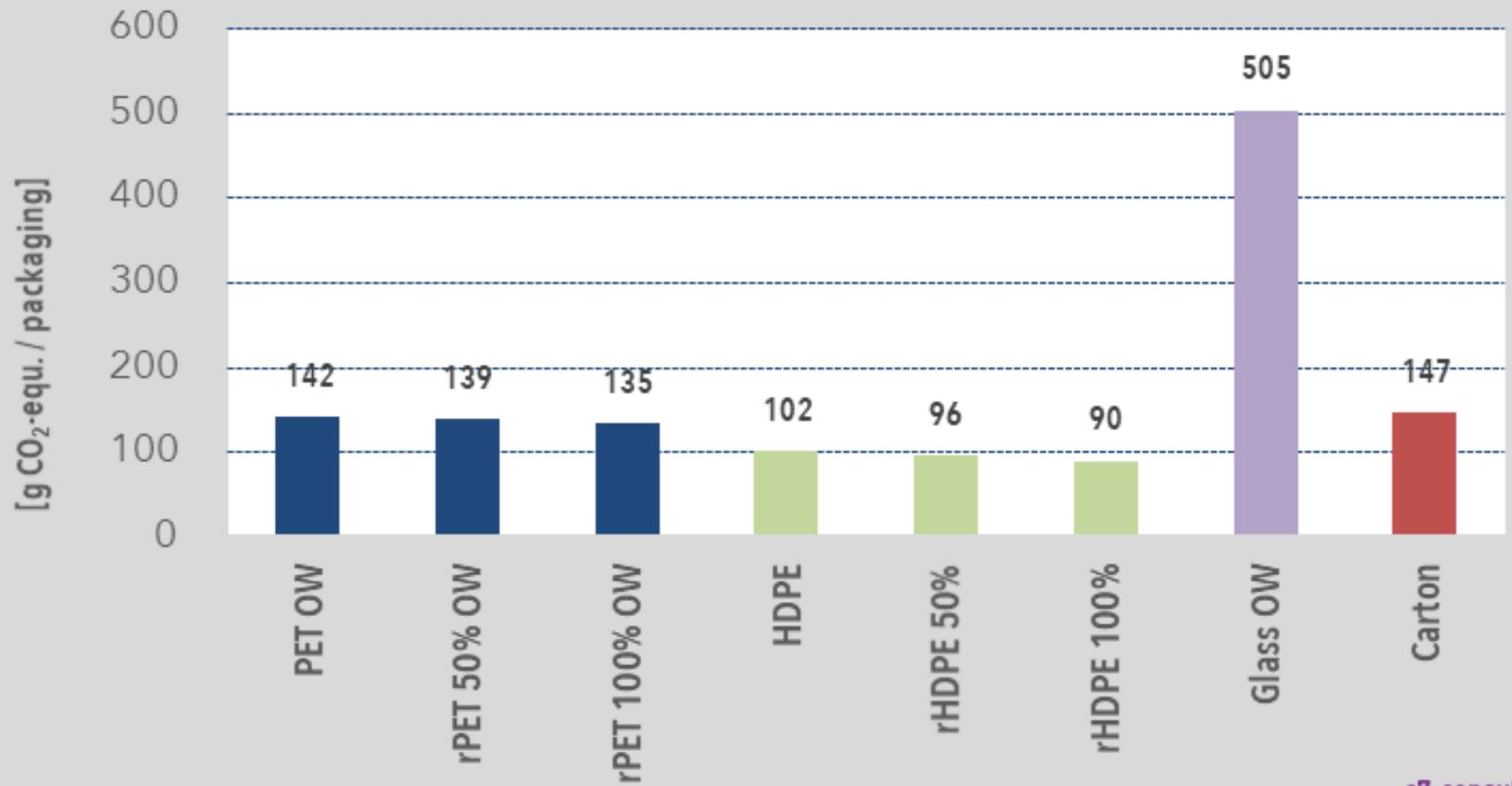




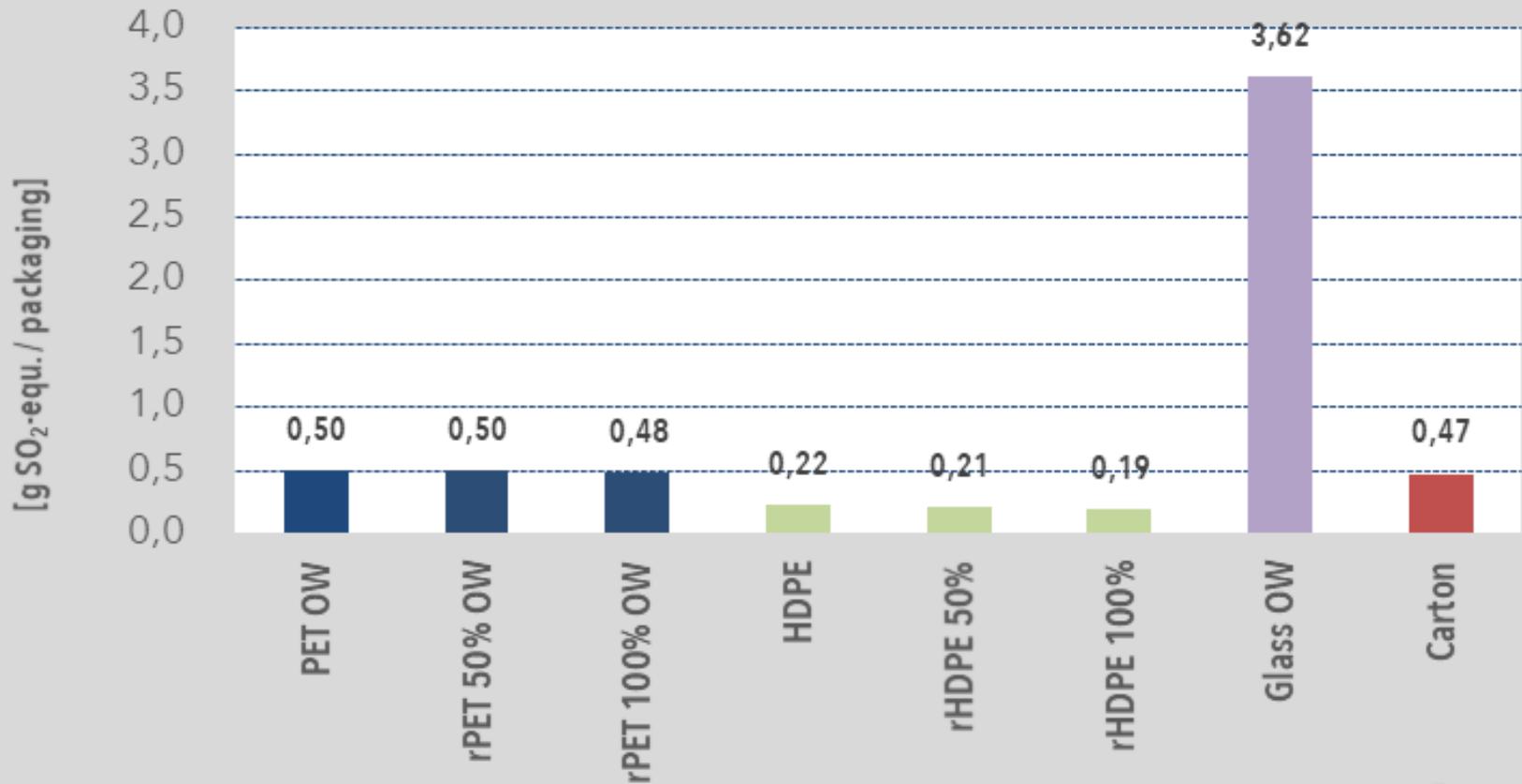
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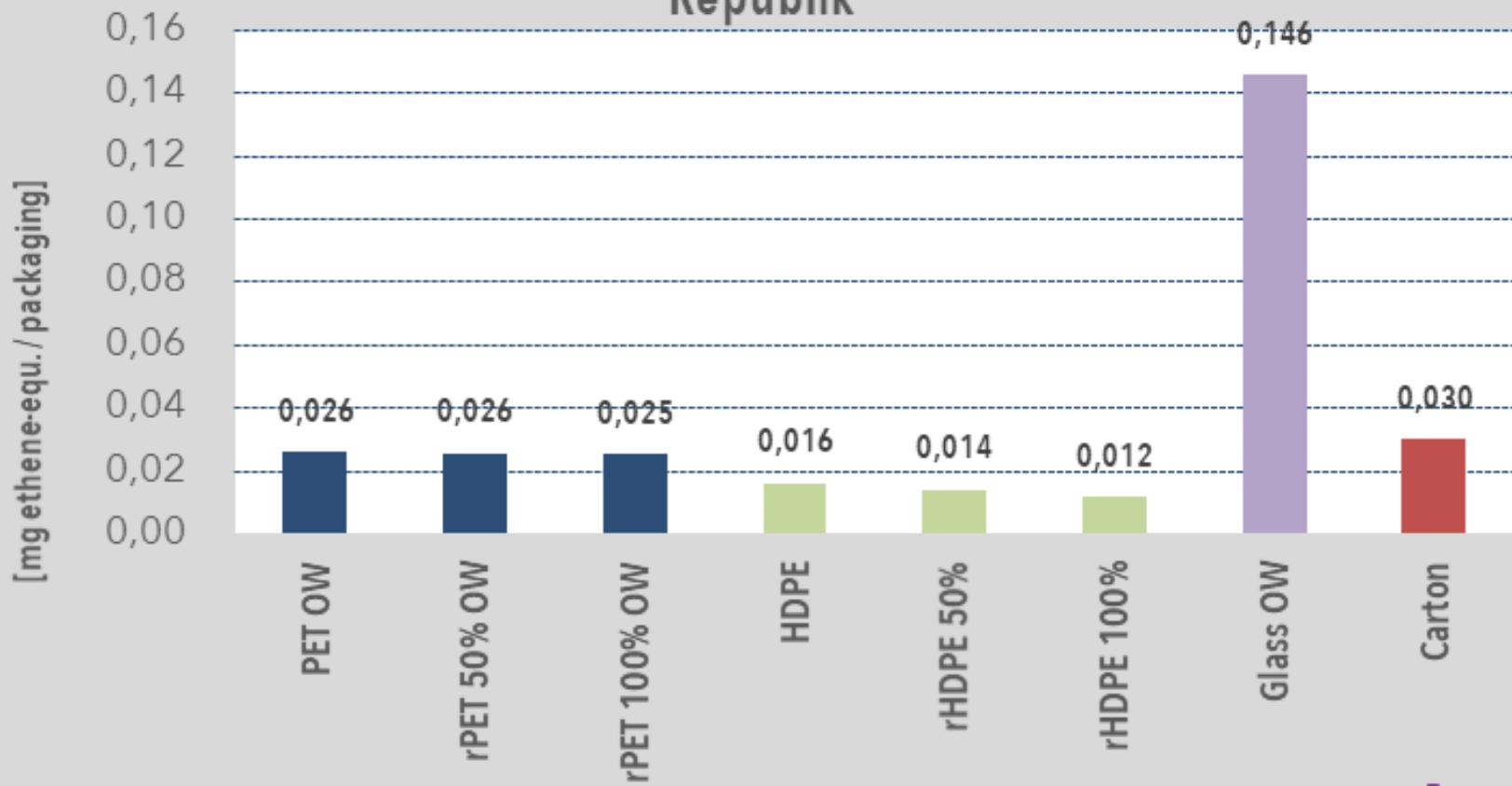
Results Milk 1,0 l

climate change - milk 1,0 l - Czech Republik

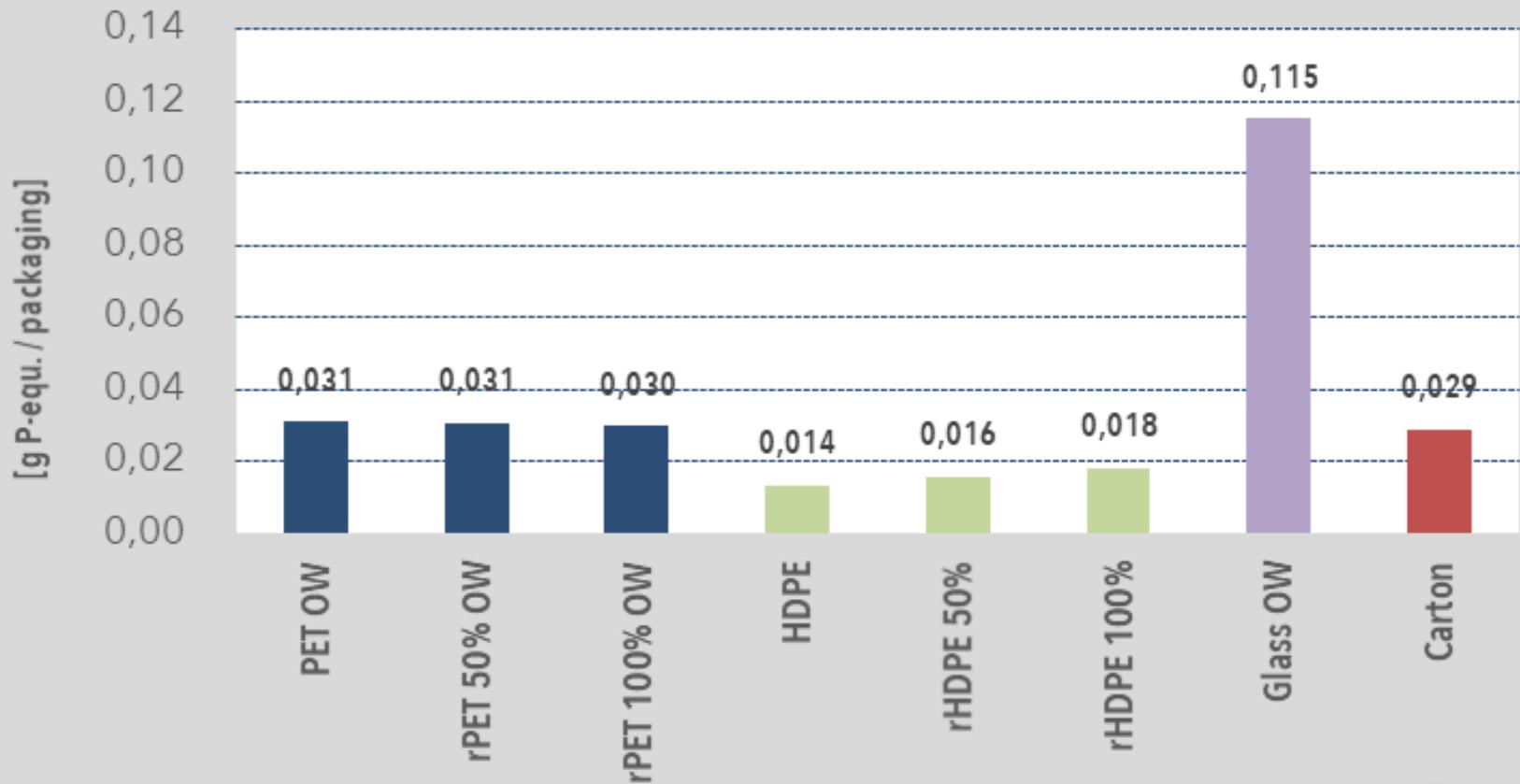


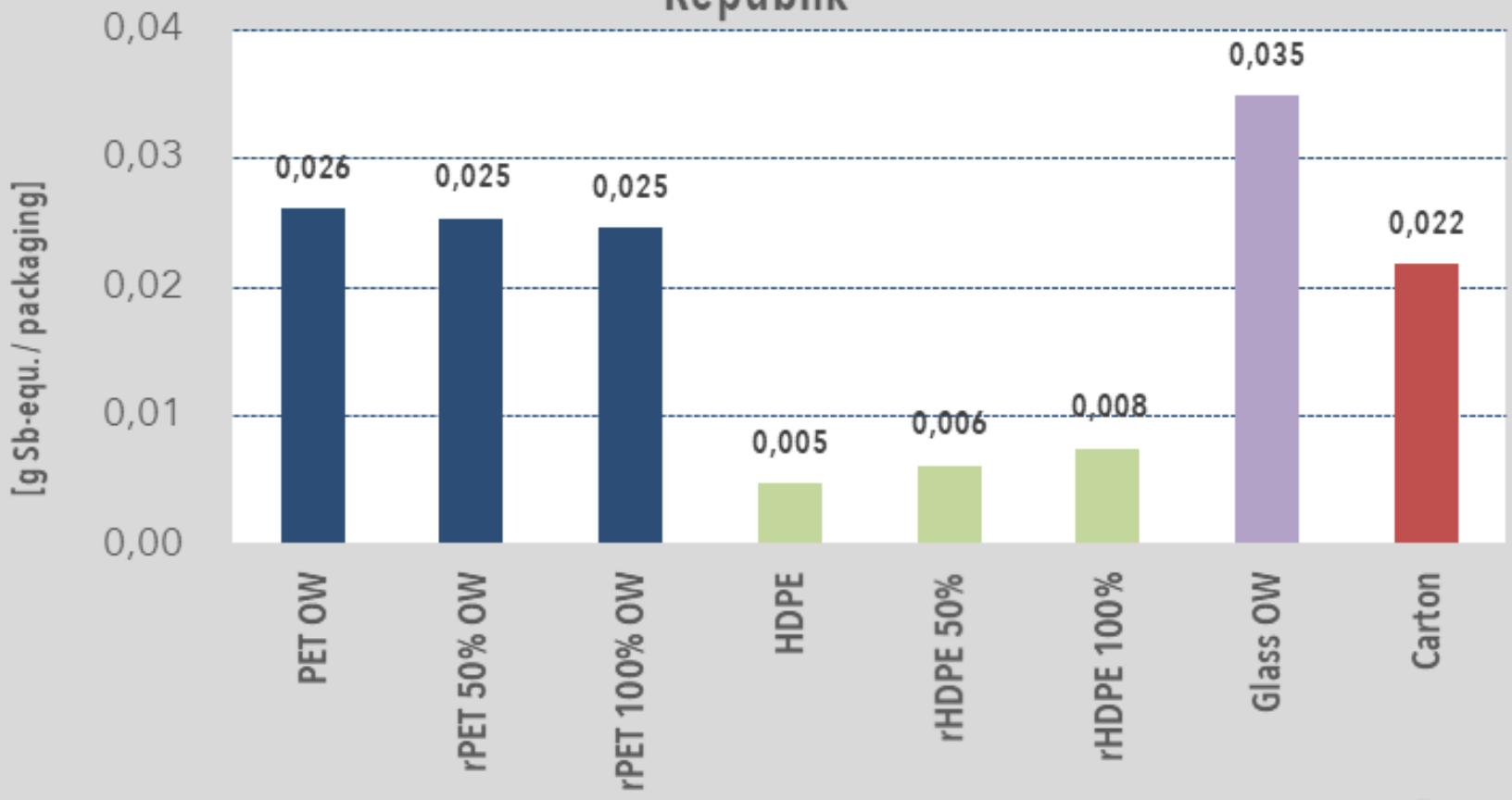
acidification potential - milk 1,0 l - Czech Republik



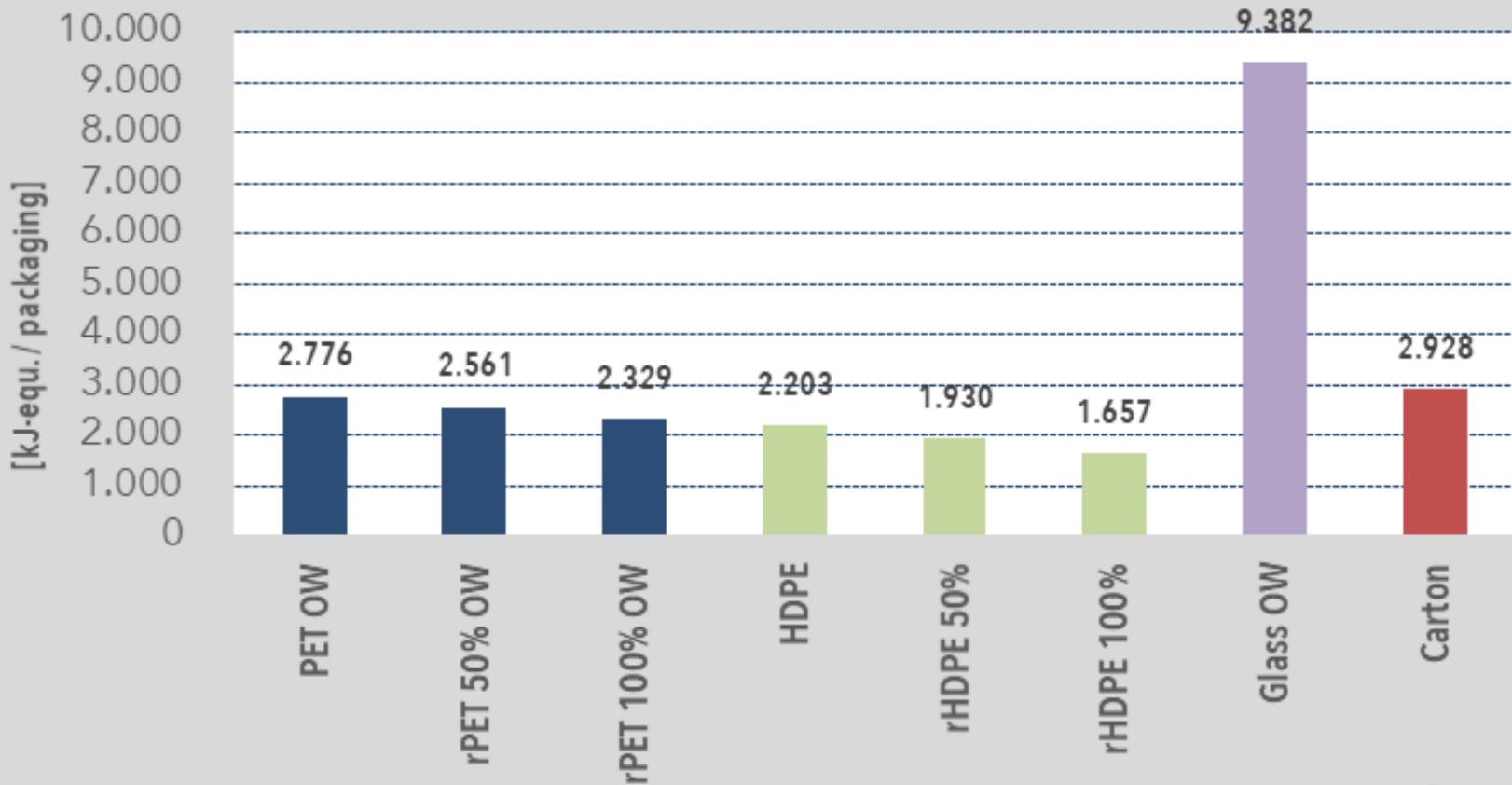
photochemical oxidation (summersmog)- milk 1,0 l - Czech
Republik

freshwater eutrophication - milk 1,0 l - Czech Republik

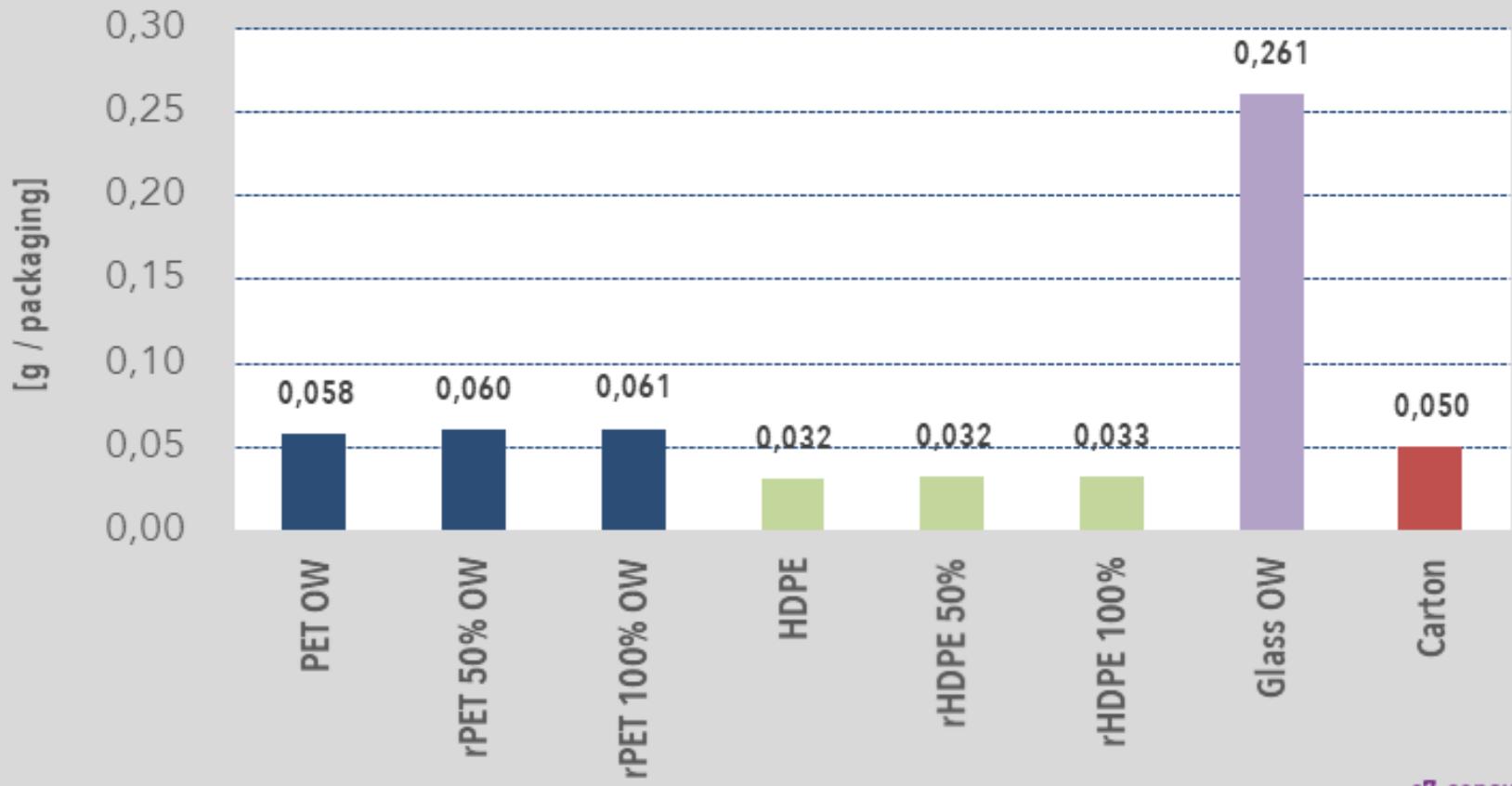


depletion of abiotic resources - elements - milk 1,0 l - Czech
Republik

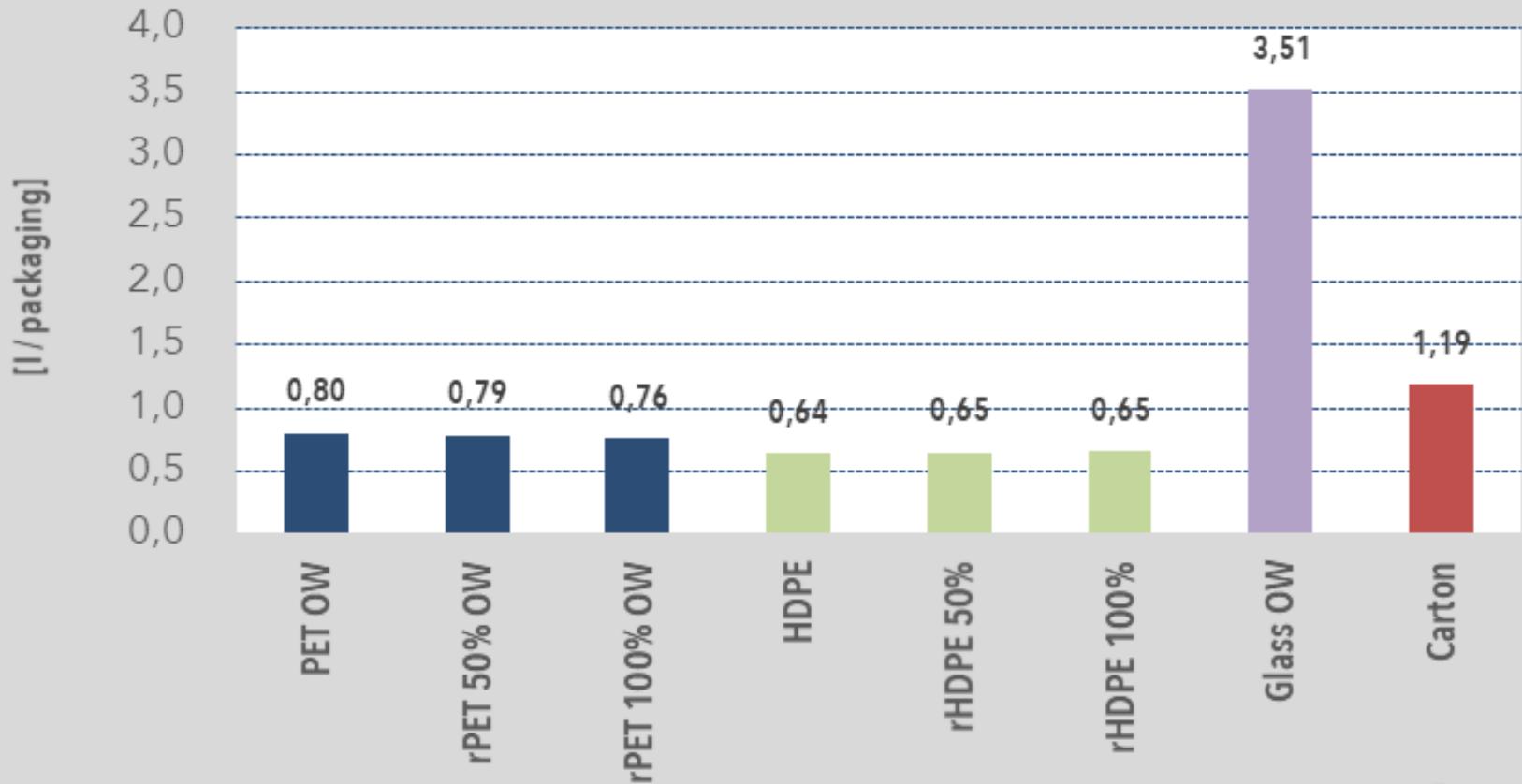
cumulative energy demand - milk 1,0 l - Czech Republik



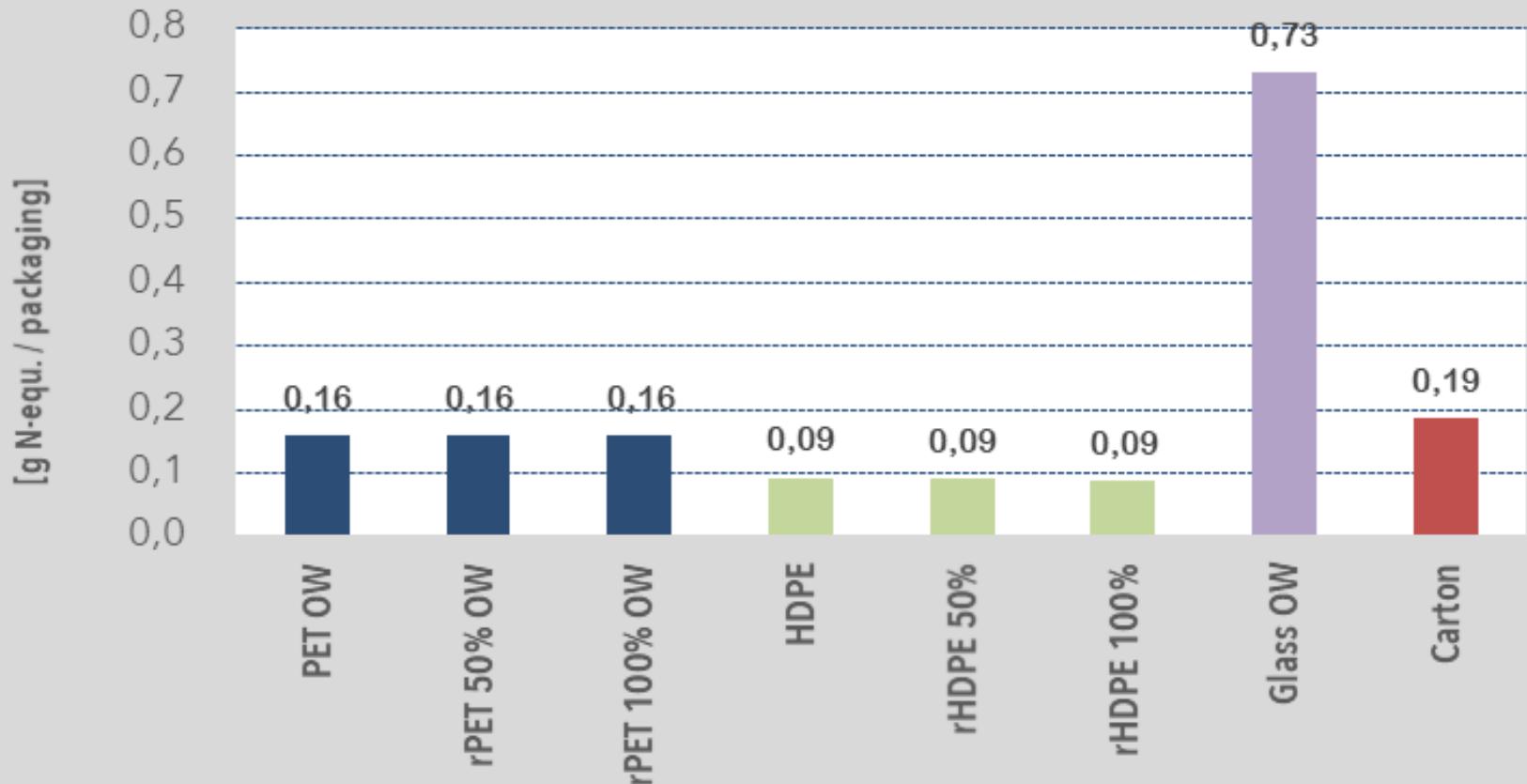
particulates < 2,5 µm - milk 1,0 l - Czech Republik



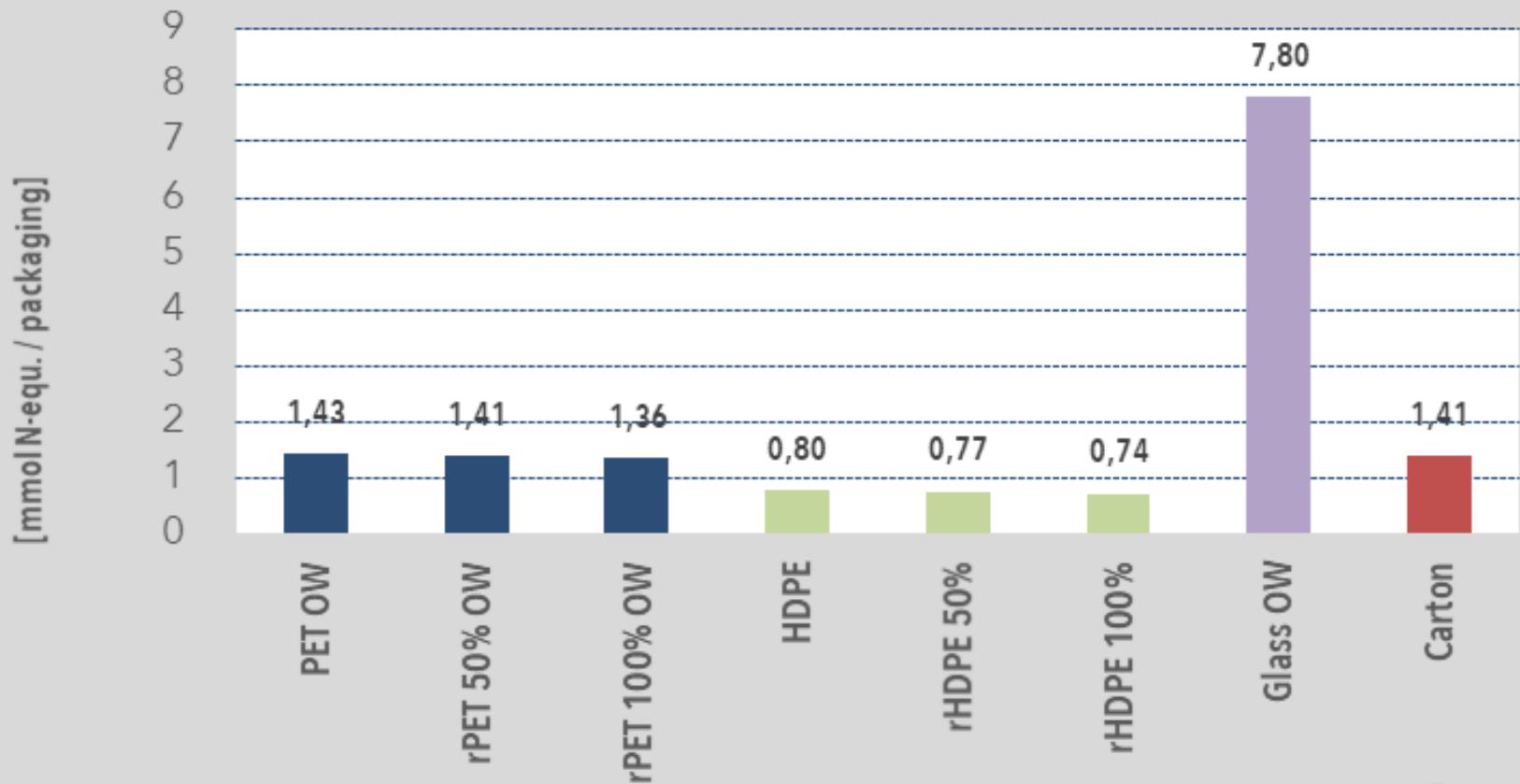
water-milk 1,0 l - Czech Republik



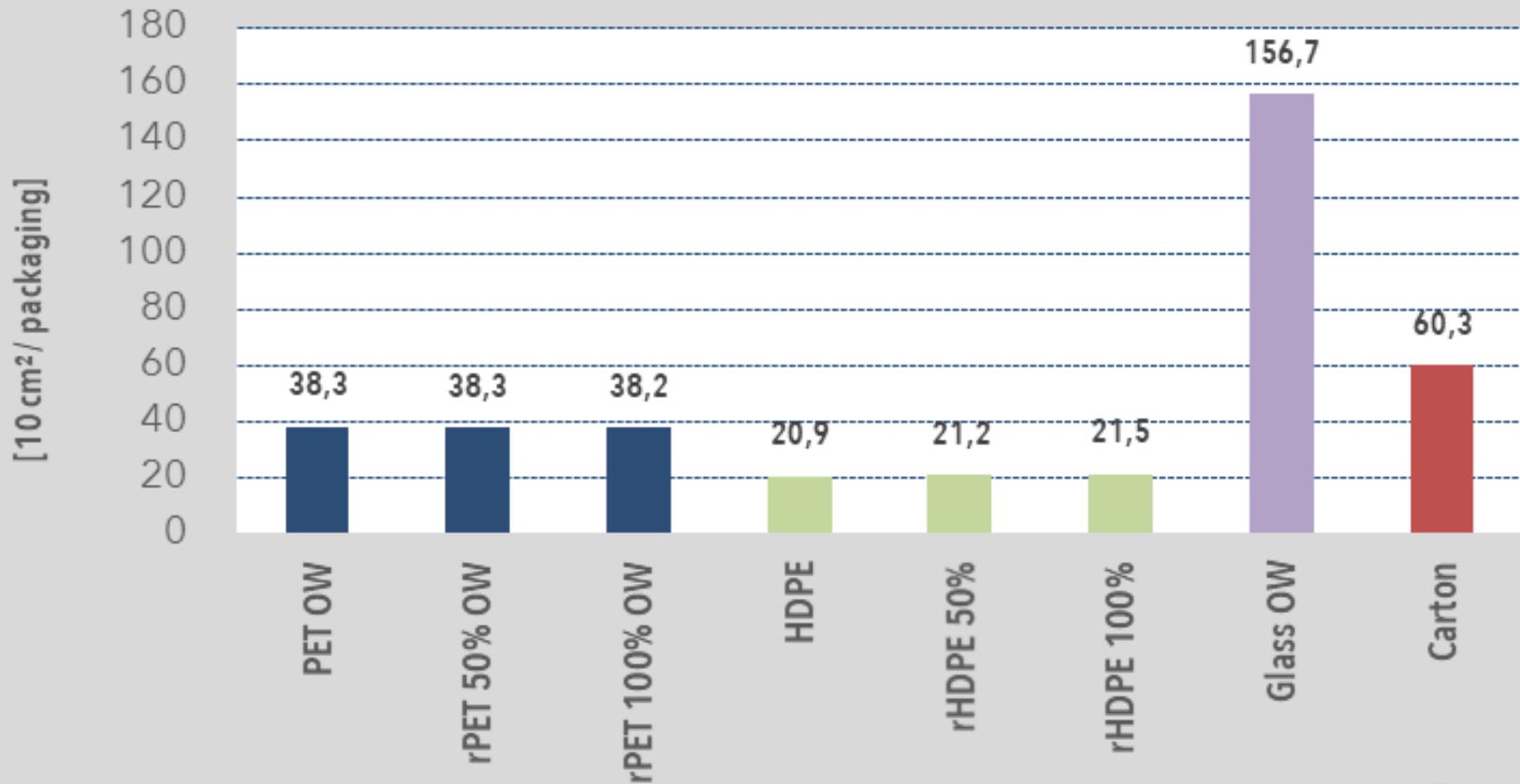
marine eutrophication - milk 1,0 l - Czech Republik



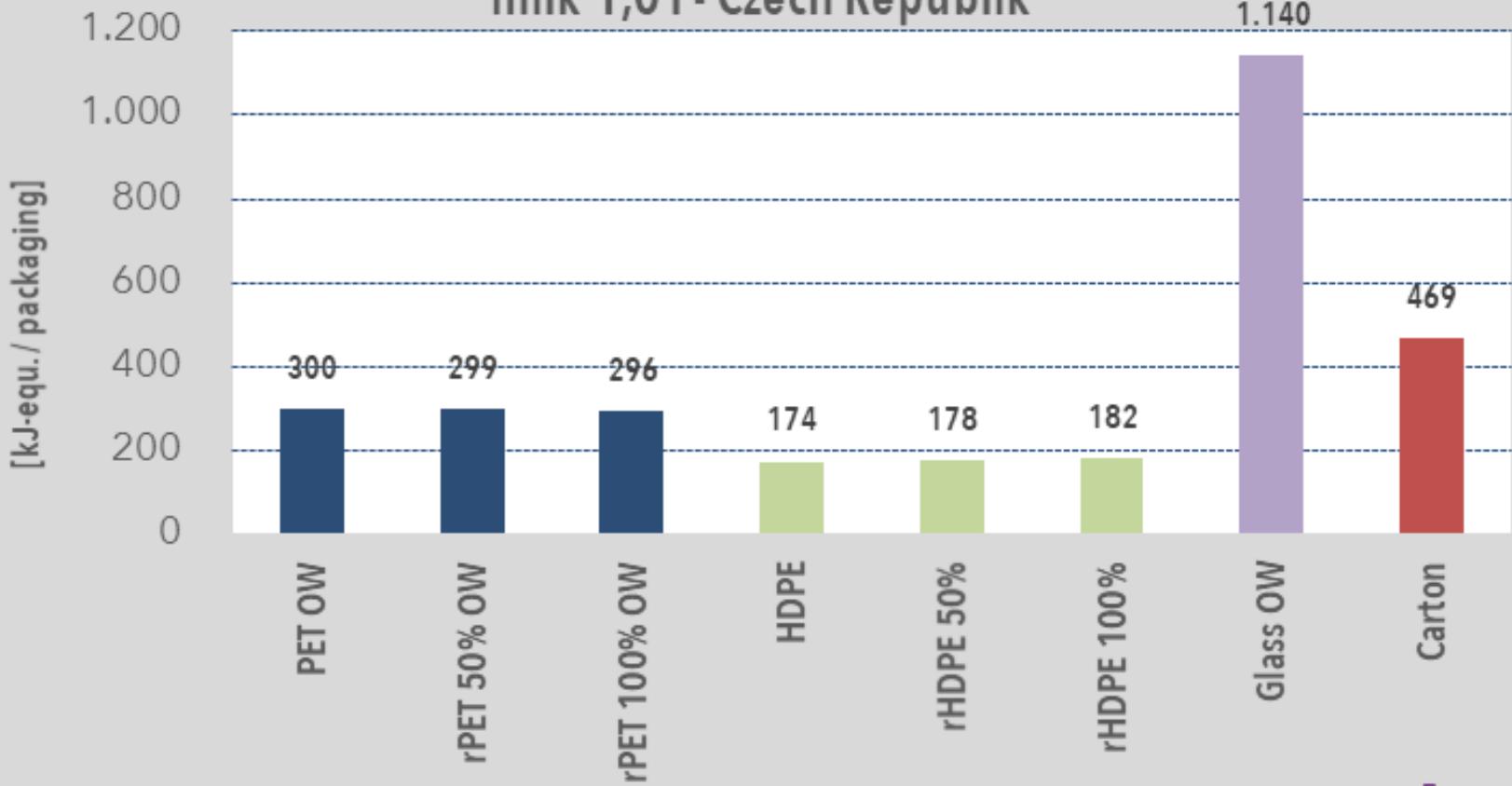
terrestrial eutrophication - milk 1,0 l - Czech Republik



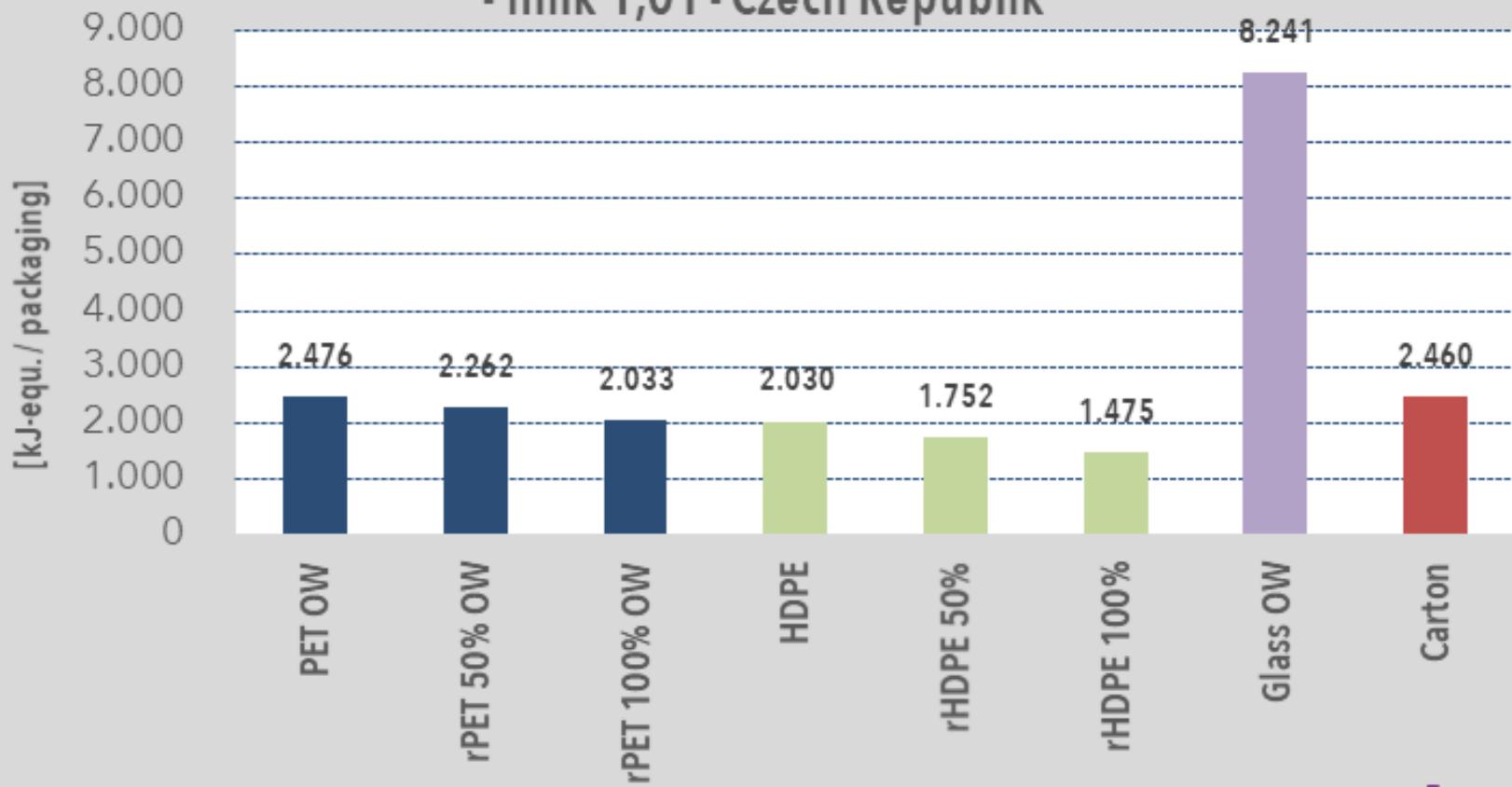
land use - milk 1,0 l - Czech Republik



cumulative energy demand - renewable energy resources -
milk 1,0 l - Czech Republik



cumulative energy demand -non-renewable energy resources - milk 1,0 l - Czech Republik

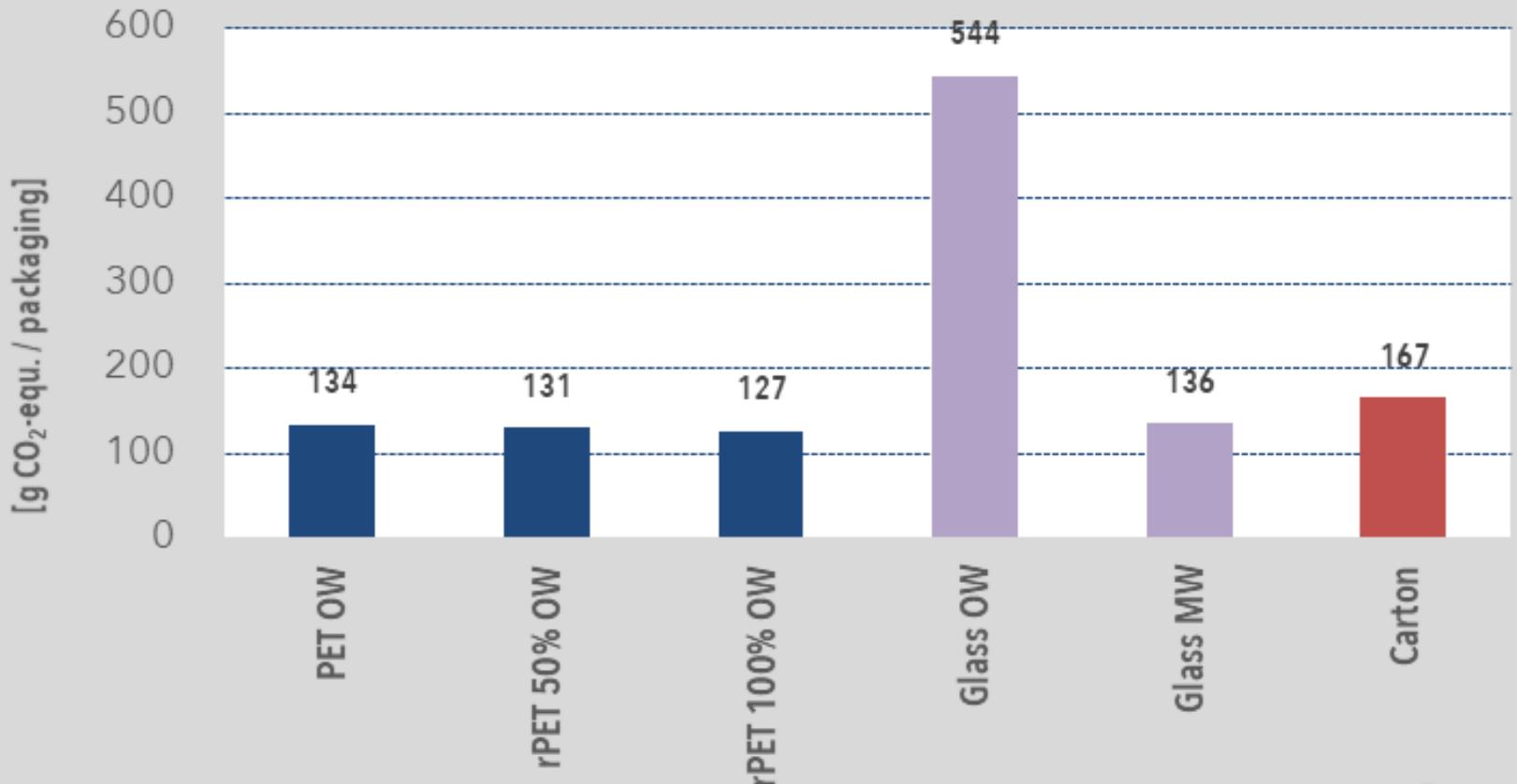




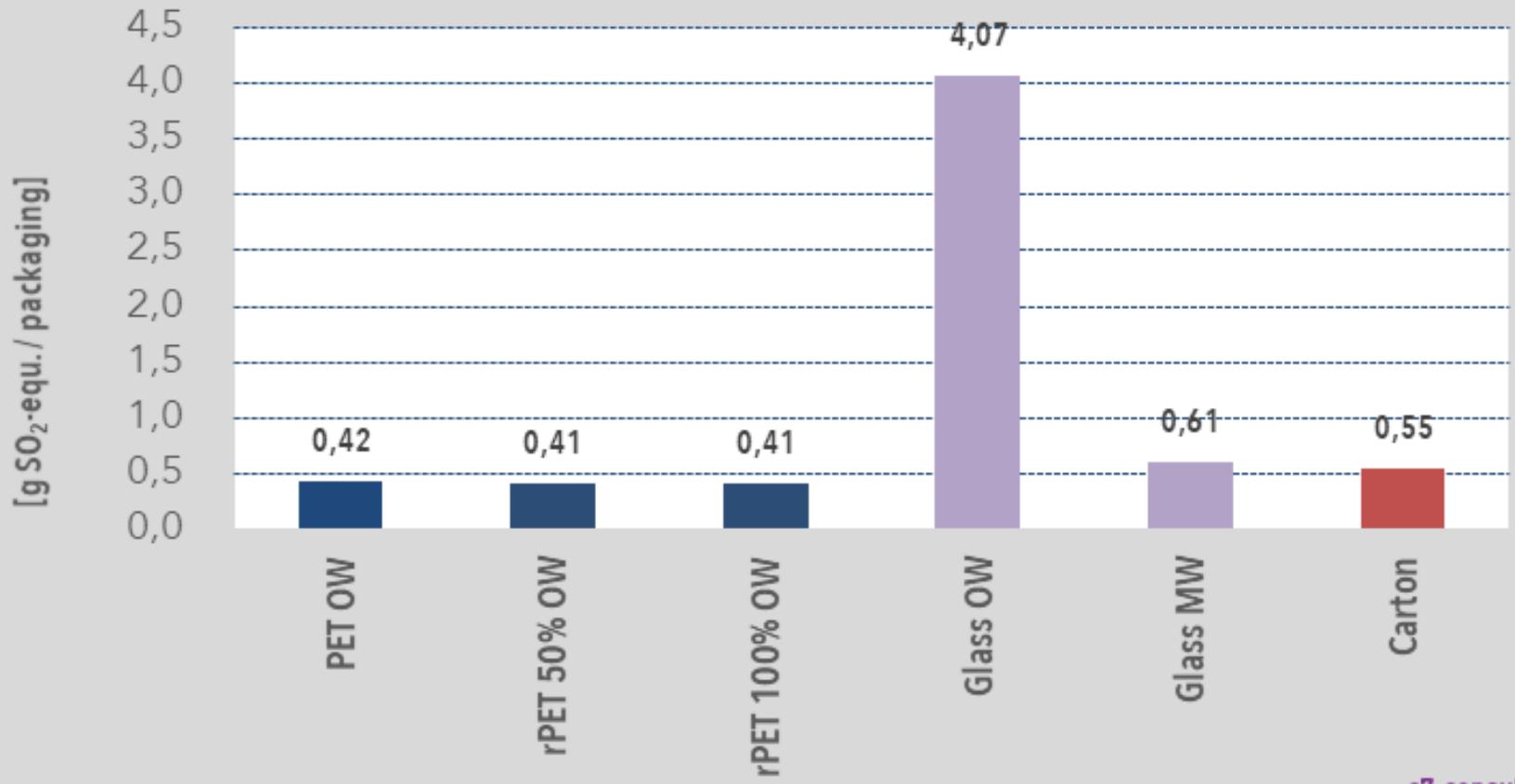
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Results Juice 1,0 l

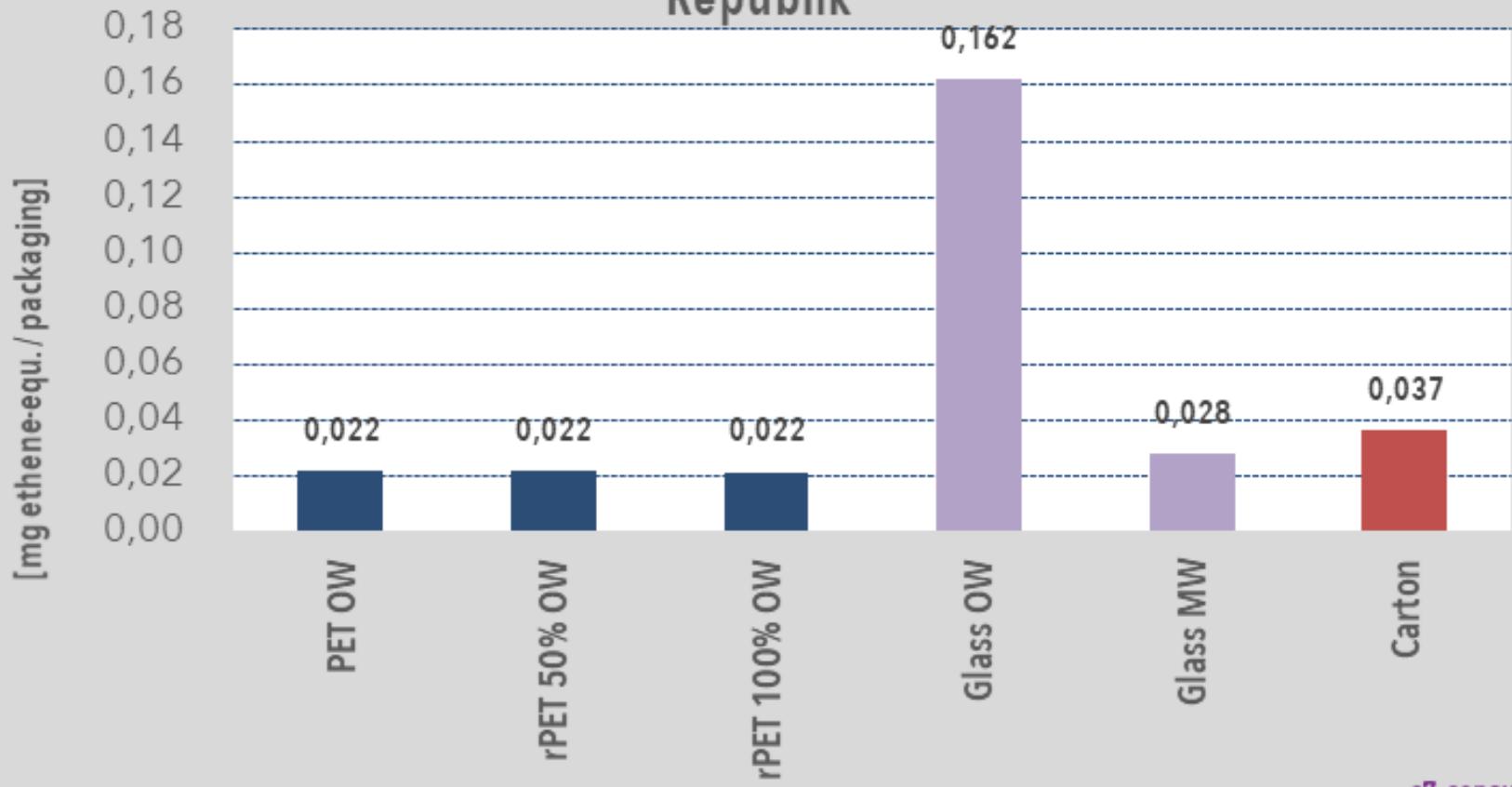
climate change - juice 1,0 l - Czech Republik



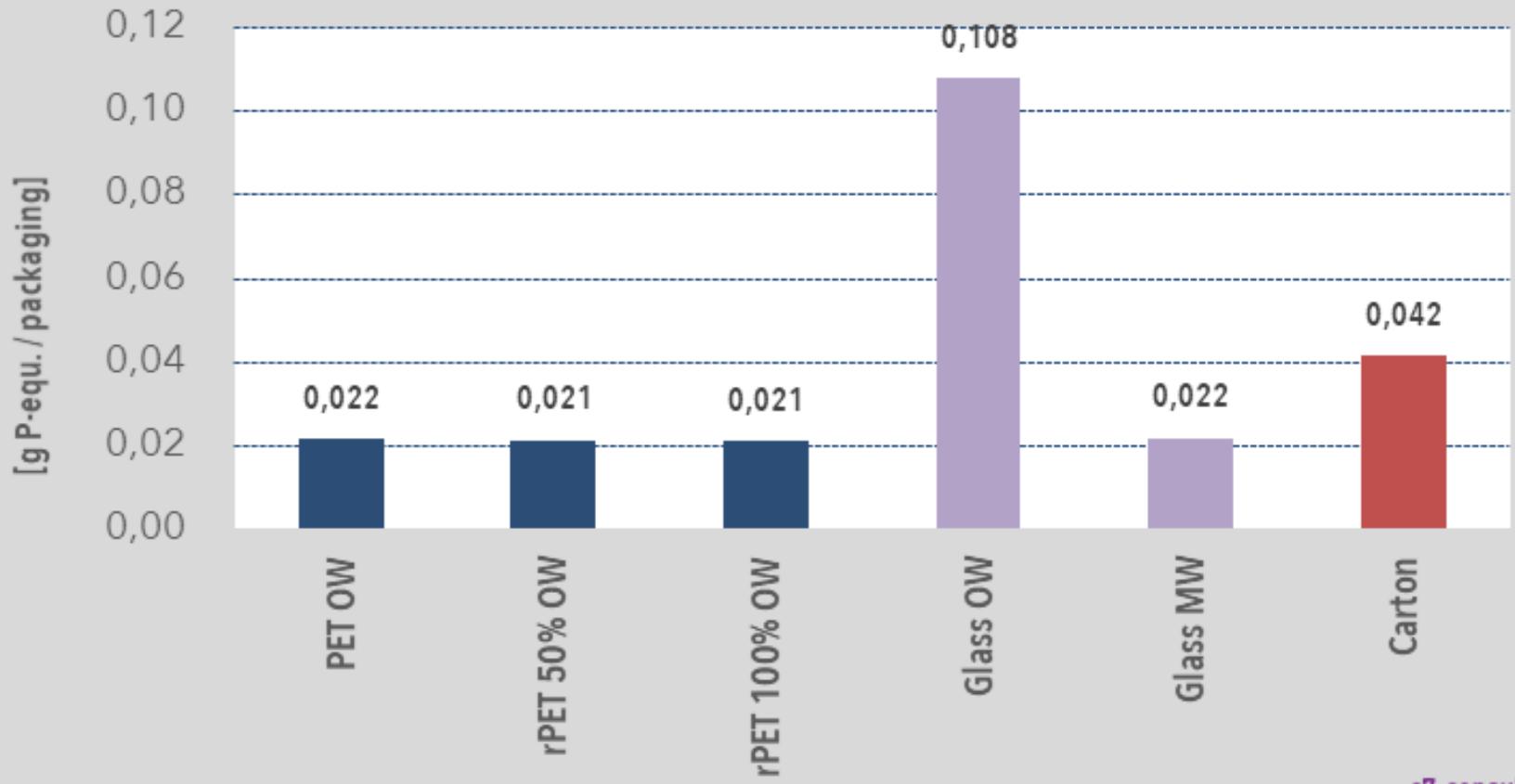
acidification potential - juice 1,0 l - Czech Republik



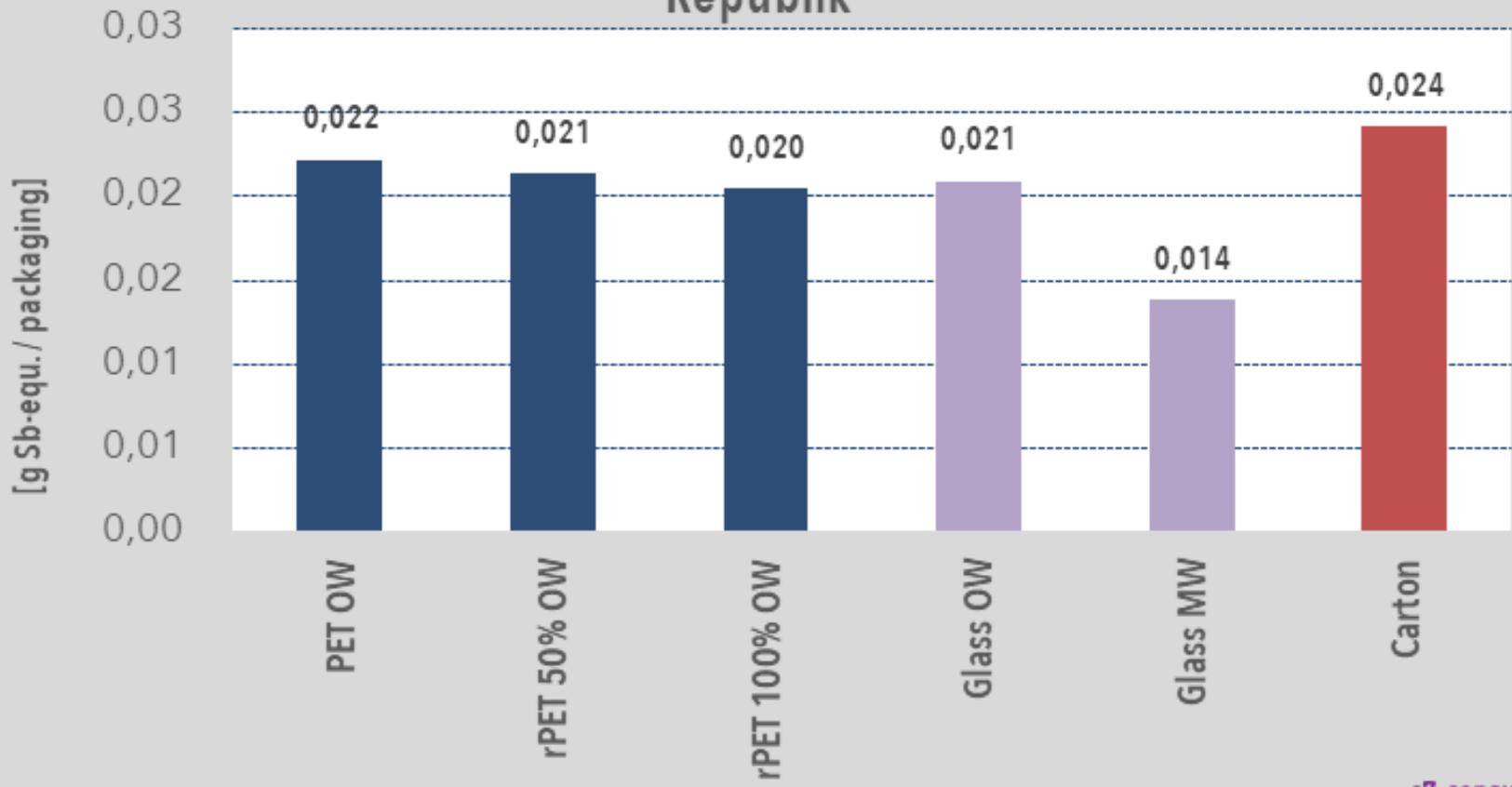
photochemical oxidation(summersmog)-juice 1,0 l - Czech Republik



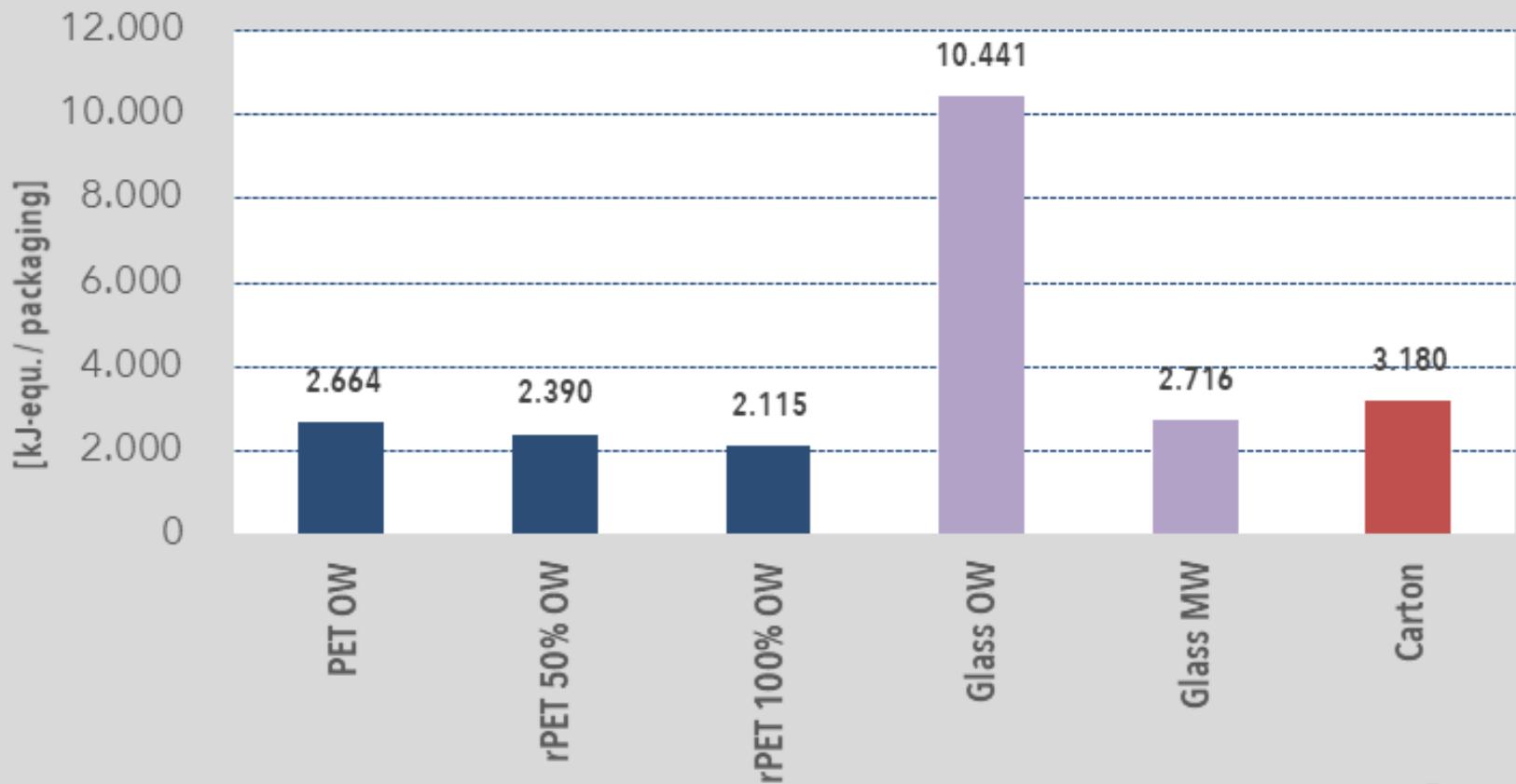
freshwater eutrophication - juice 1,0 l - Czech Republik



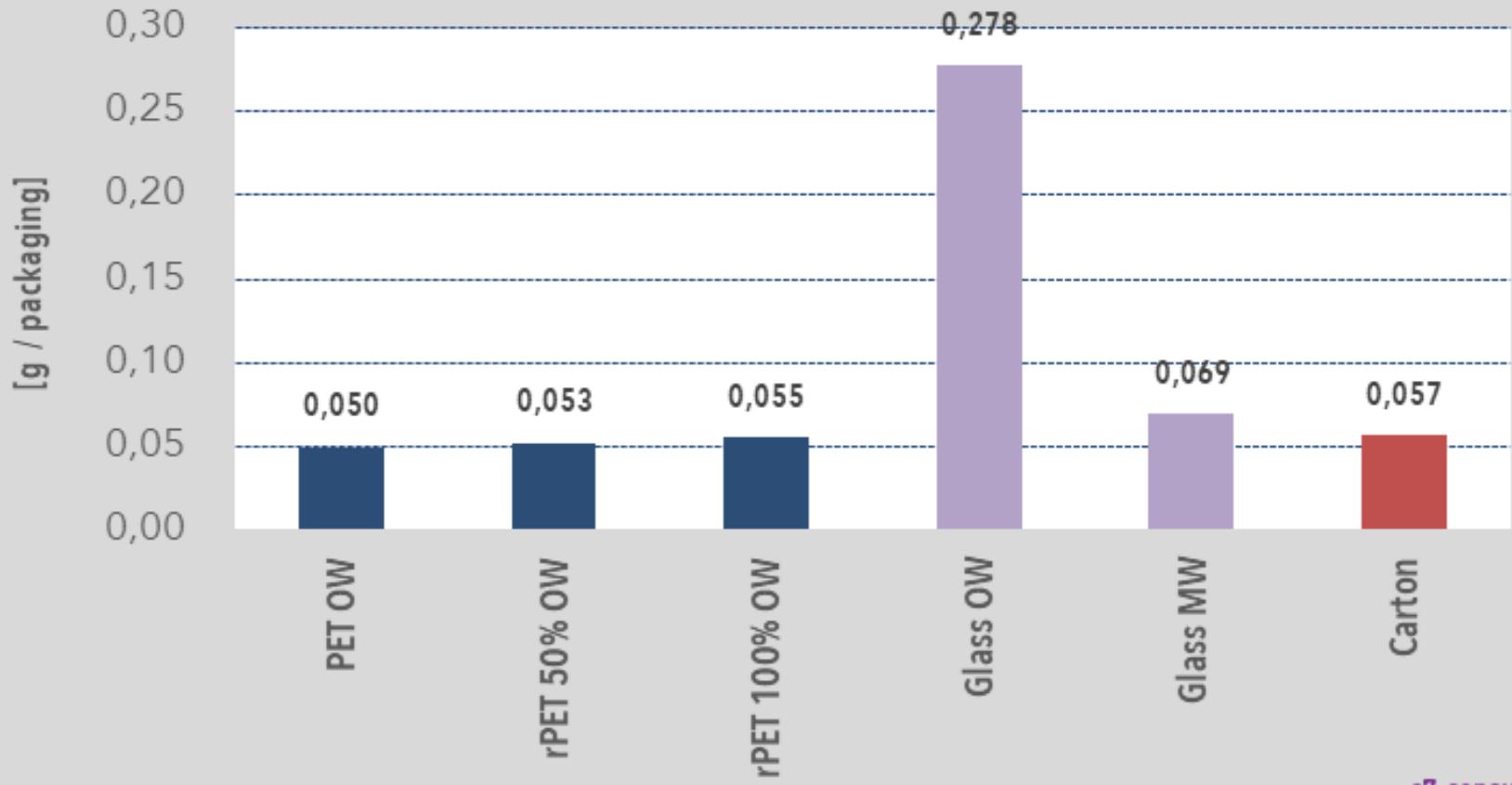
depletion of abiotic resources - elements - juice 1,0 l - Czech Republik



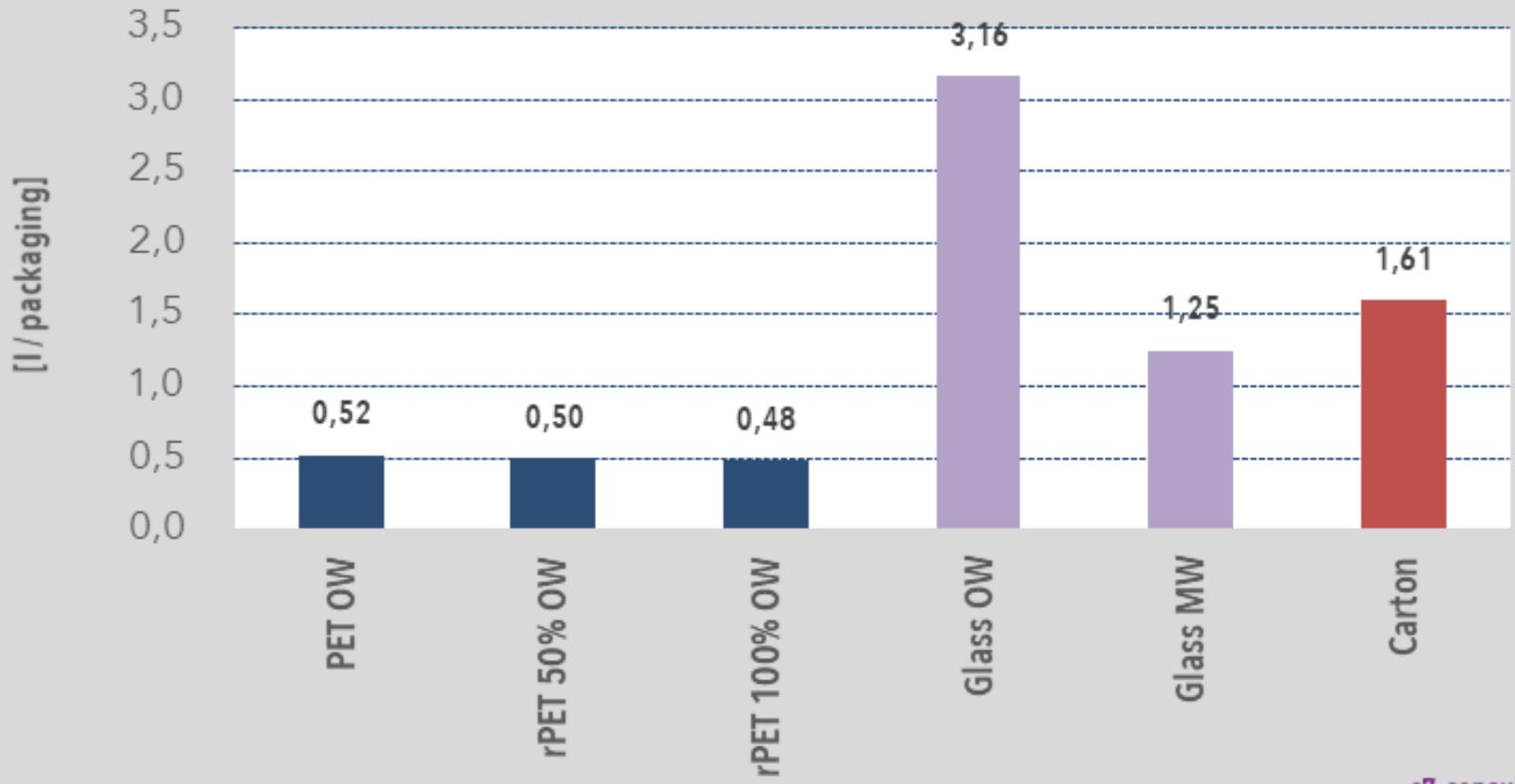
cumulative energy demand - juice 1,0 l - Czech Republik



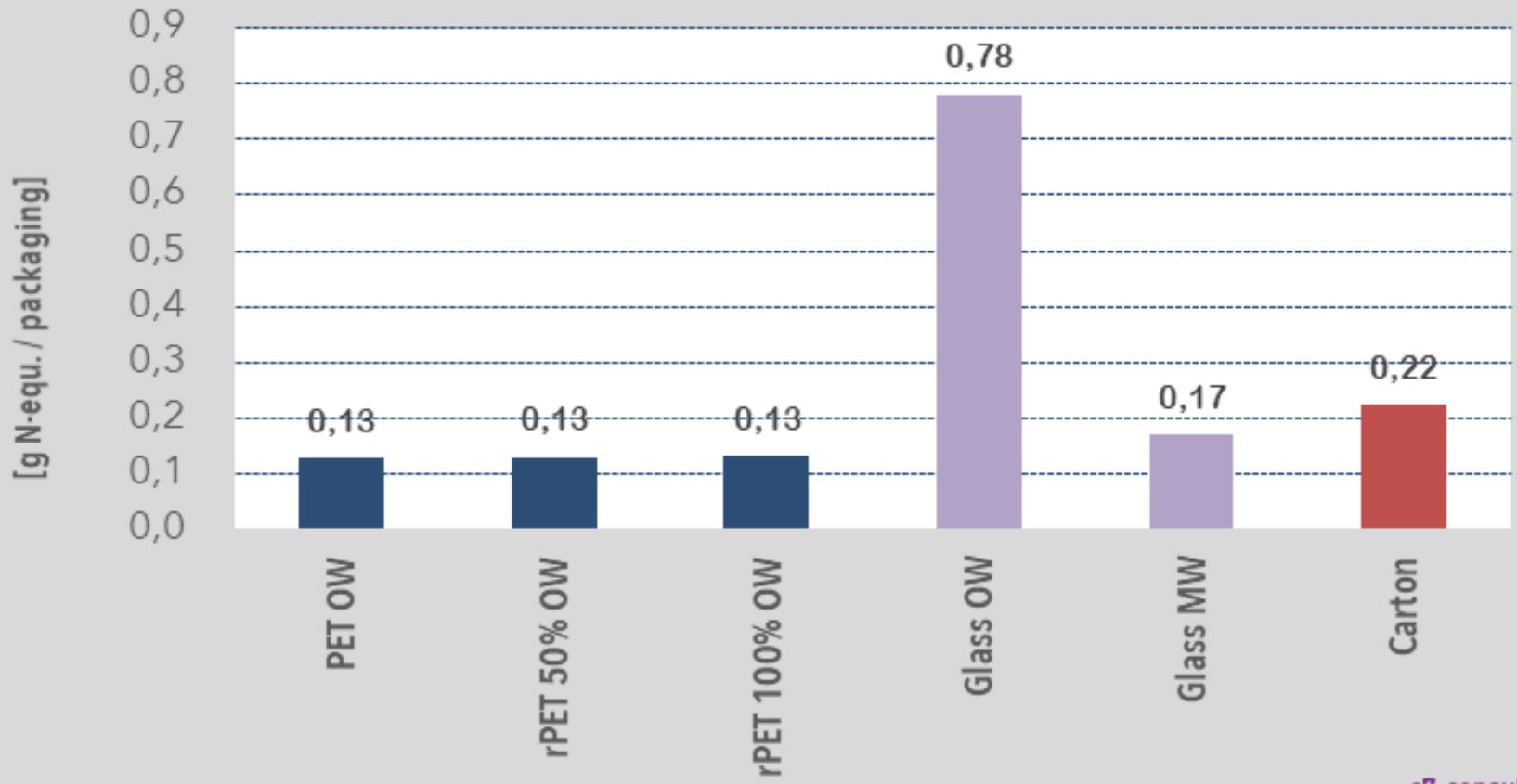
particulates < 2,5 µm - juice 1,0 l - Czech Republik



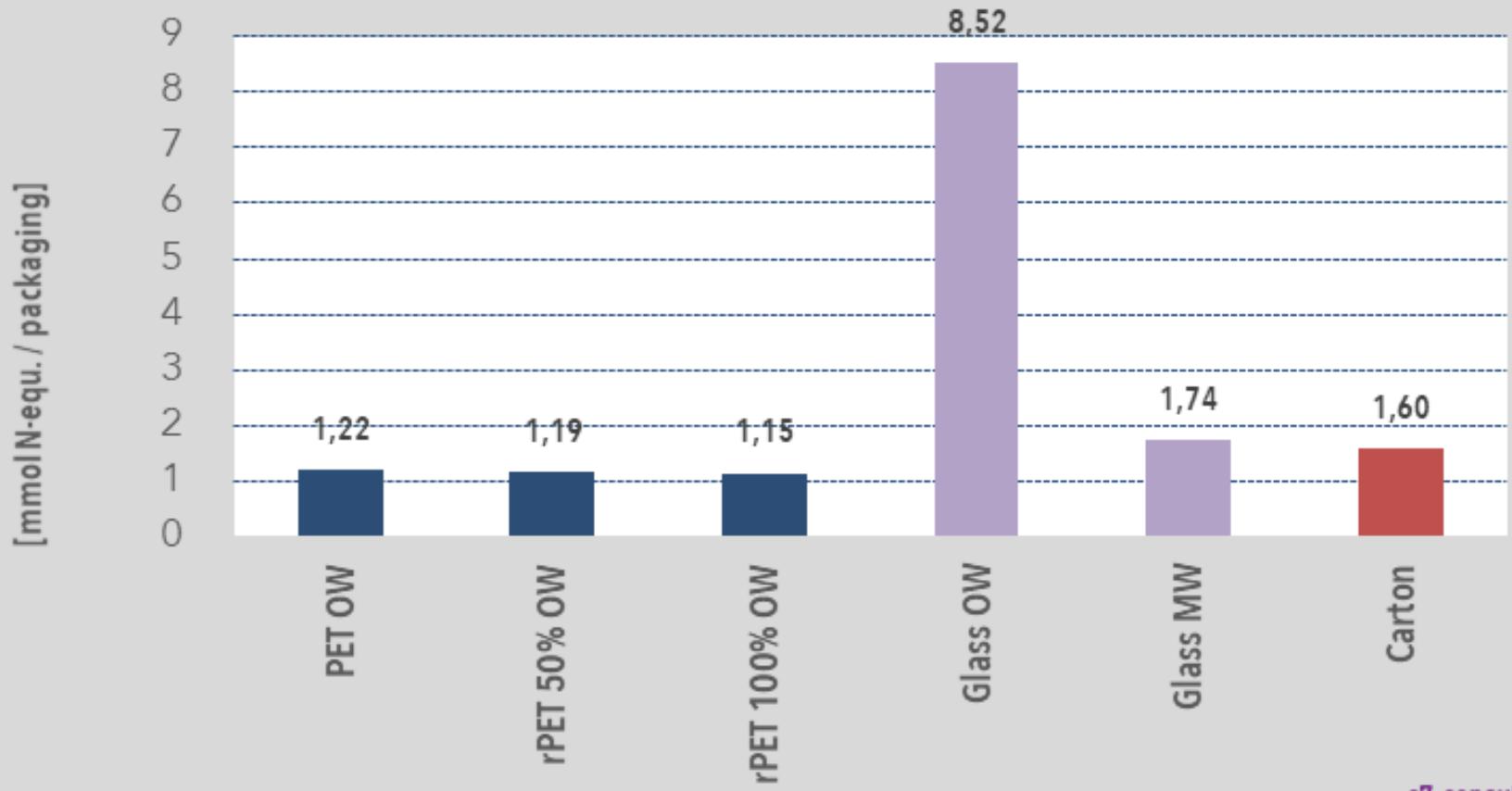
water - juice 1,0 l - Czech Republik



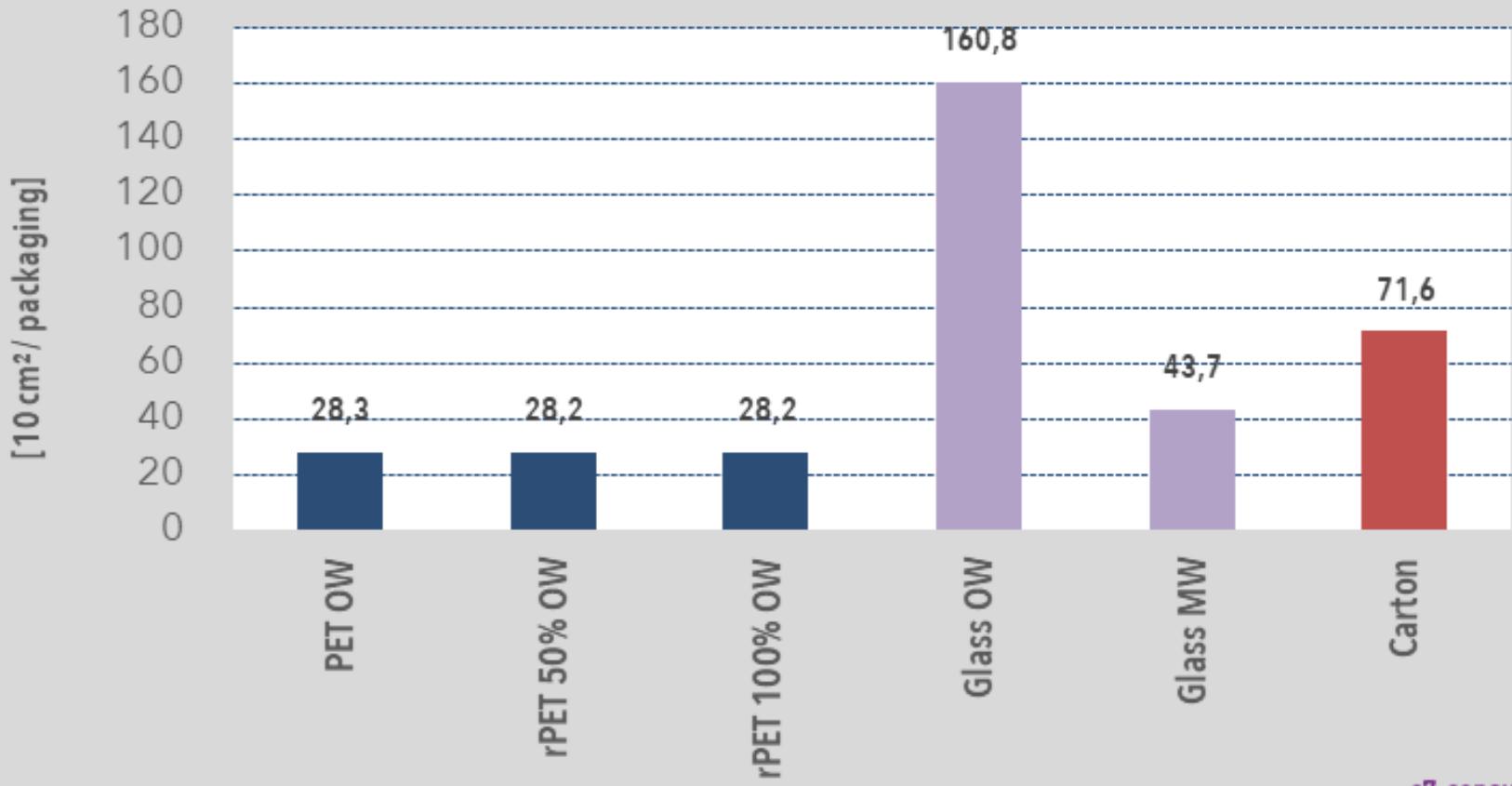
marine eutrophication - juice 1,0 l - Czech Republik



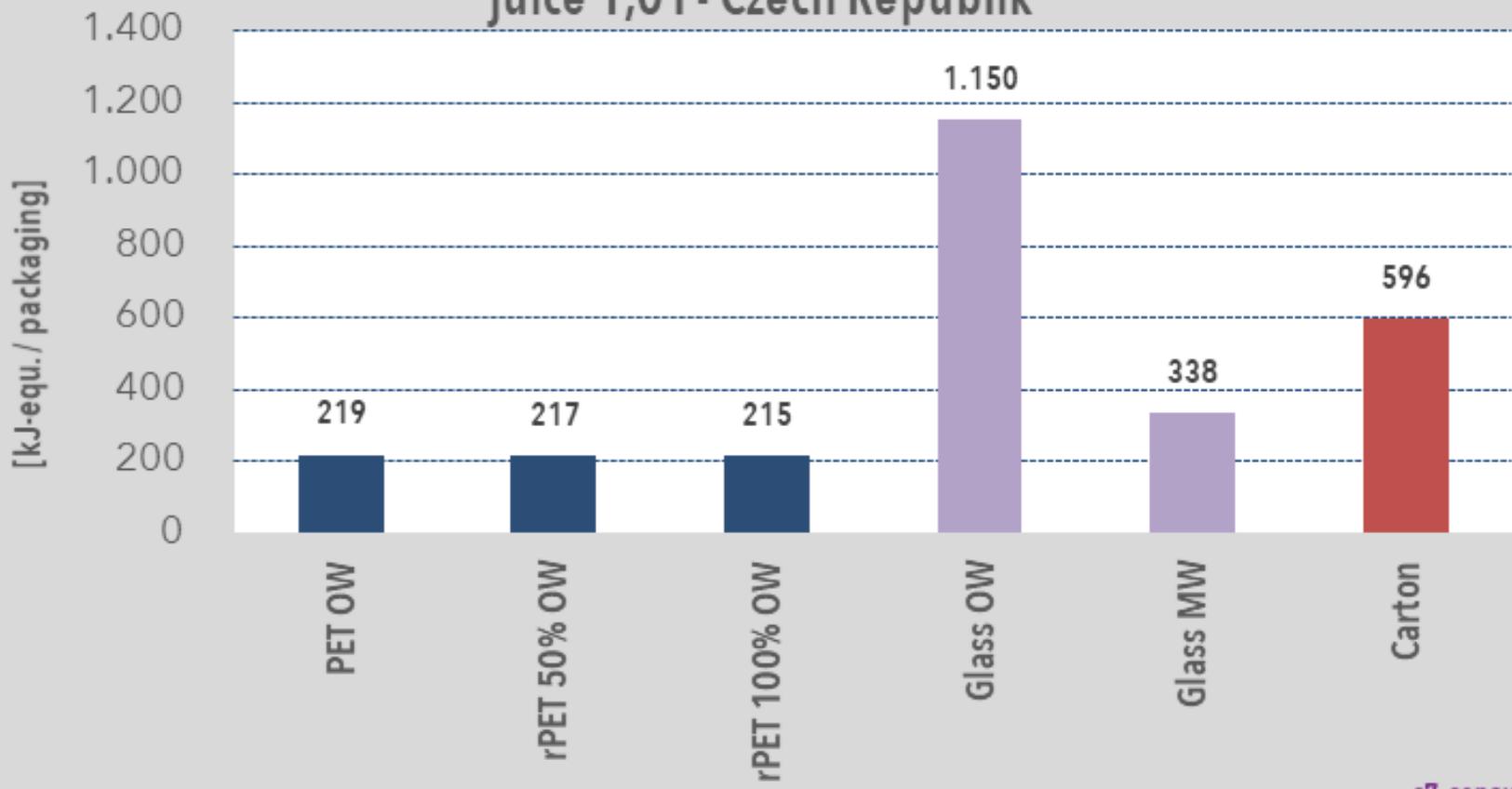
terrestrial eutrophication - juice 1,0 l - Czech Republik



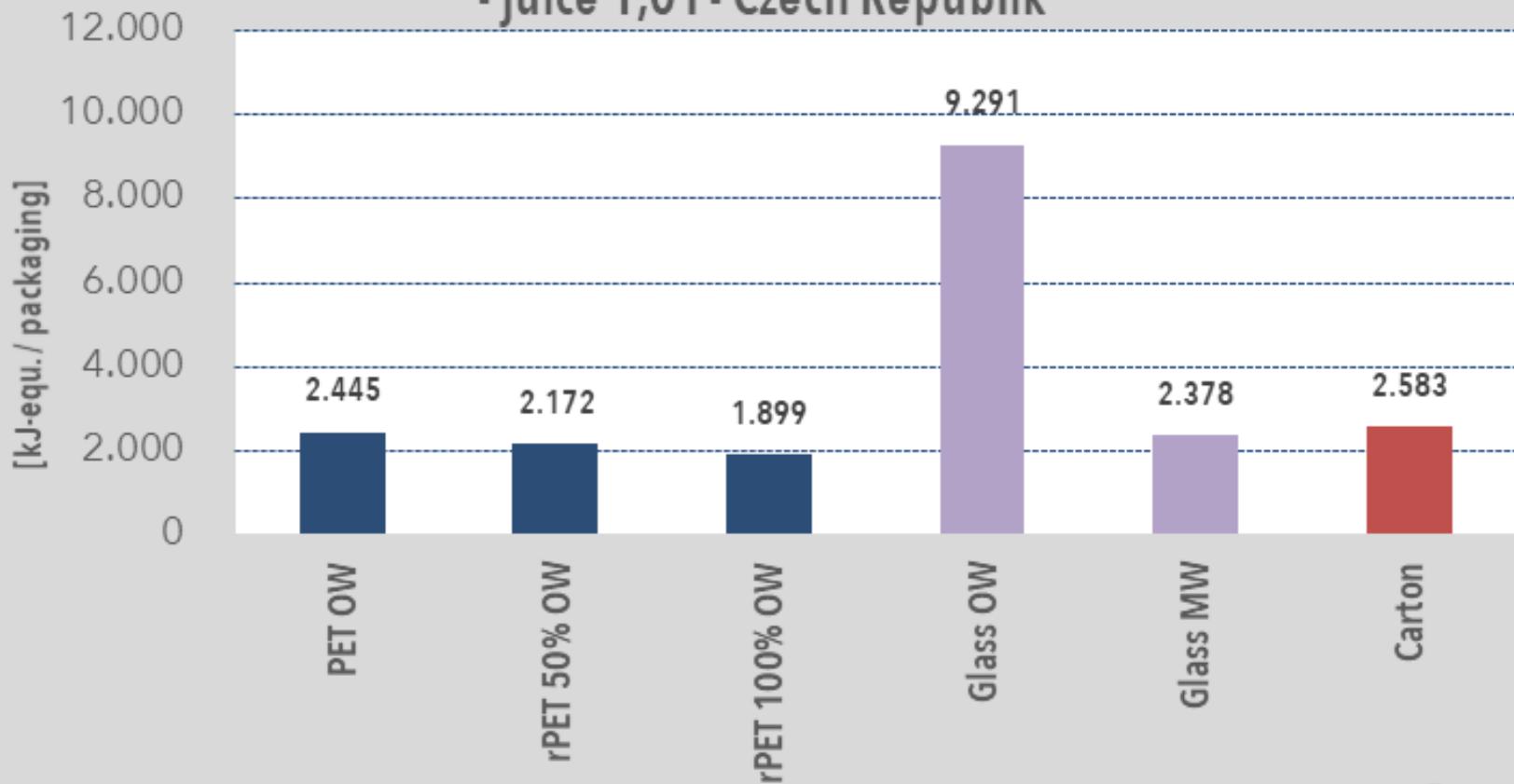
land use - juice 1,0 l - Czech Republik



cumulative energy demand - renewable energy resources -
juice 1,0 l - Czech Republik



cumulative energy demand -non-renewable energy resources - juice 1,0 l - Czech Republik

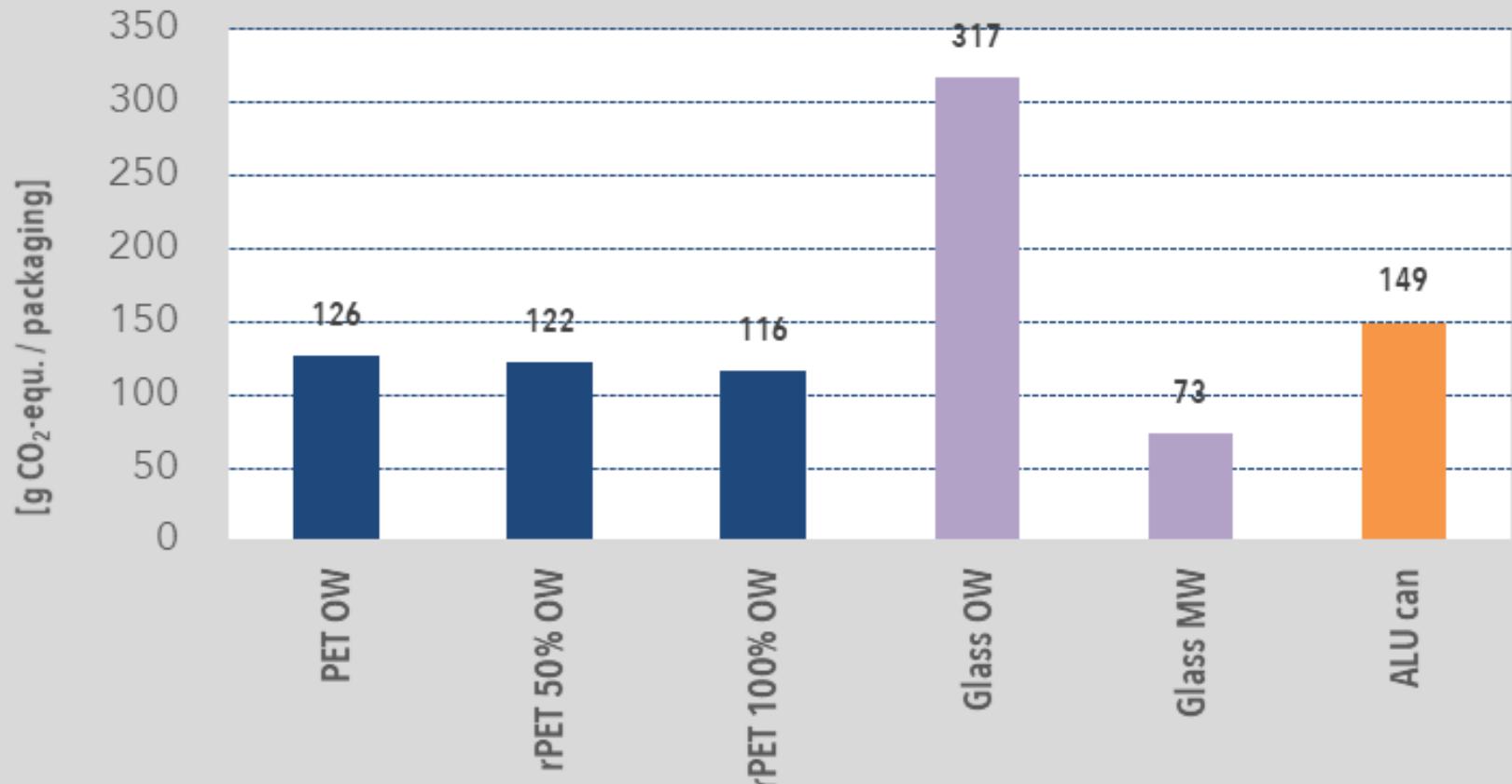




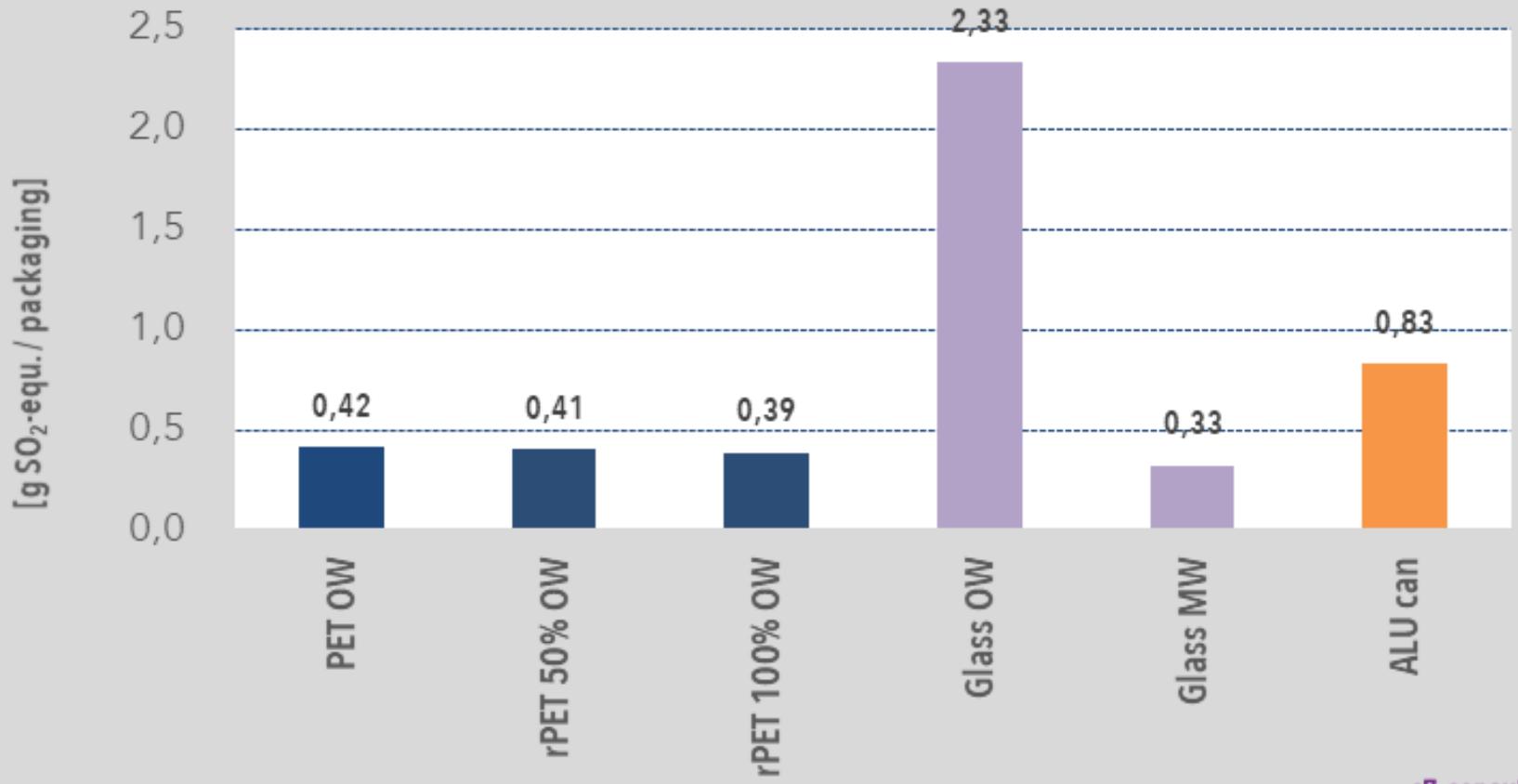
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Results Beer 0,5 l

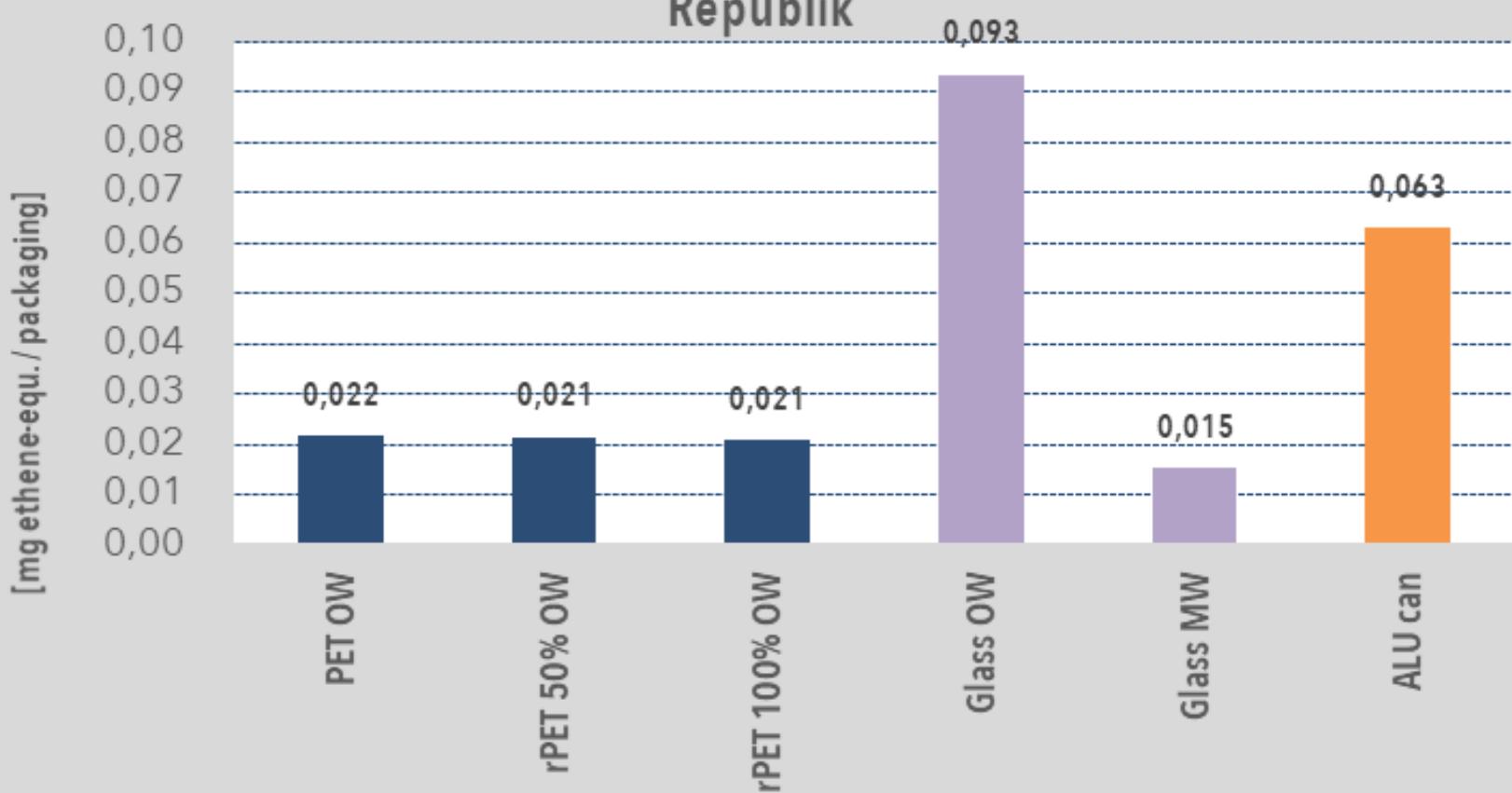
climate change - beer 0,5 l - Czech Republik



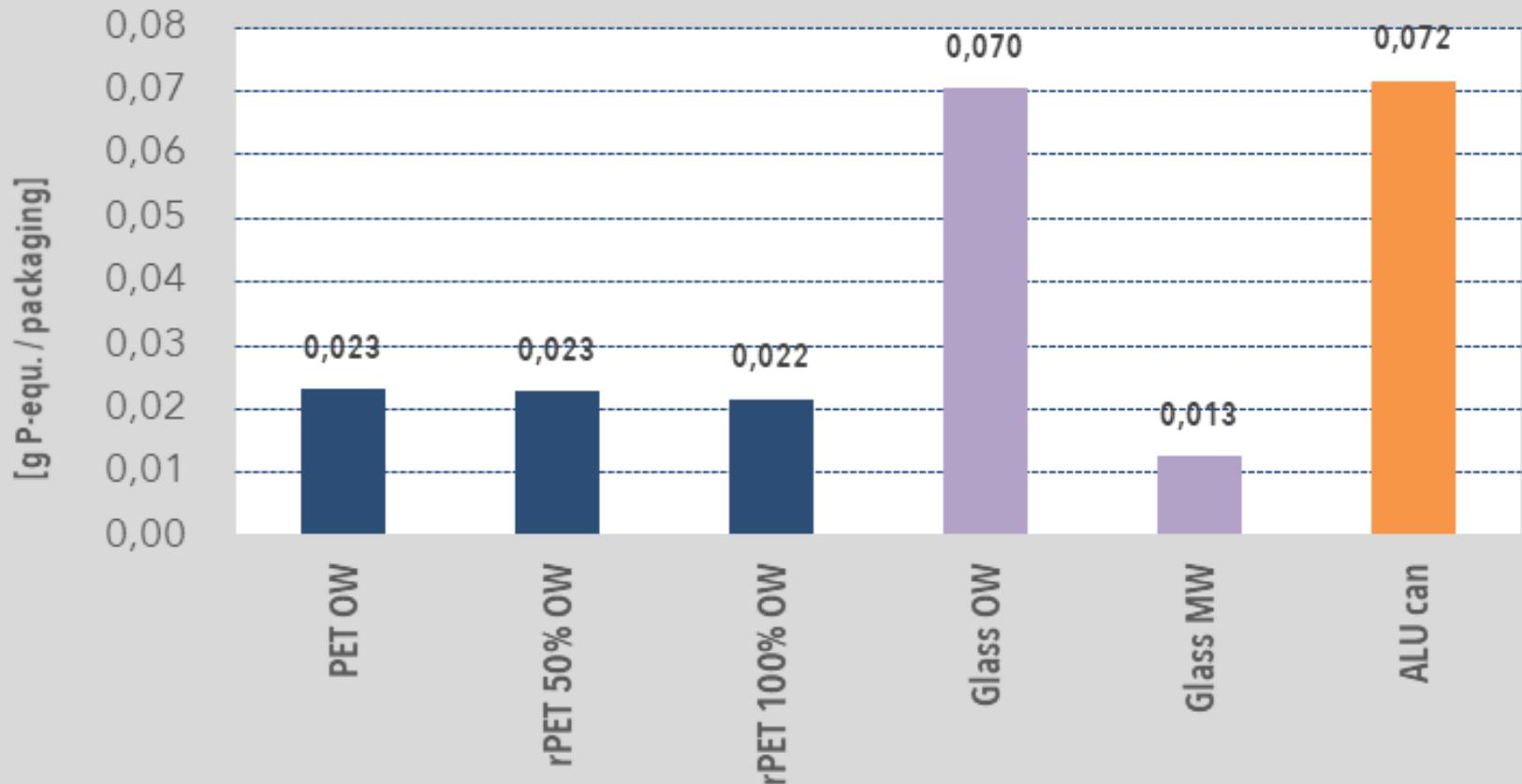
acidification potential - beer 0,5l - Czech Republik



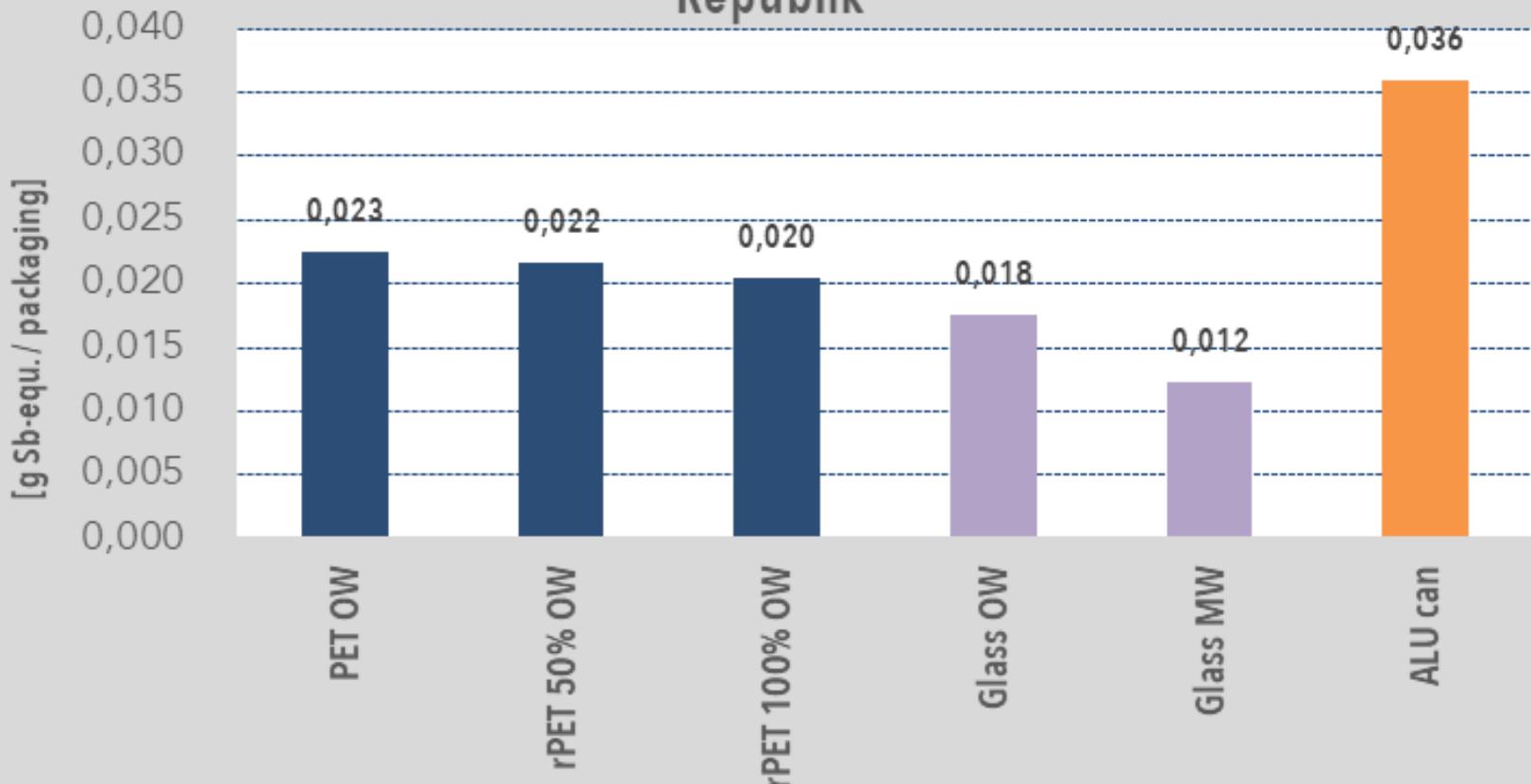
photochemical oxidation (summersmog) - beer 0,5l - Czech Republik



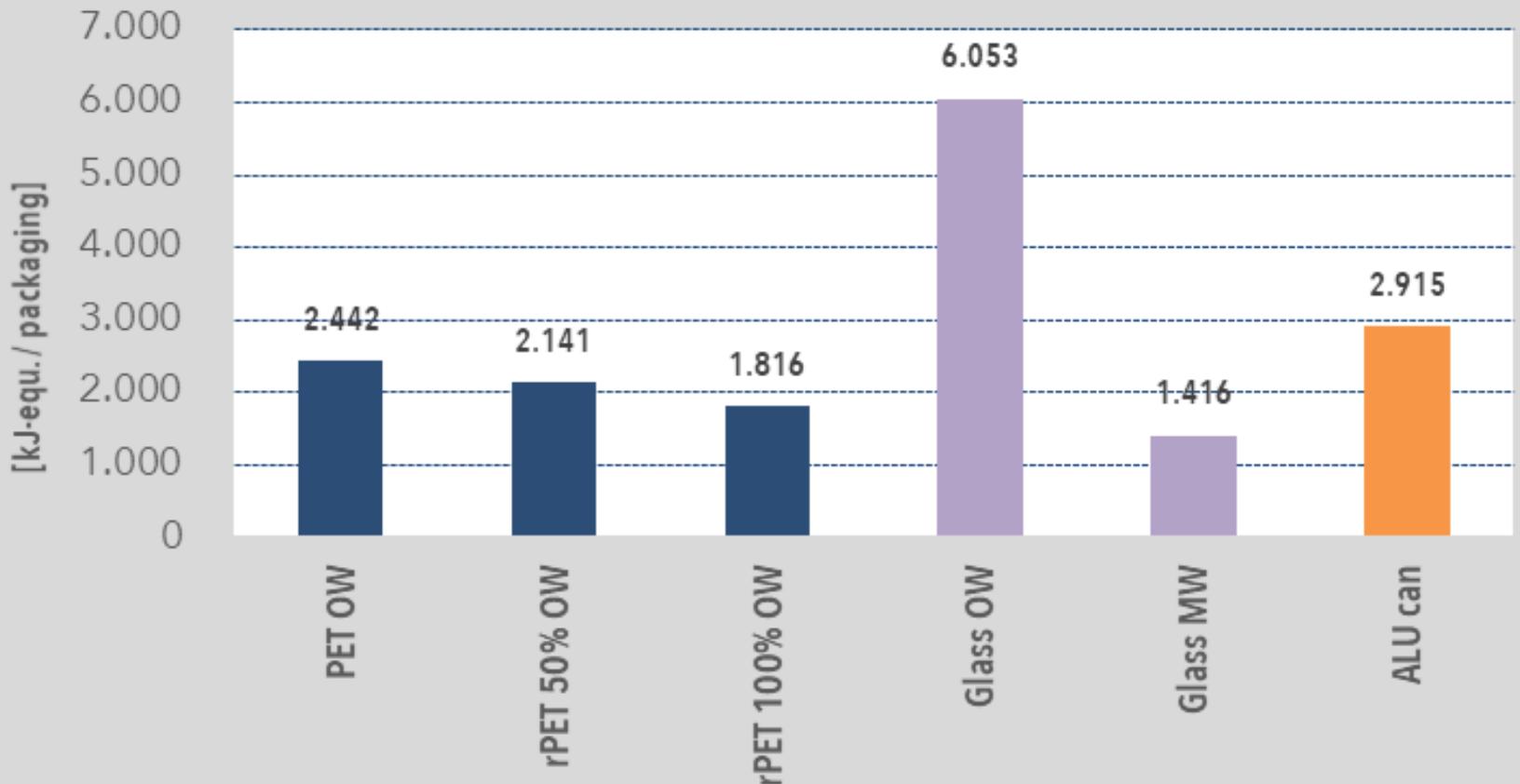
freshwater eutrophication - beer 0,5l - Czech Republik



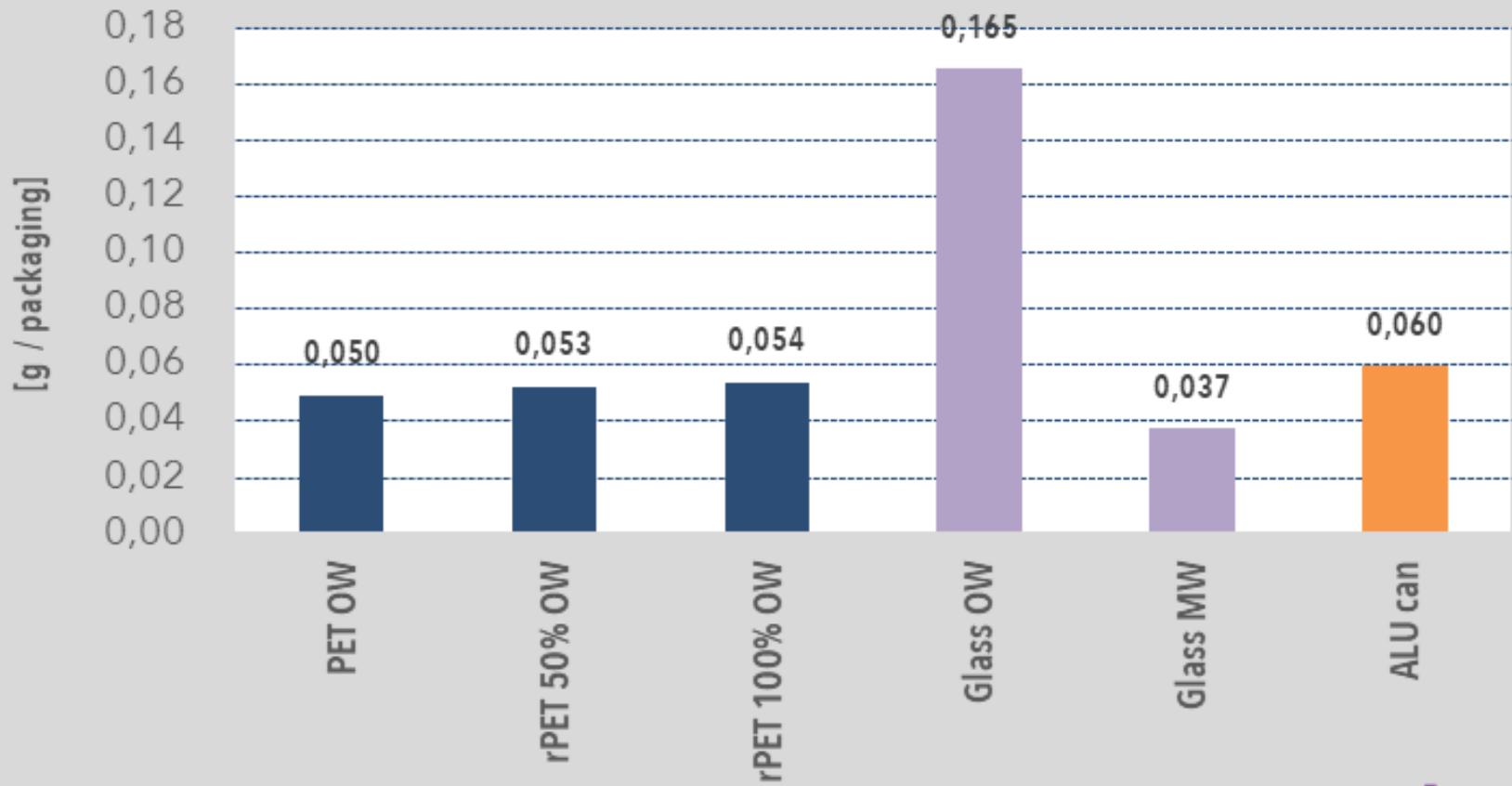
depletion of abiotic resources - elements - beer 0,5l - Czech Republik



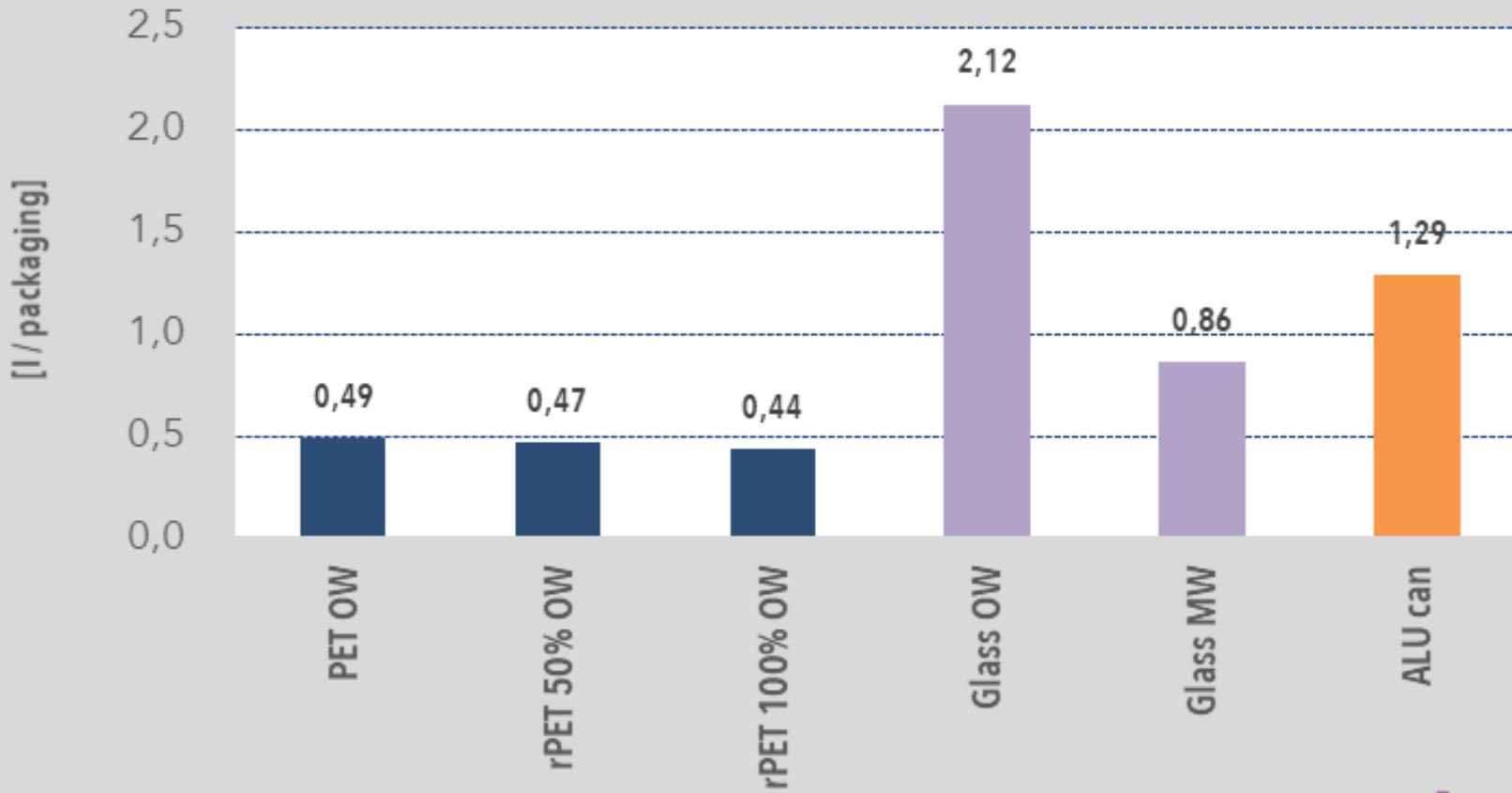
cumulative energy demand - beer 0,5l - Czech Republik



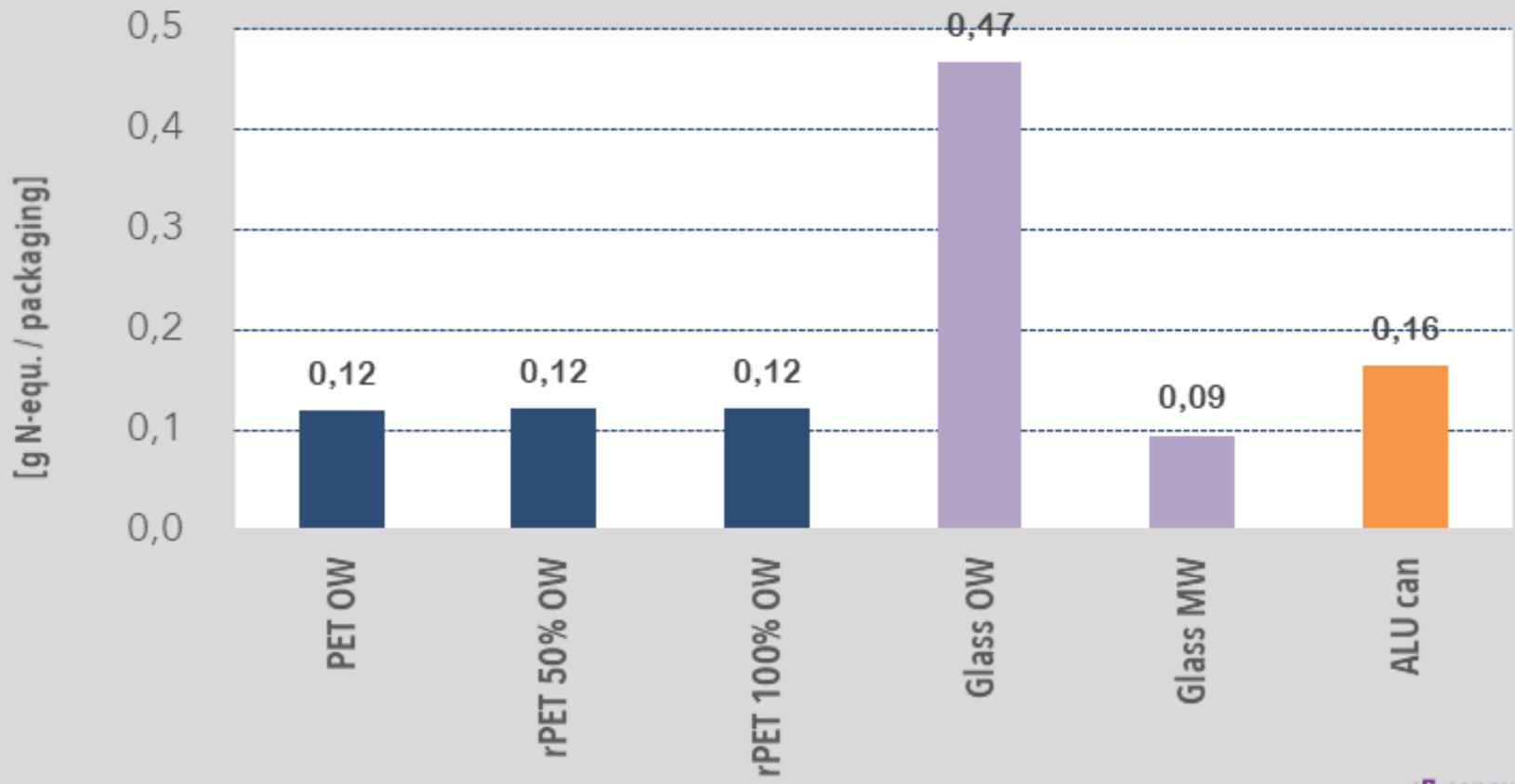
particulates < 2,5 µm - beer 0,5l - Czech Republik



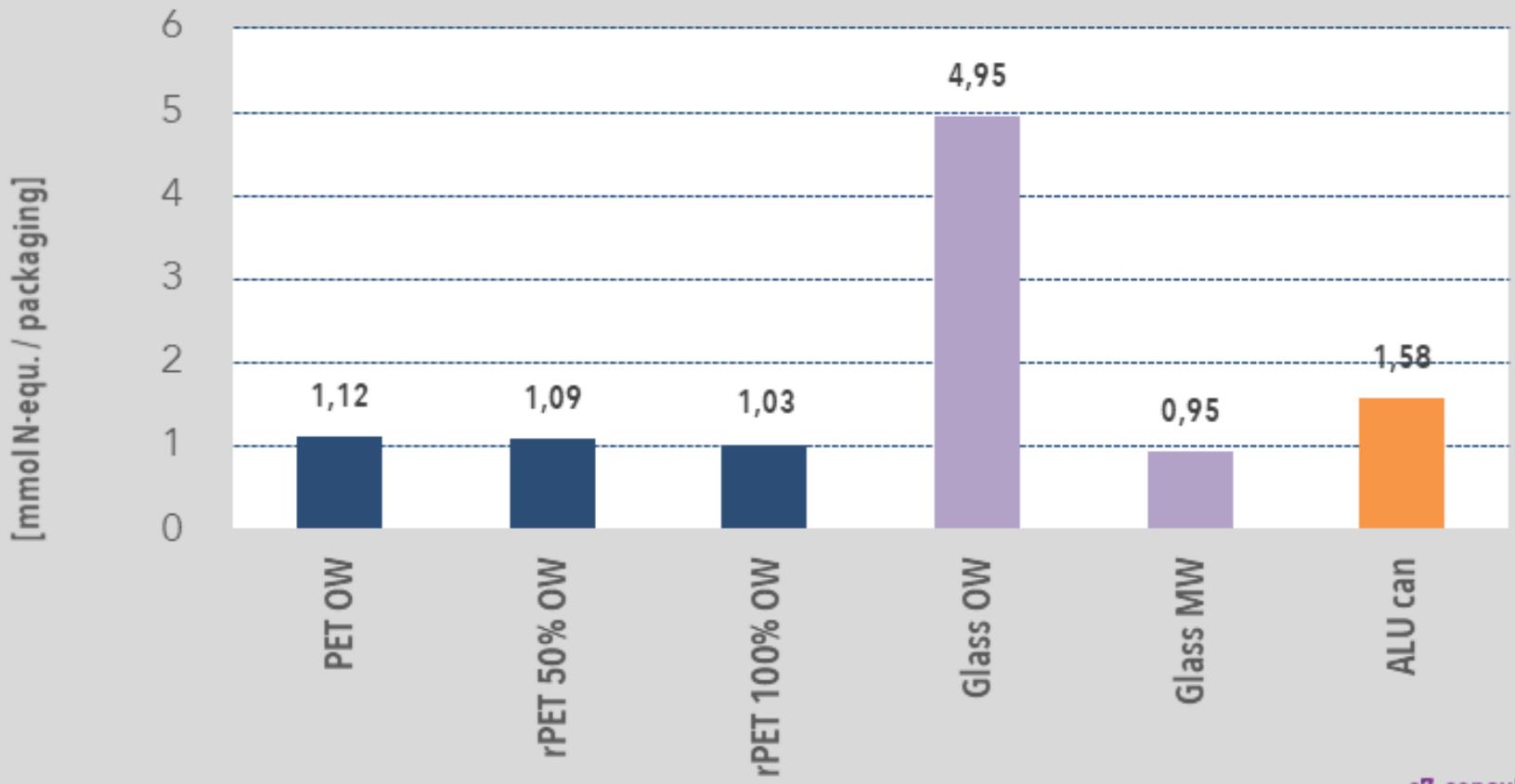
water - beer 0,5l - Czech Republik



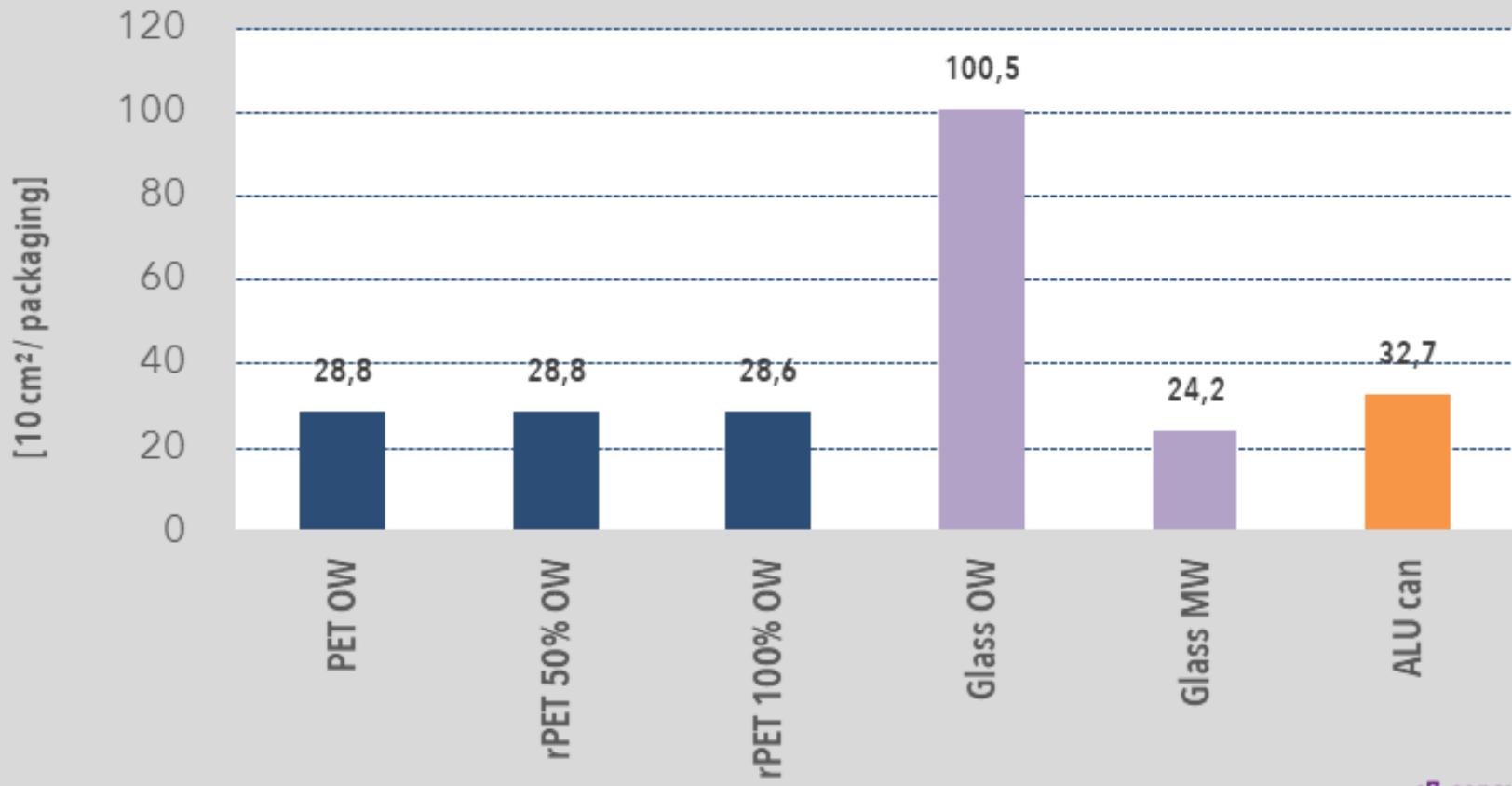
marine eutrophication - beer 0,5l - Czech Republik



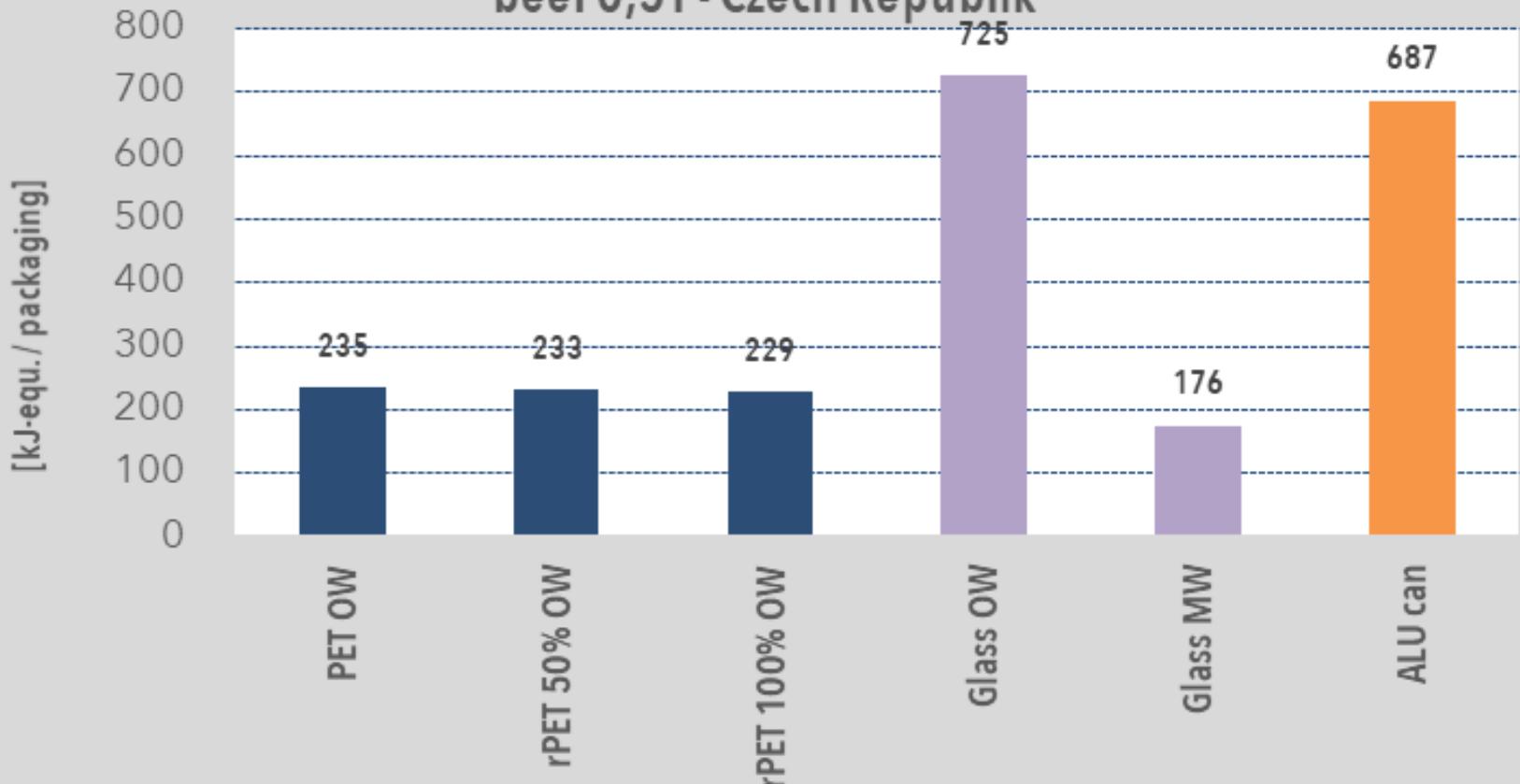
terrestrial eutrophication - beer 0,5l - Czech Republik



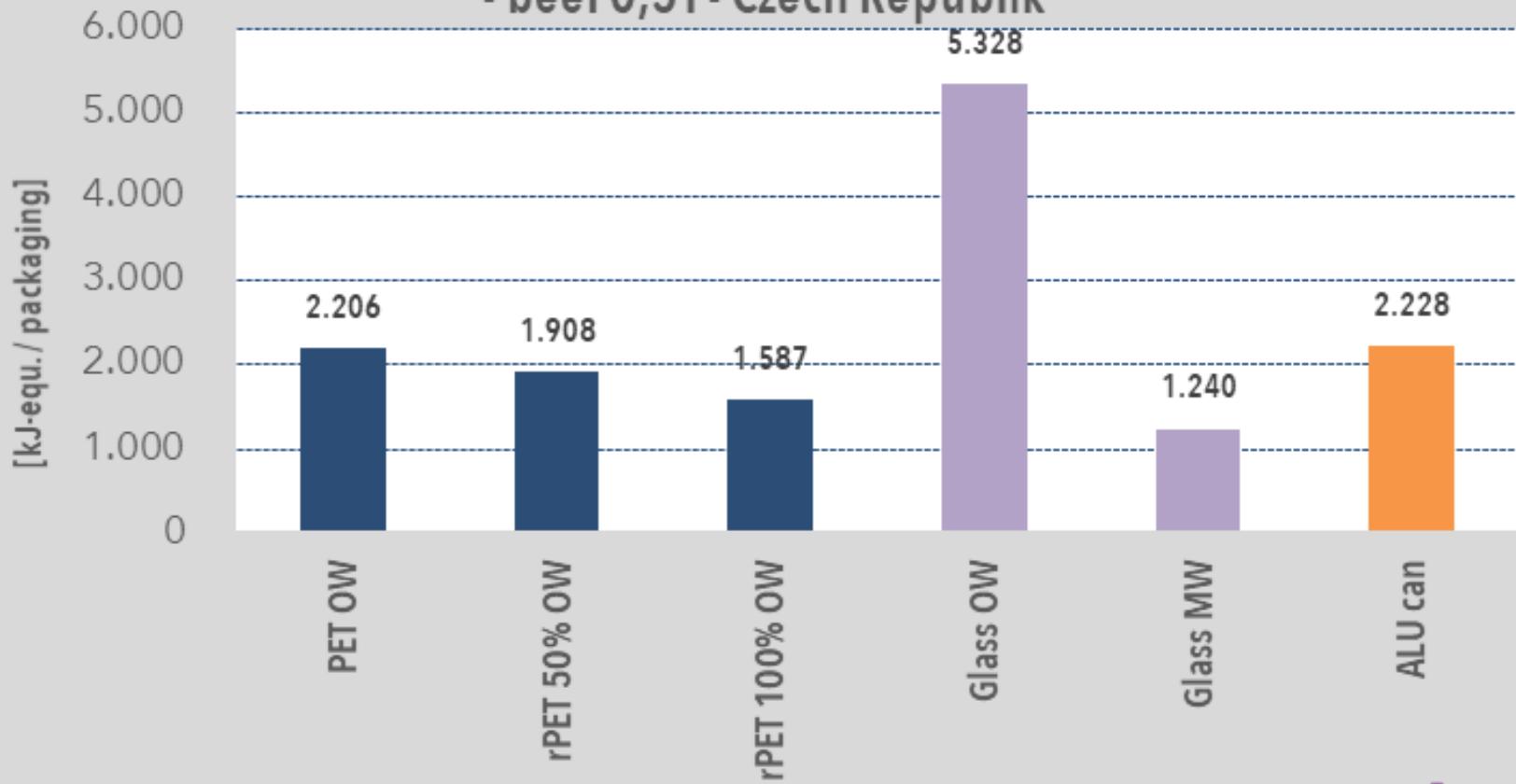
land use - beer 0,5l - Czech Republik



cumulative energy demand - renewable energy resources - beer 0,5l - Czech Republik



cumulative energy demand -non-renewable energy resources - beer 0,5l - Czech Republik





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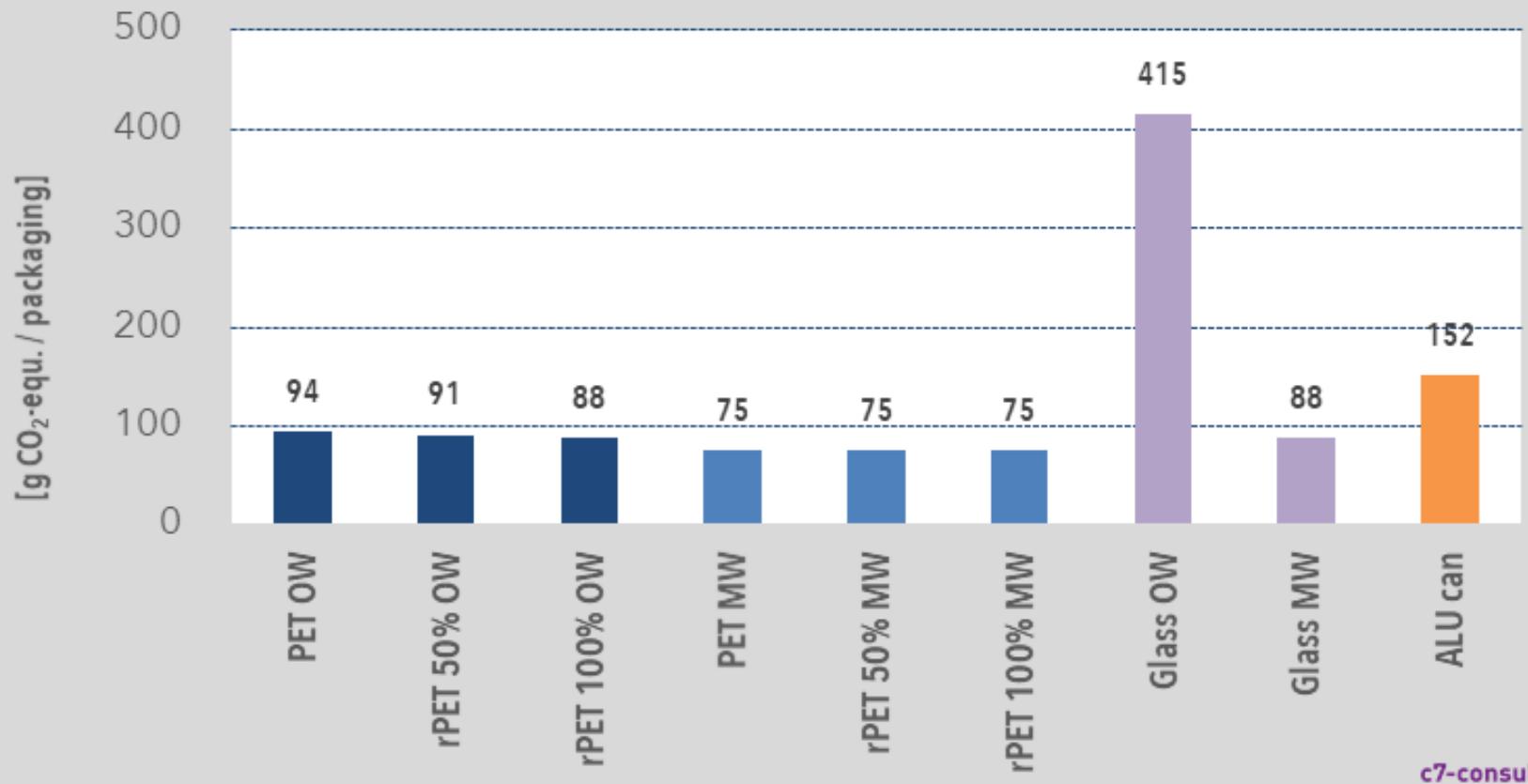
Results Carbonated Soft Drinks 0,5 l

Carbonated Soft Drinks



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climate change - CSD 0,5 l - Czech Republik

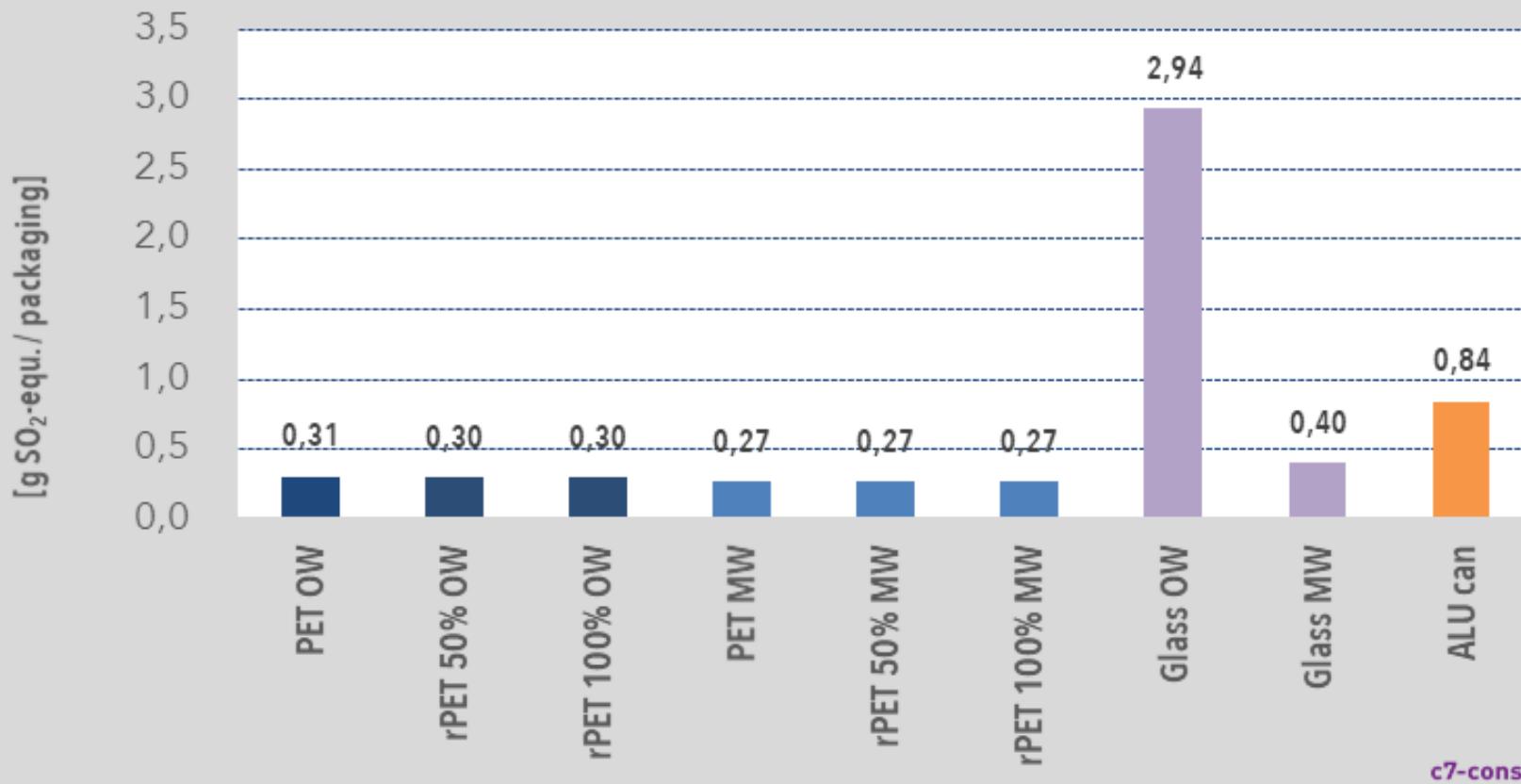


Carbonated Soft Drinks



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acidification potential - CSD 0,5 l - Czech Republik

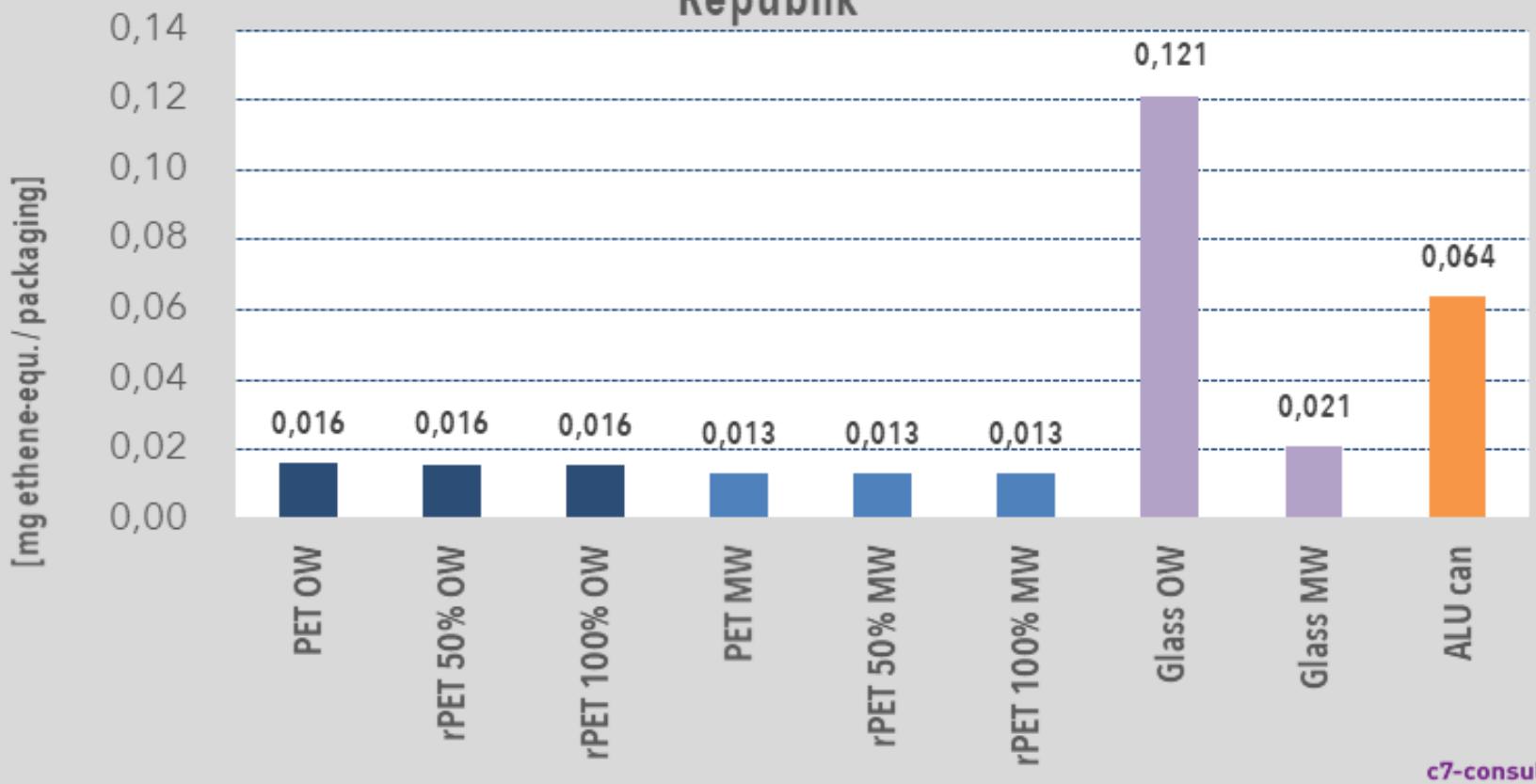


Carbonated Soft Drinks

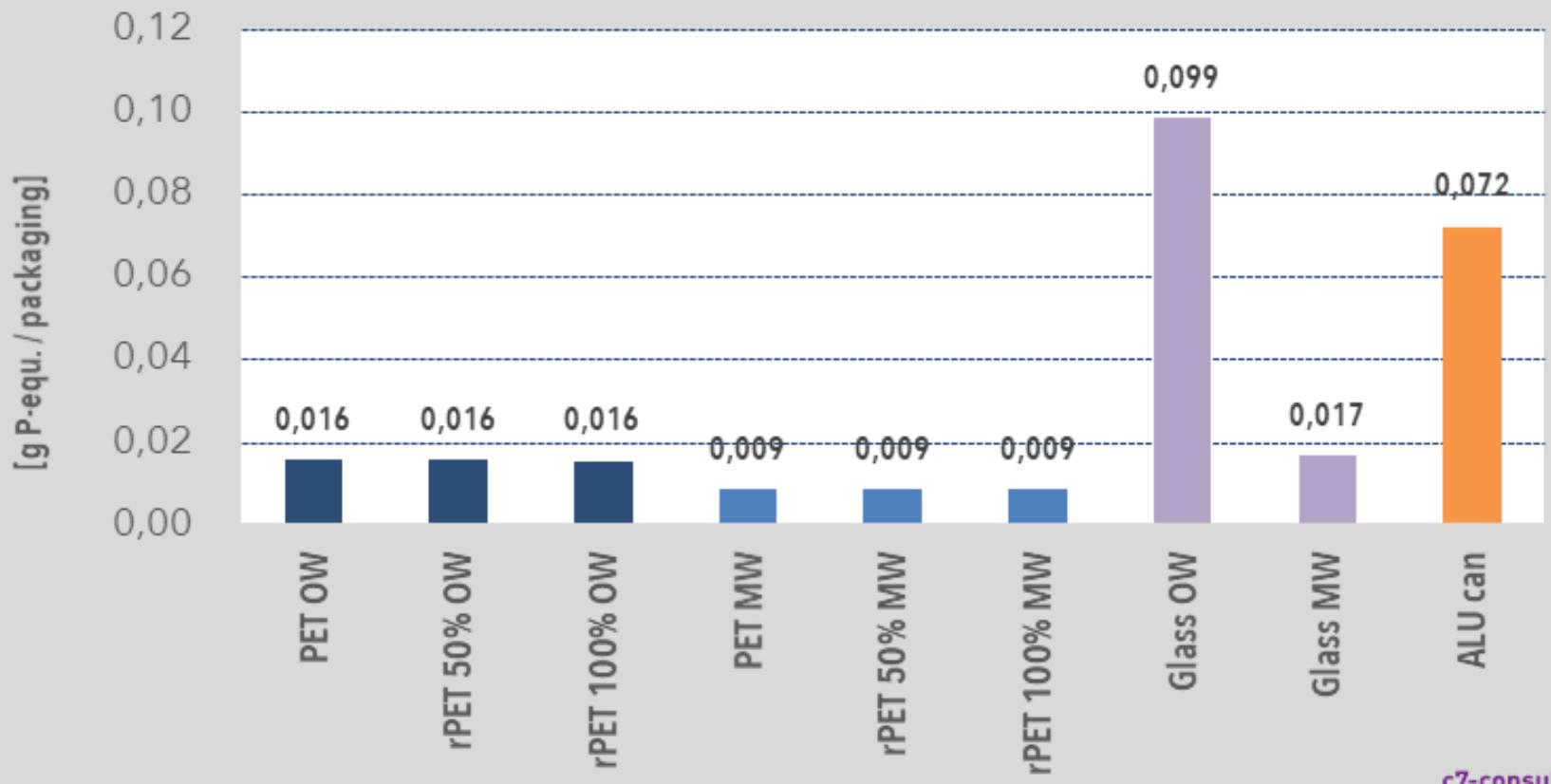


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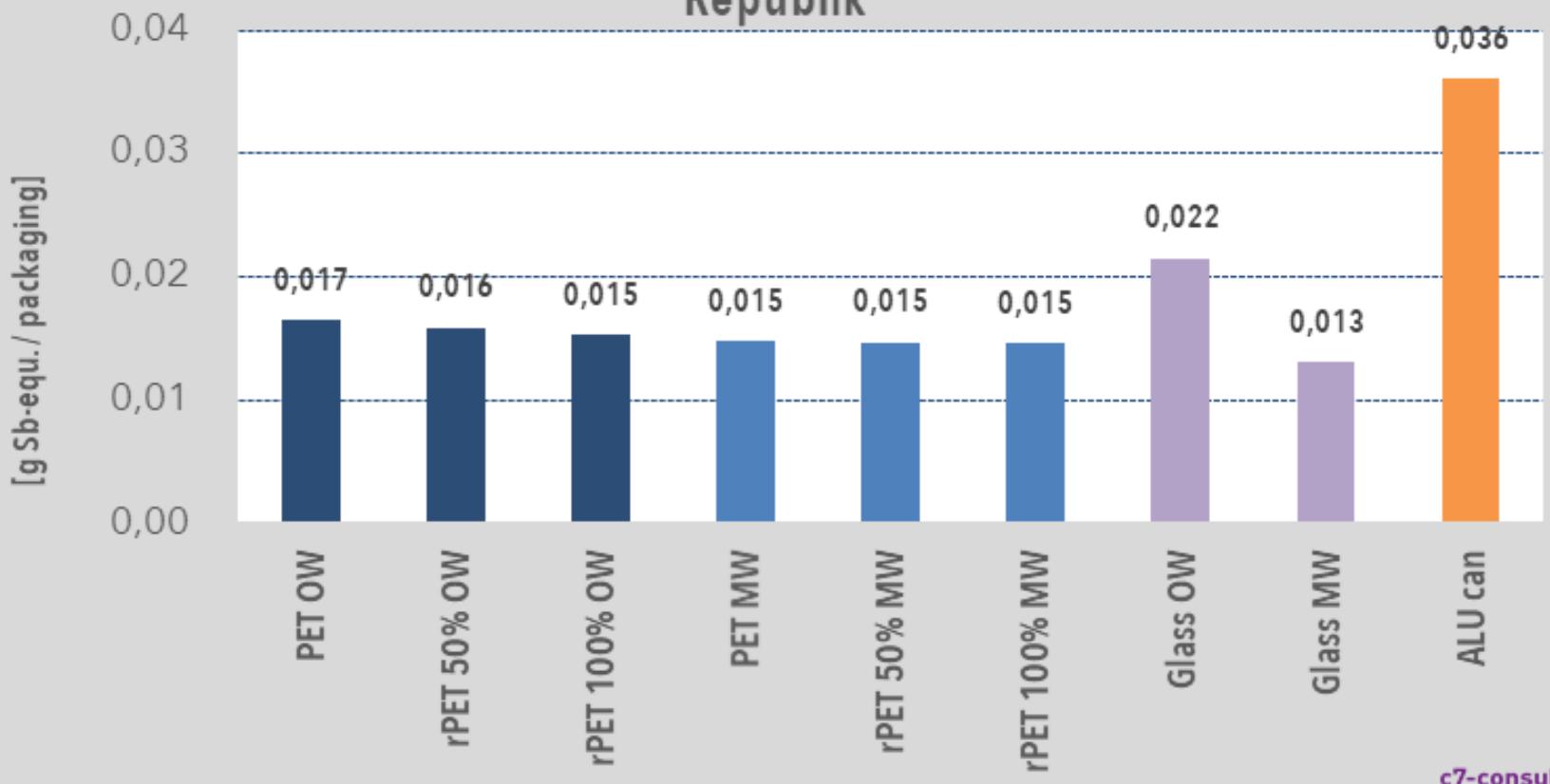
photochemical oxidation (summersmog)- CSD 0,5 l - Czech Republik



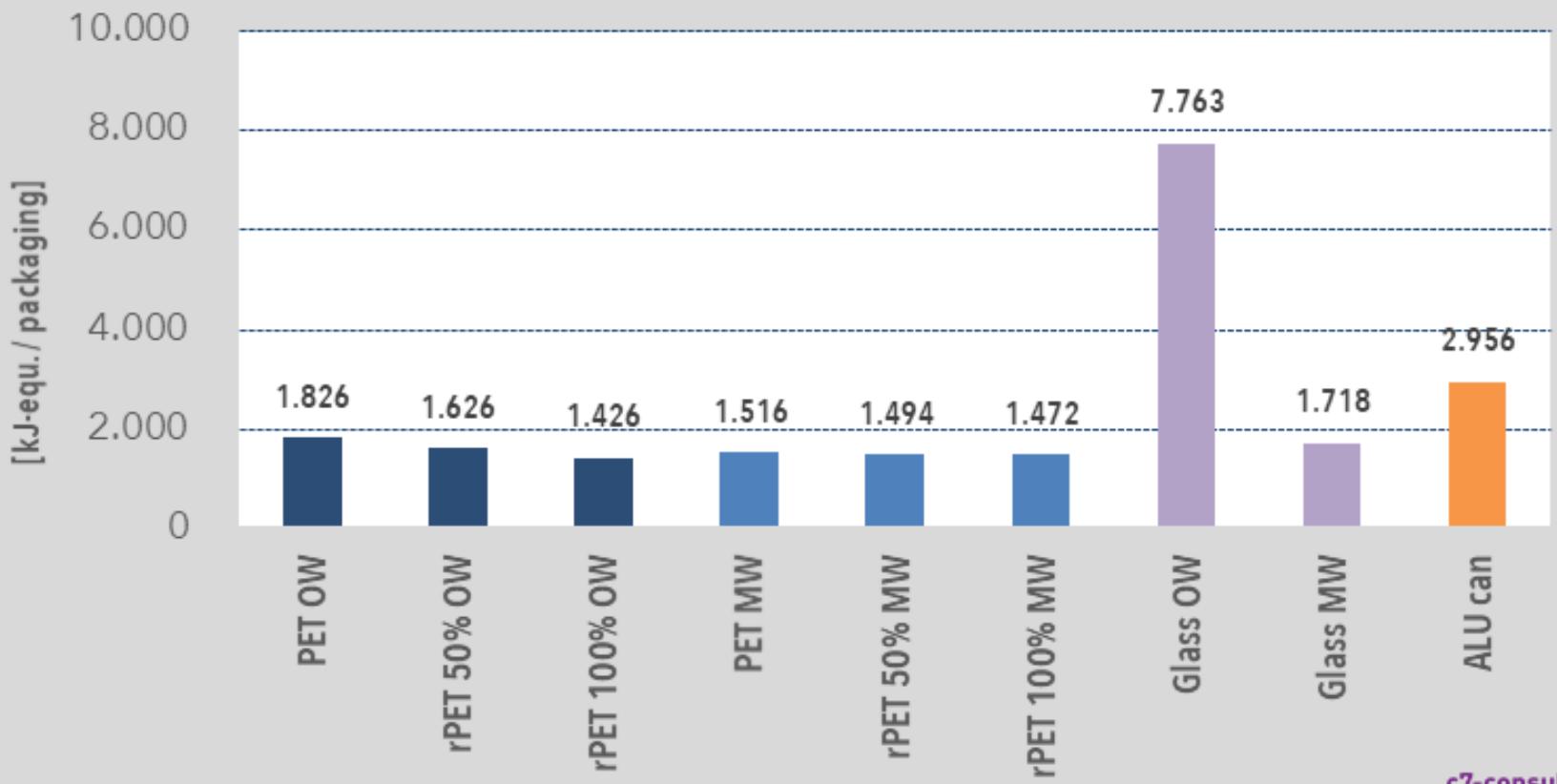
freshwater eutrophication - CSD 0,5 l - Czech Republik



depletion of abiotic resources - elements - CSD 0,5 l - Czech Republik



cumulative energy demand - CSD 0,5 l - Czech Republik

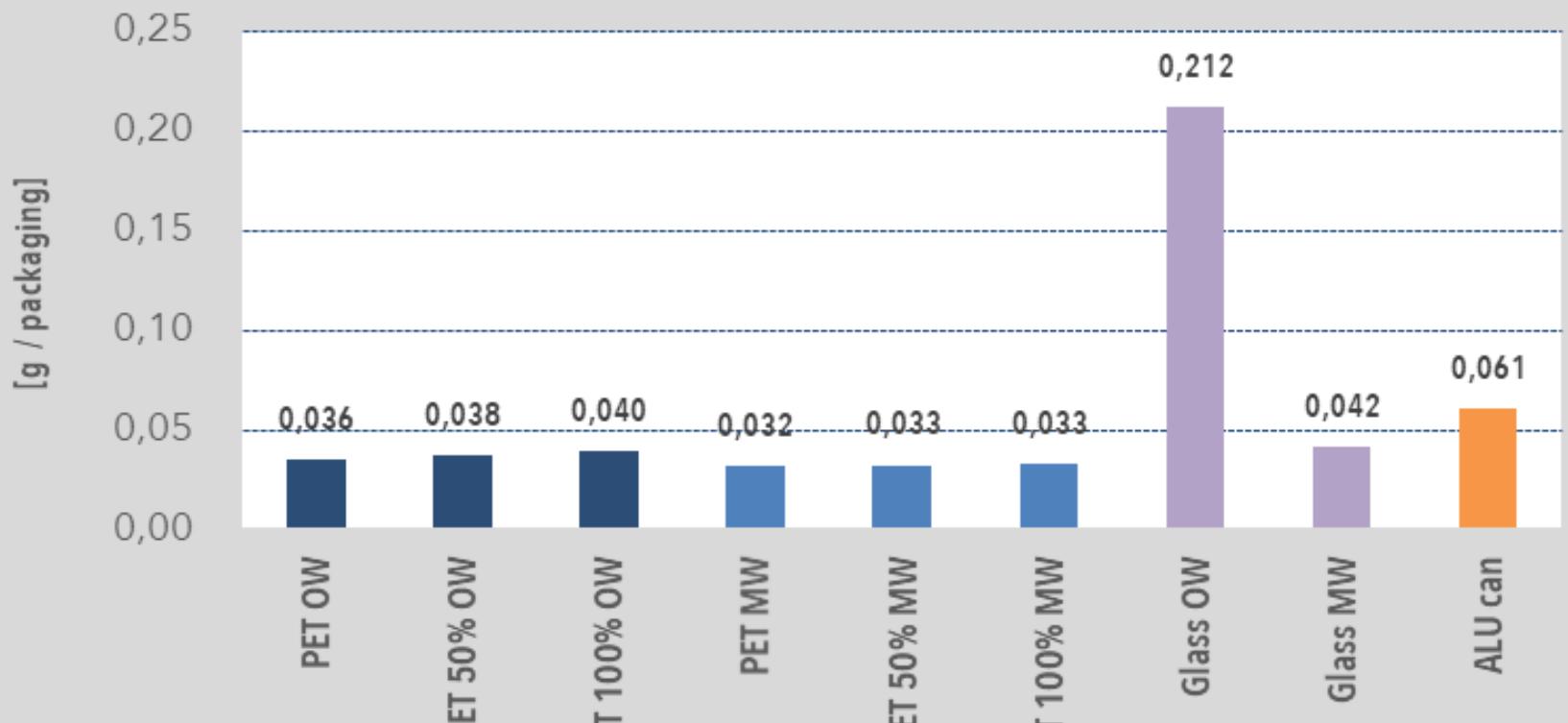


Carbonated Soft Drinks



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particulates < 2,5 µm - CSD 0,5 l - Czech Republik

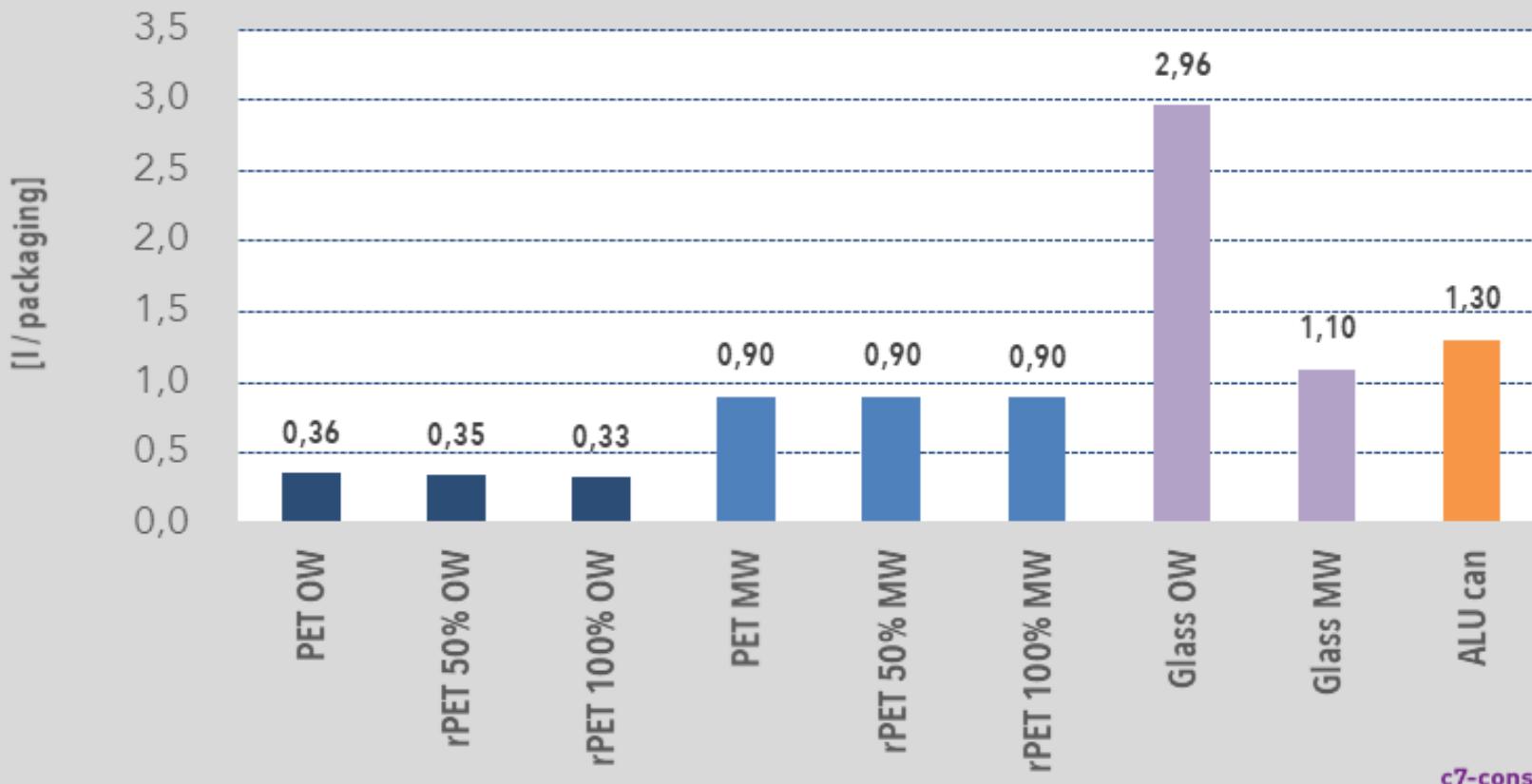


Carbonated Soft Drinks

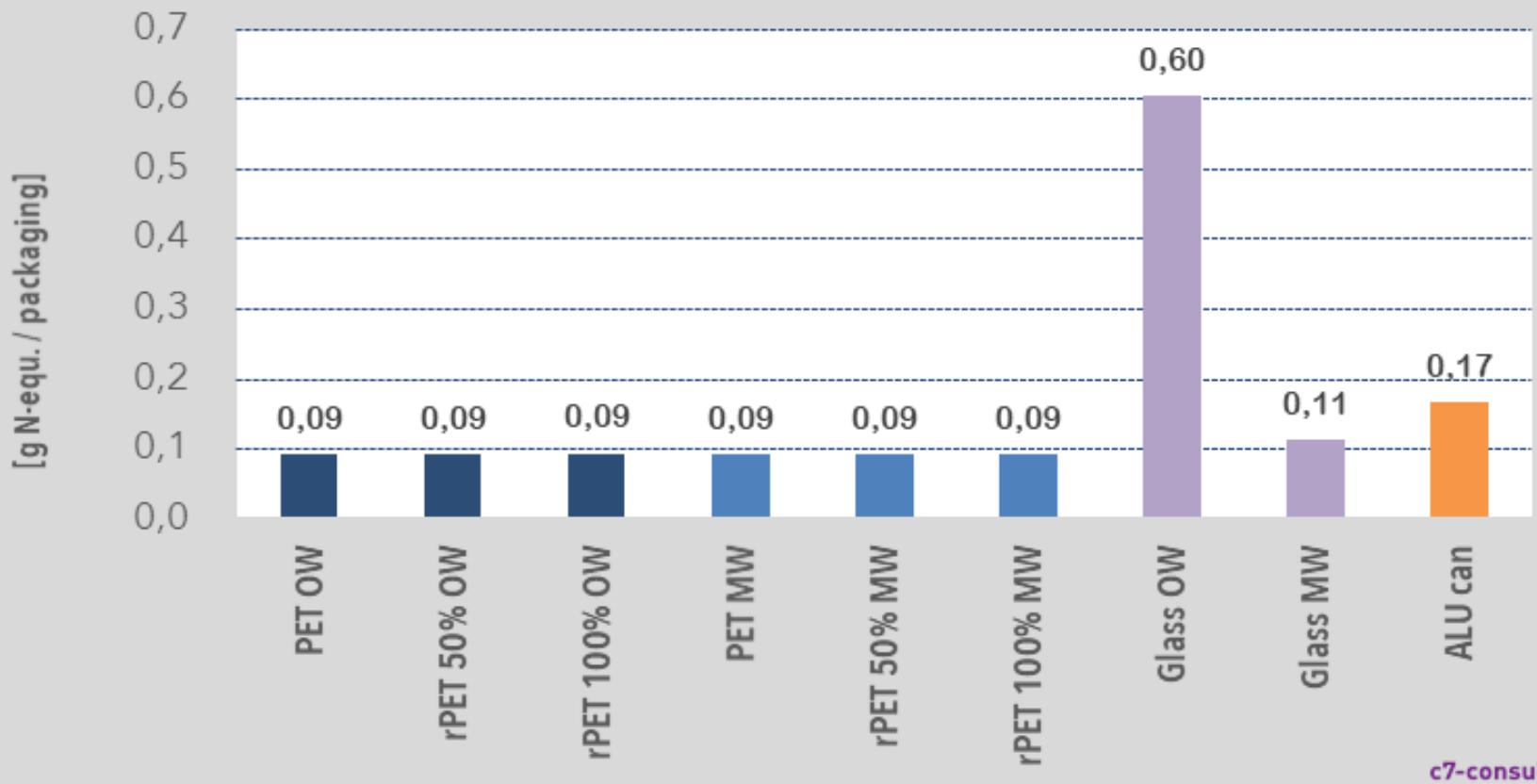


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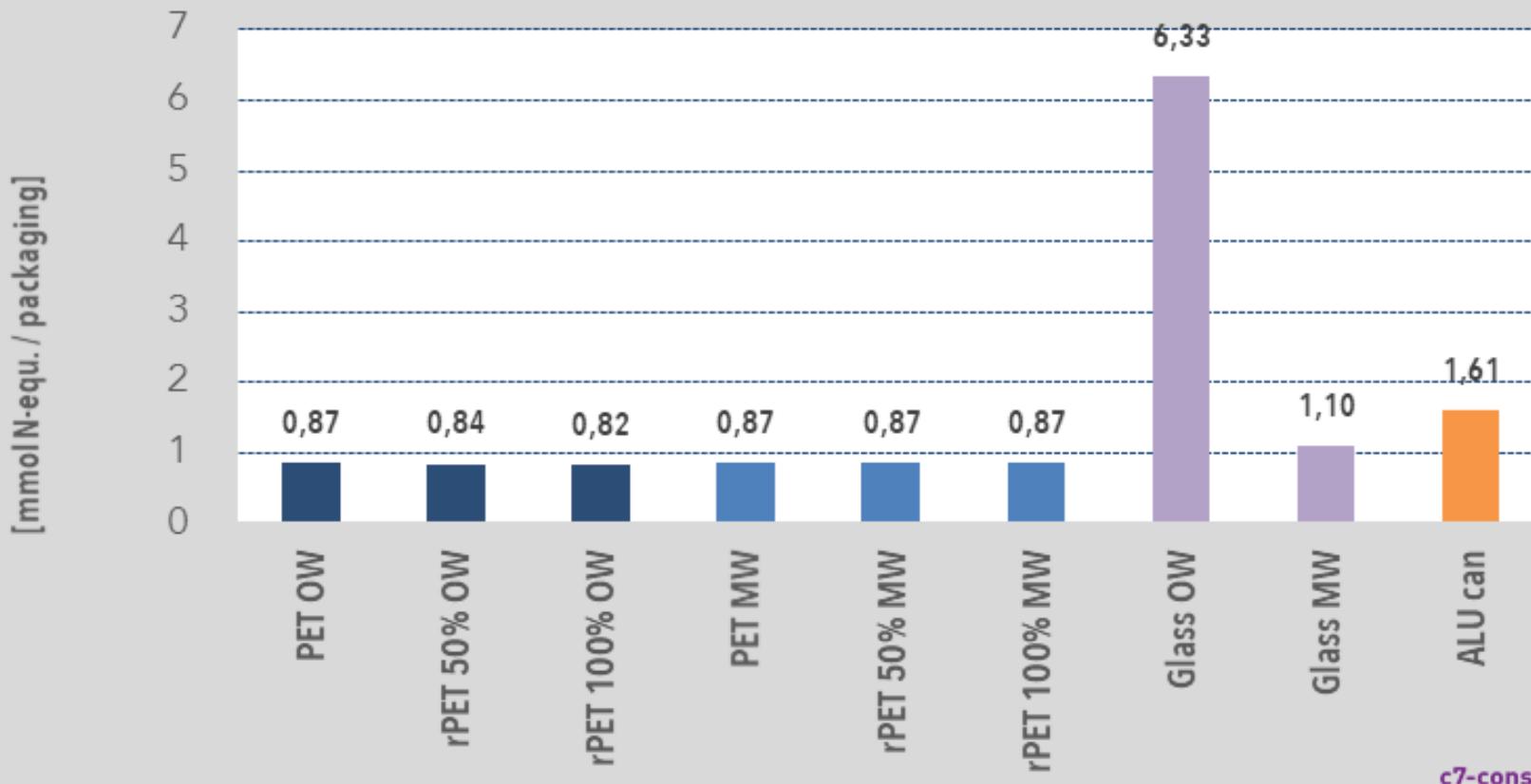
water - CSD 0,5 l - Czech Republik



marine eutrophication - CSD 0,5l - Czech Republik



terrestrial eutrophication - CSD 0,5 l - Czech Republik

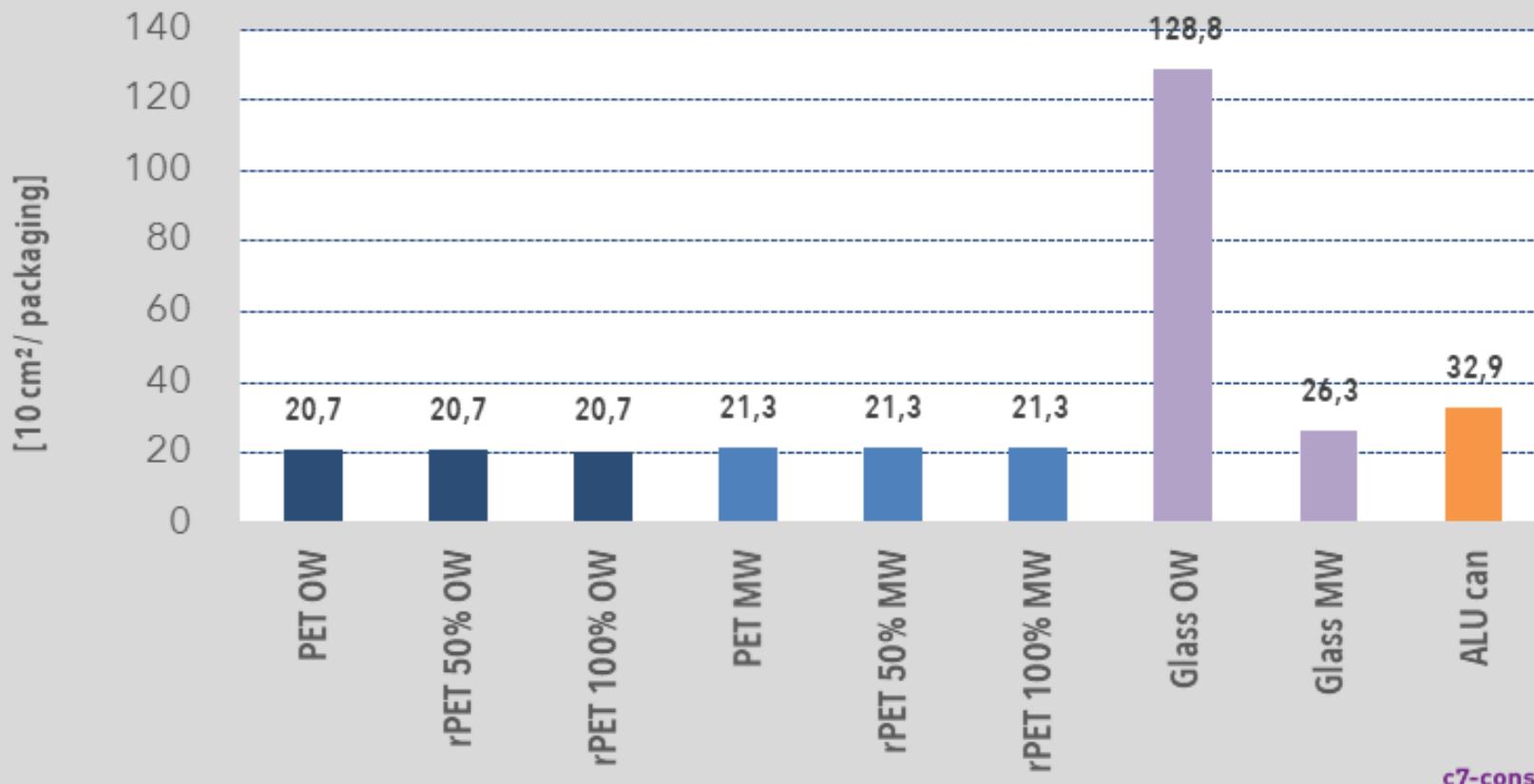


Carbonated Soft Drinks

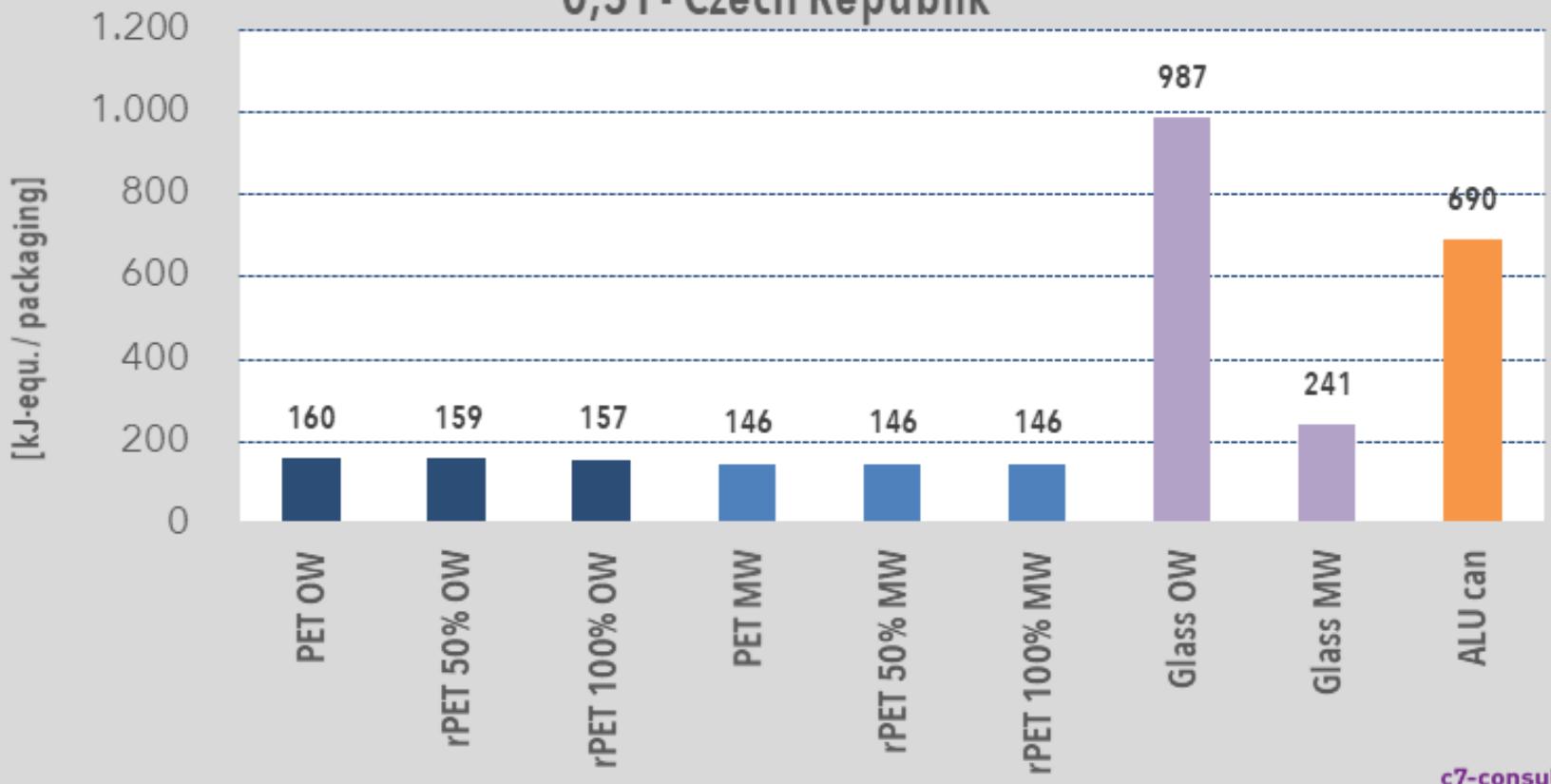


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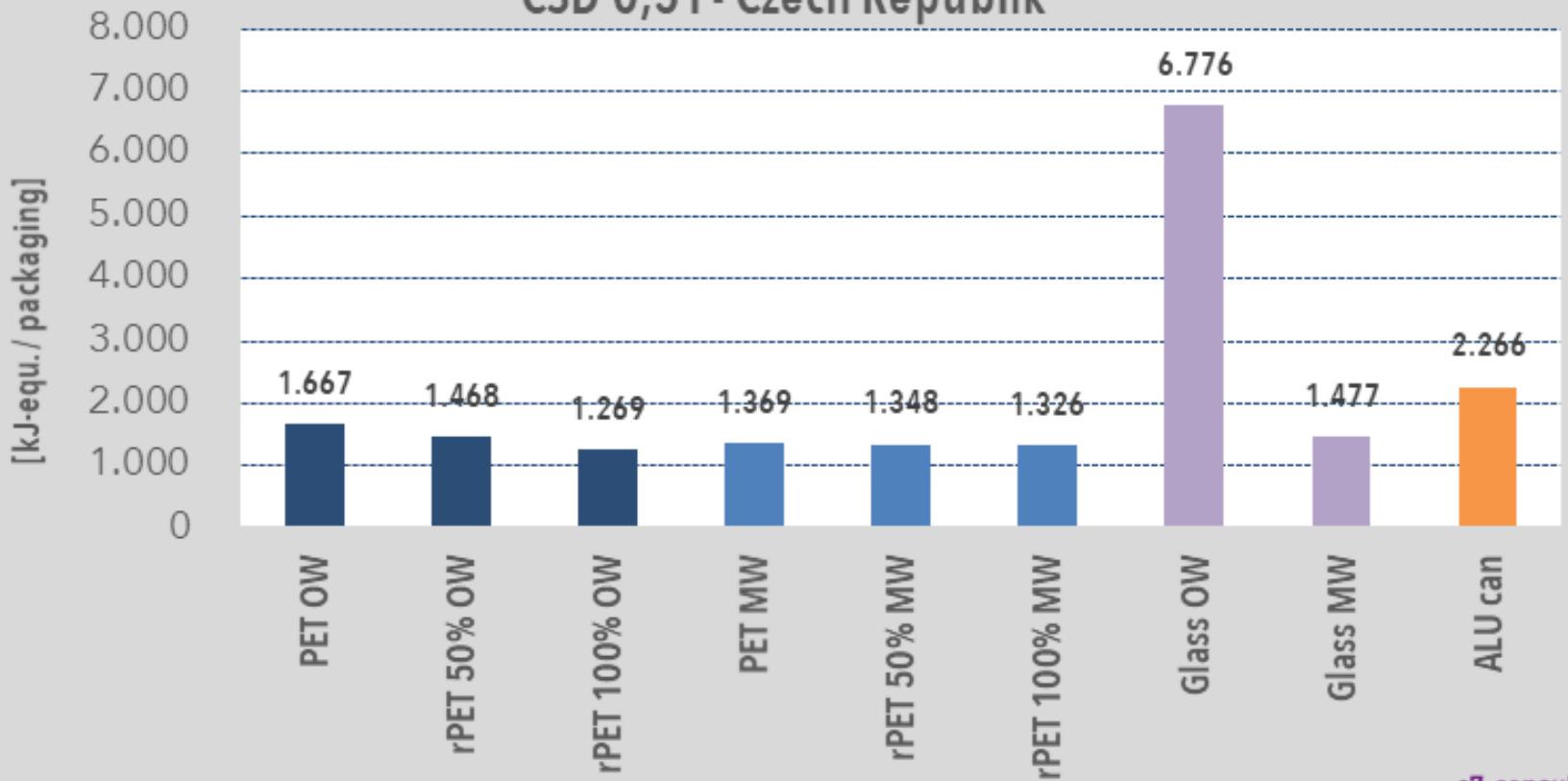
land use - CSD 0,5l - Czech Republik



cumulative energy demand - renewable energy resources - CSD 0,5 l - Czech Republik



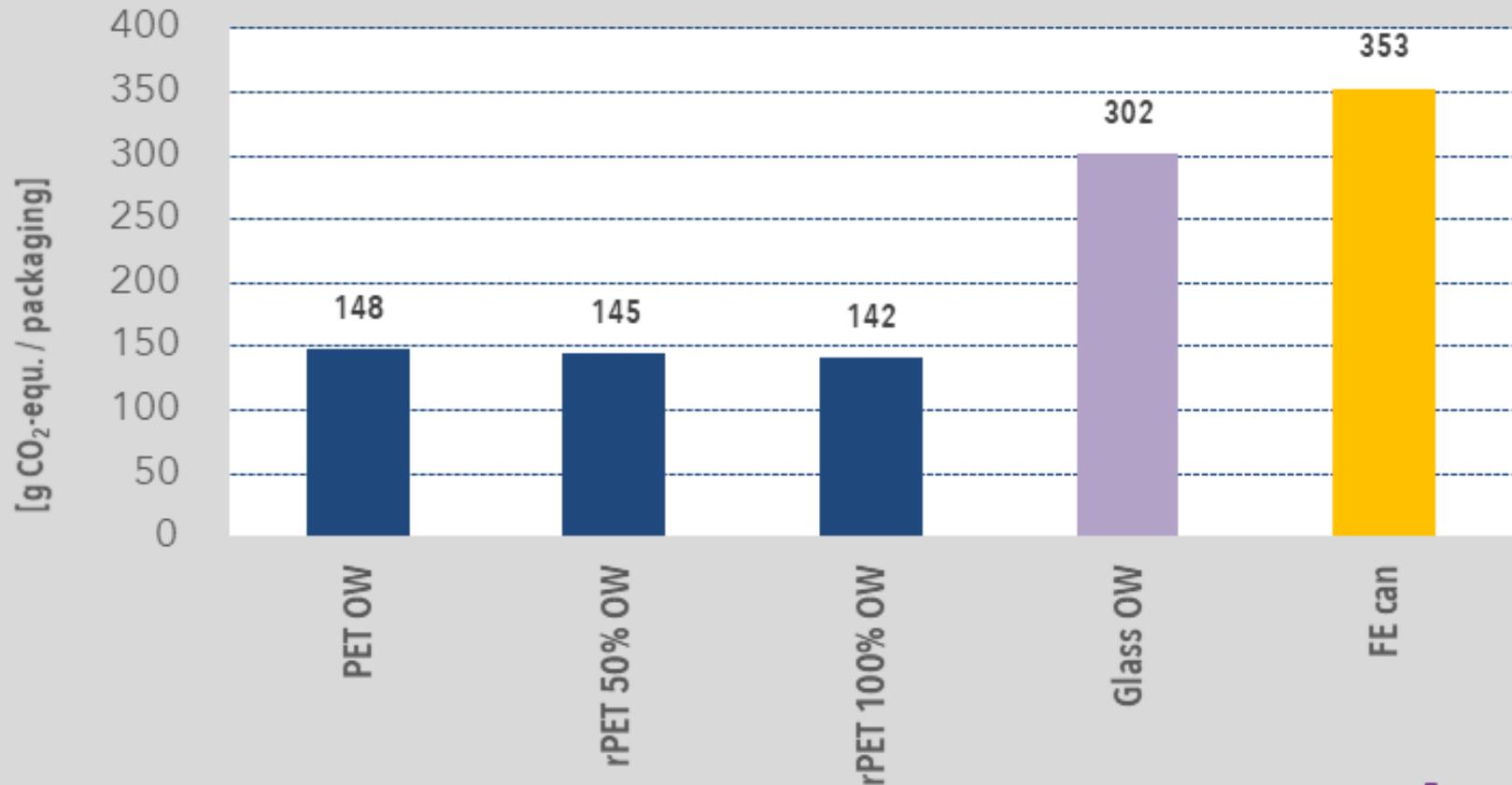
cumulative energy demand -non-renewable energy resources - CSD 0,5 l - Czech Republik



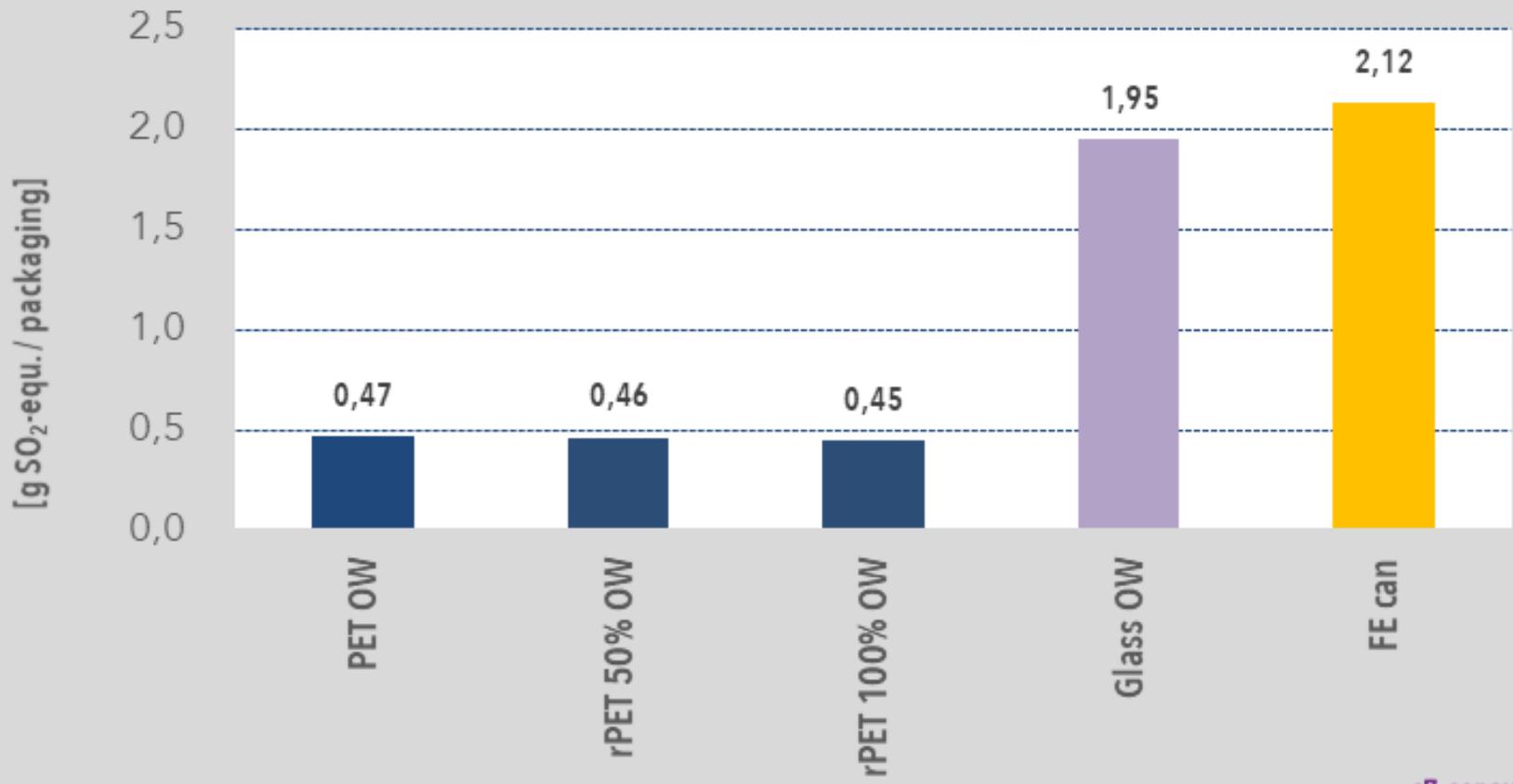


Results Food jar 350 g

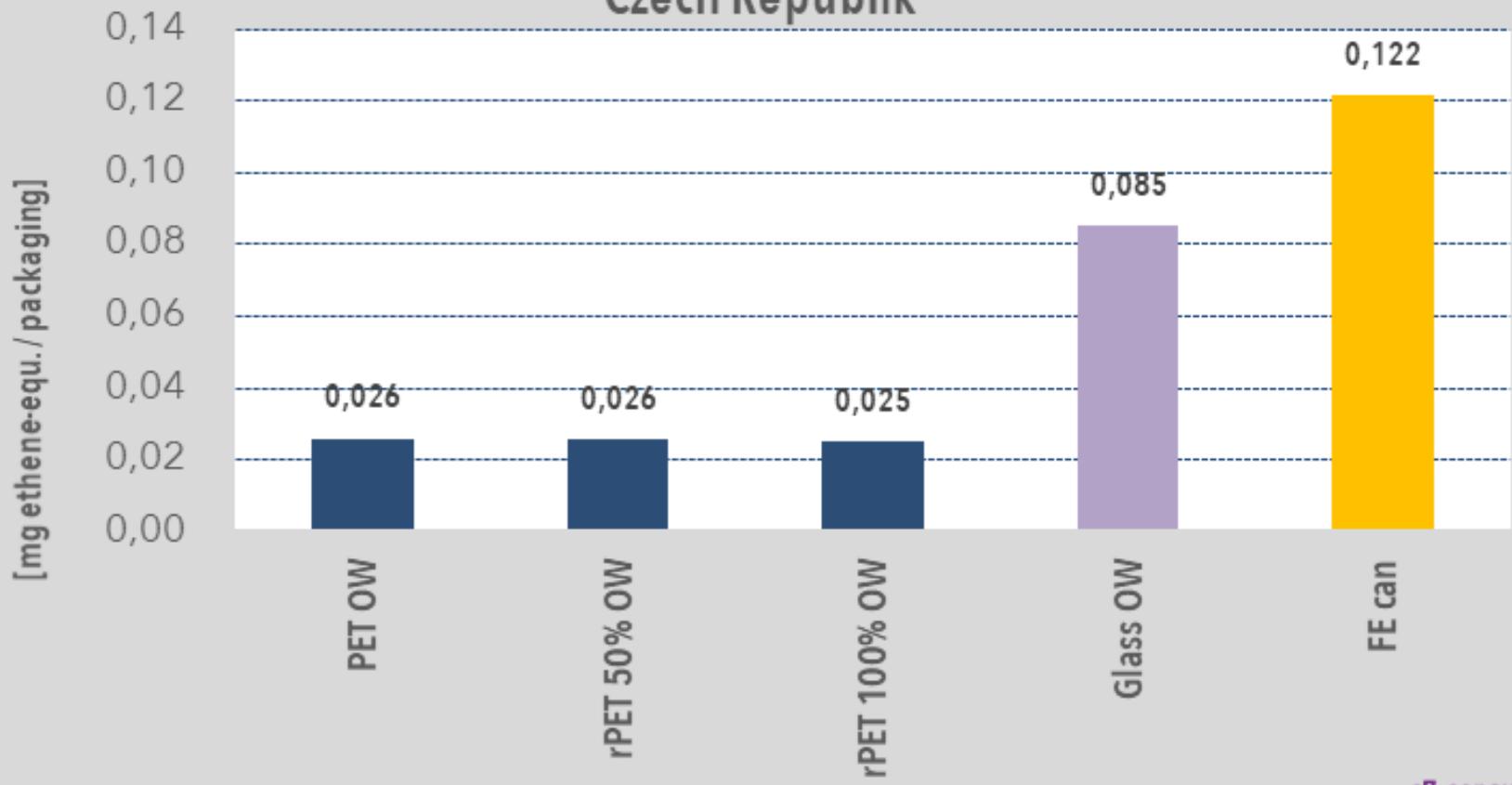
climate change - food jar 0,35 l - Czech Republik



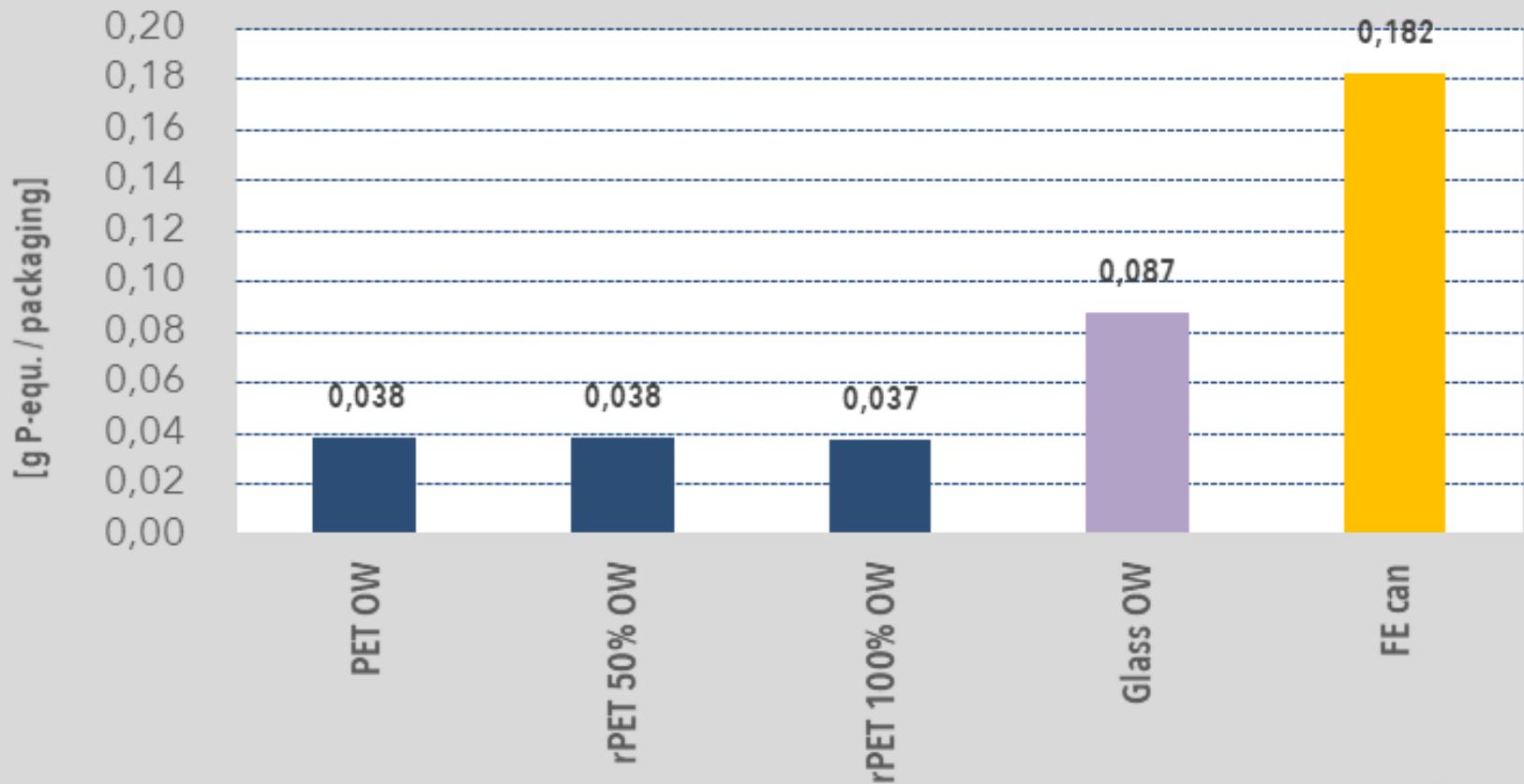
acidification potential - food jar 0,35l - Czech Republik



photochemical oxidation(summersmog)- food jar 0,35 l - Czech Republik

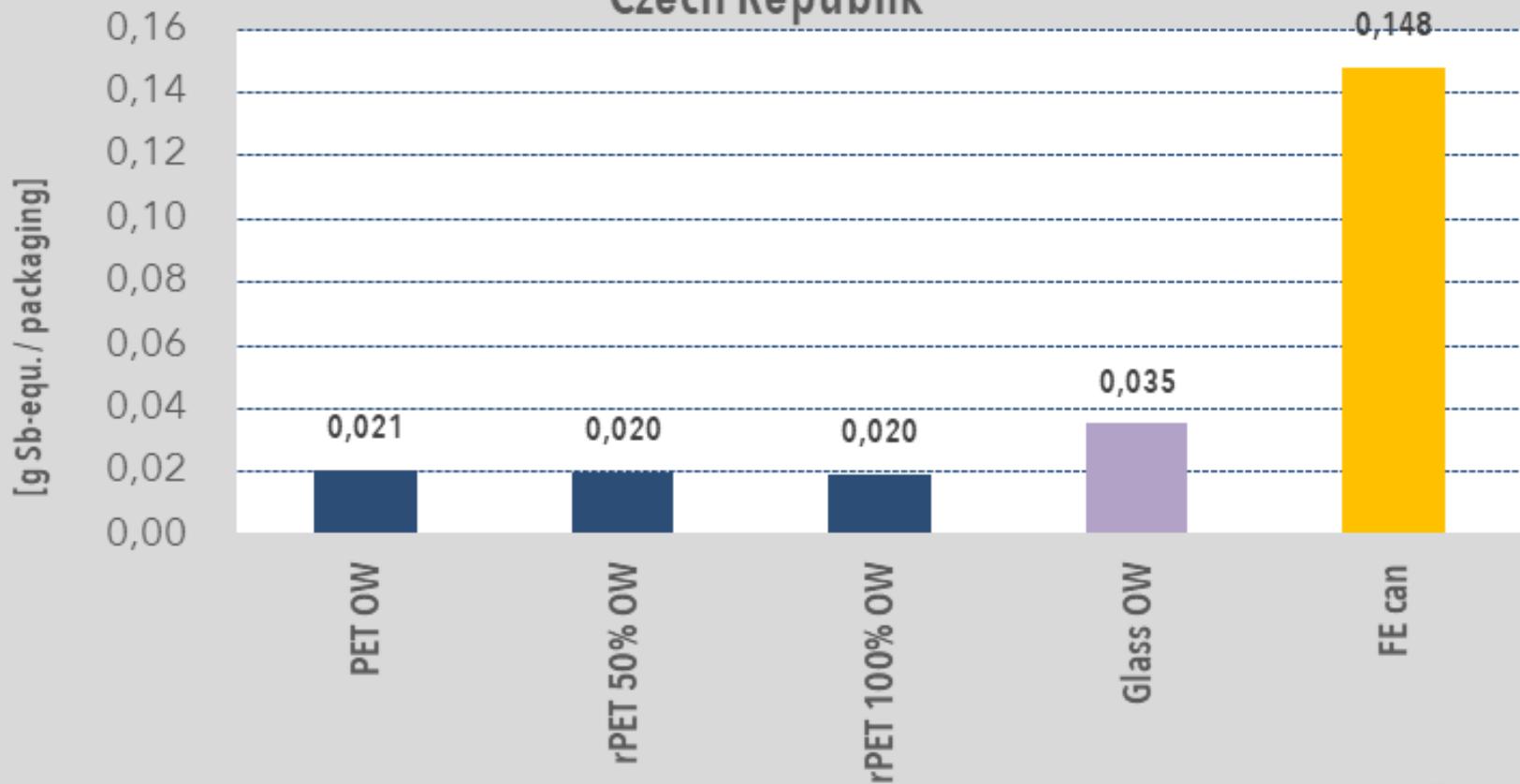


freshwater eutrophication - food jar 0,35l - Czech Republik

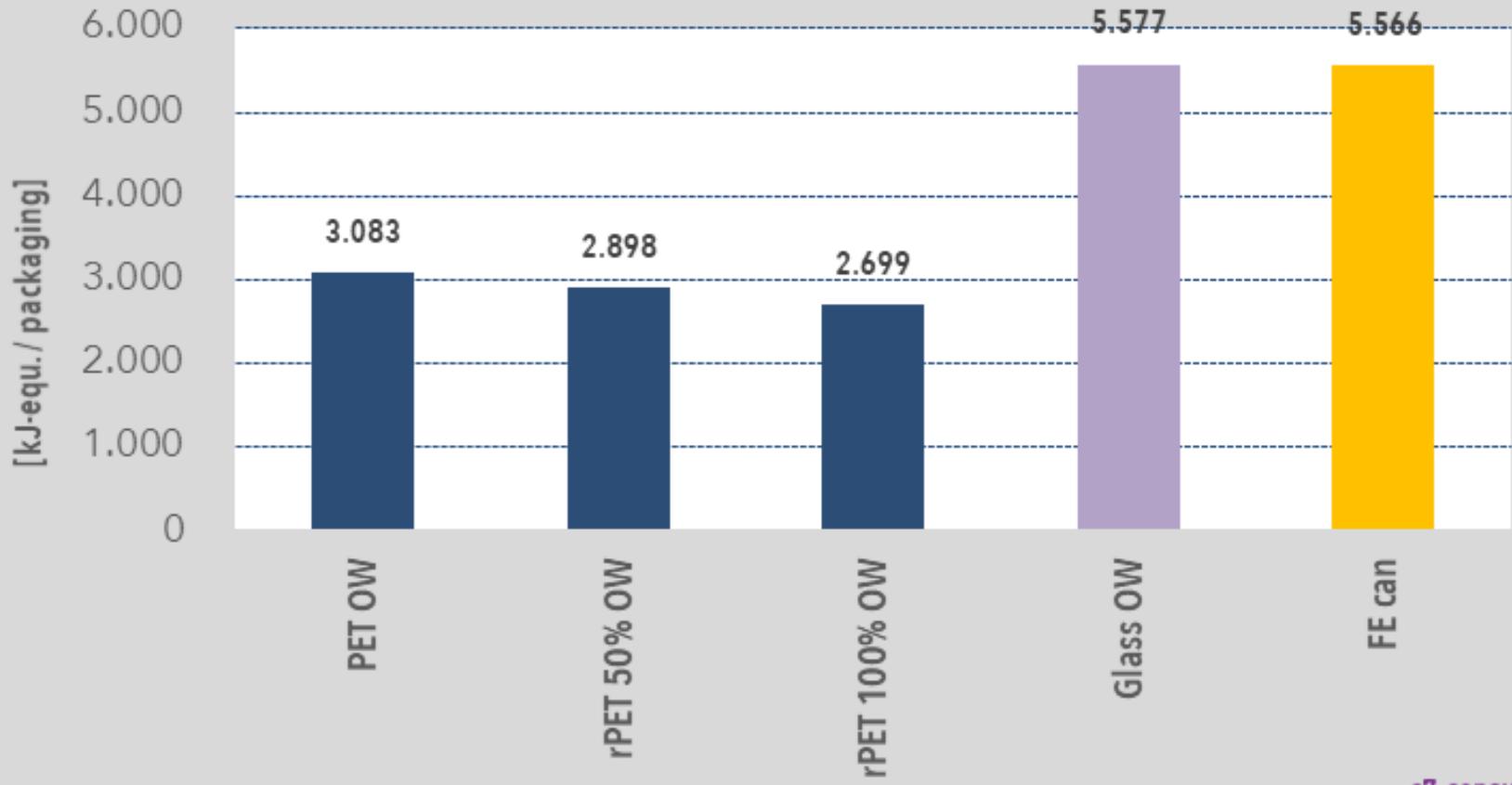


depletion of abiotic resources - elements - food jar 0,35 l -

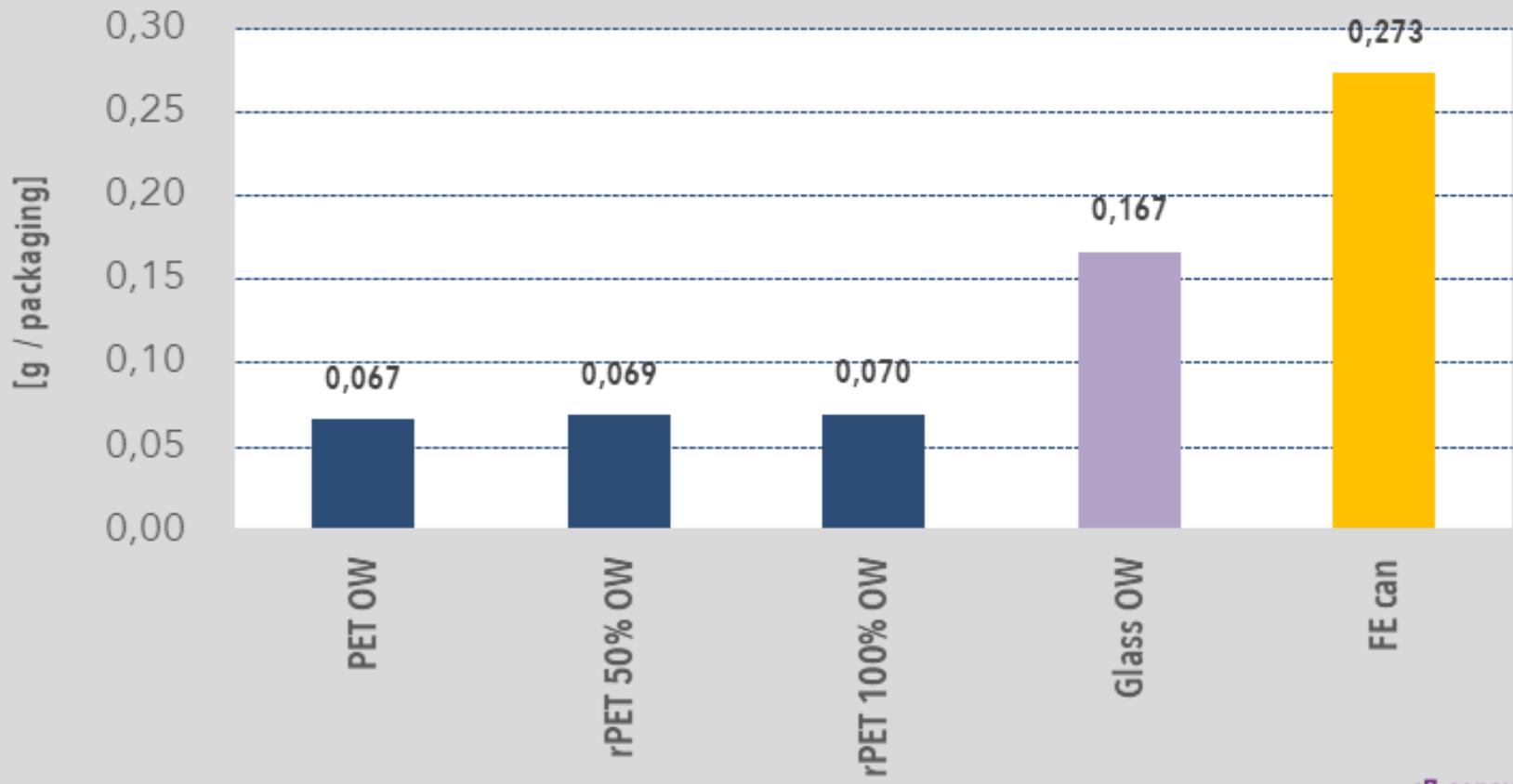
Czech Republik



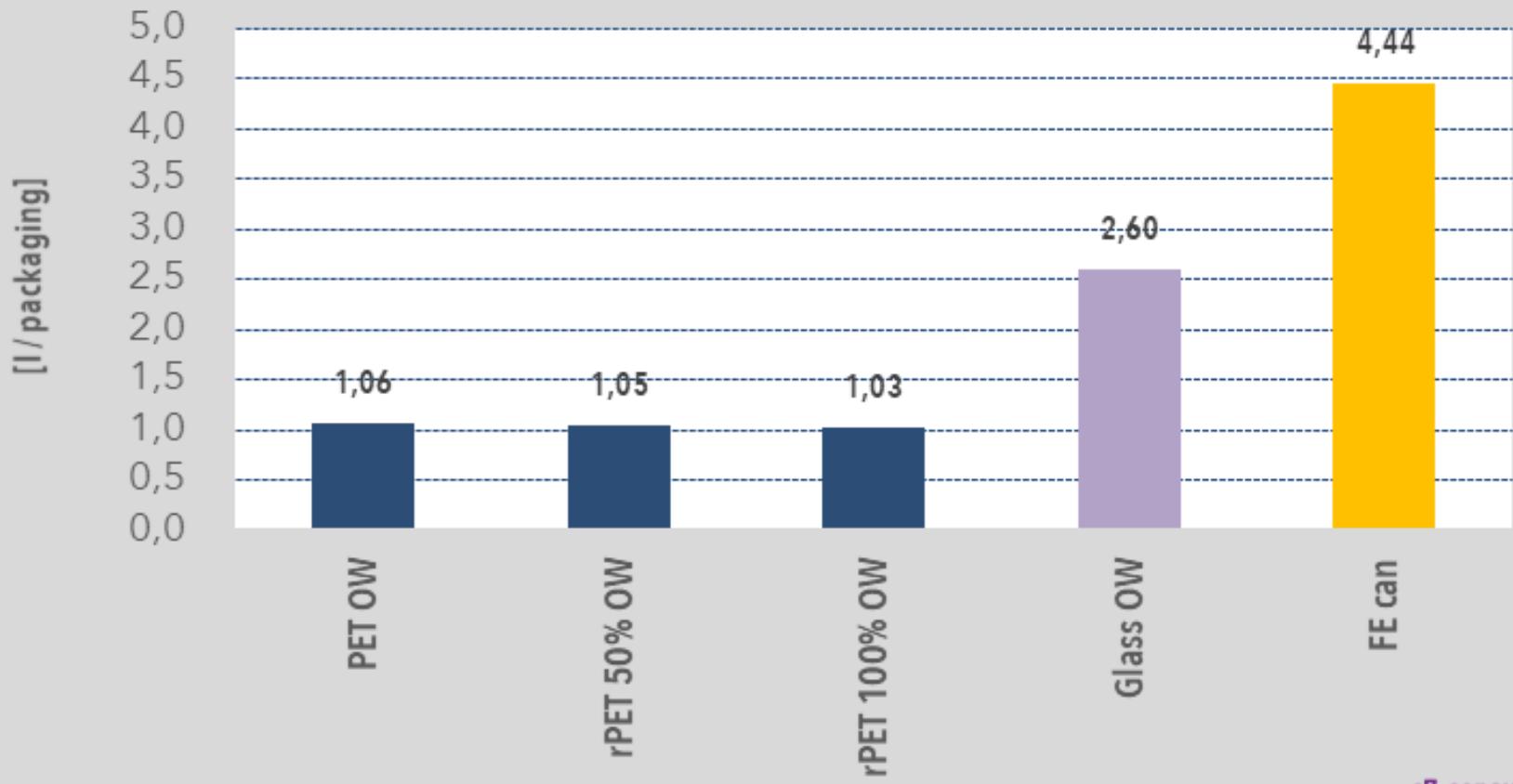
cumulative energy demand - food jar 0,35l - Czech Republik



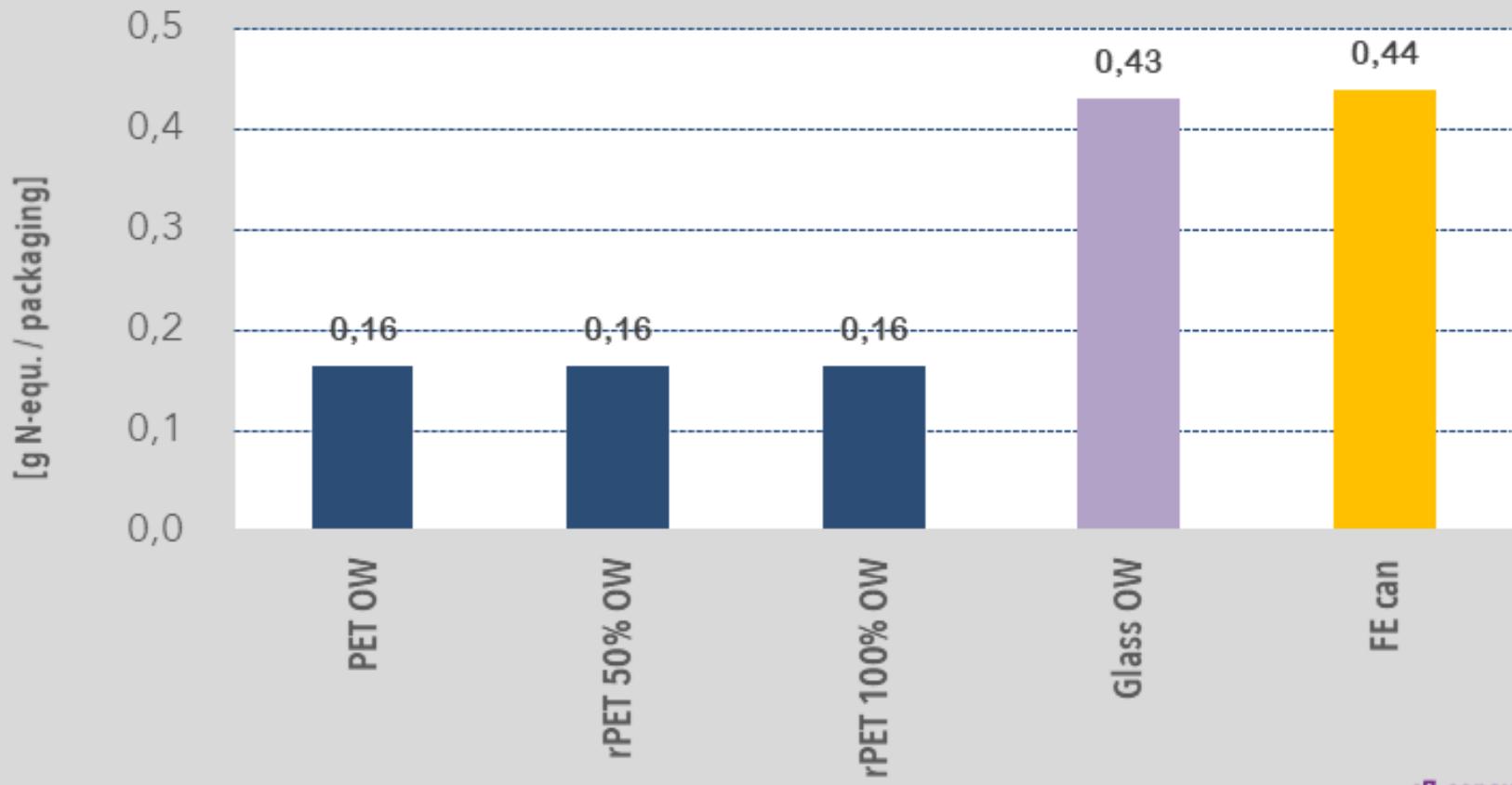
particulates < 2,5 µm - food jar 0,35l - Czech Republik



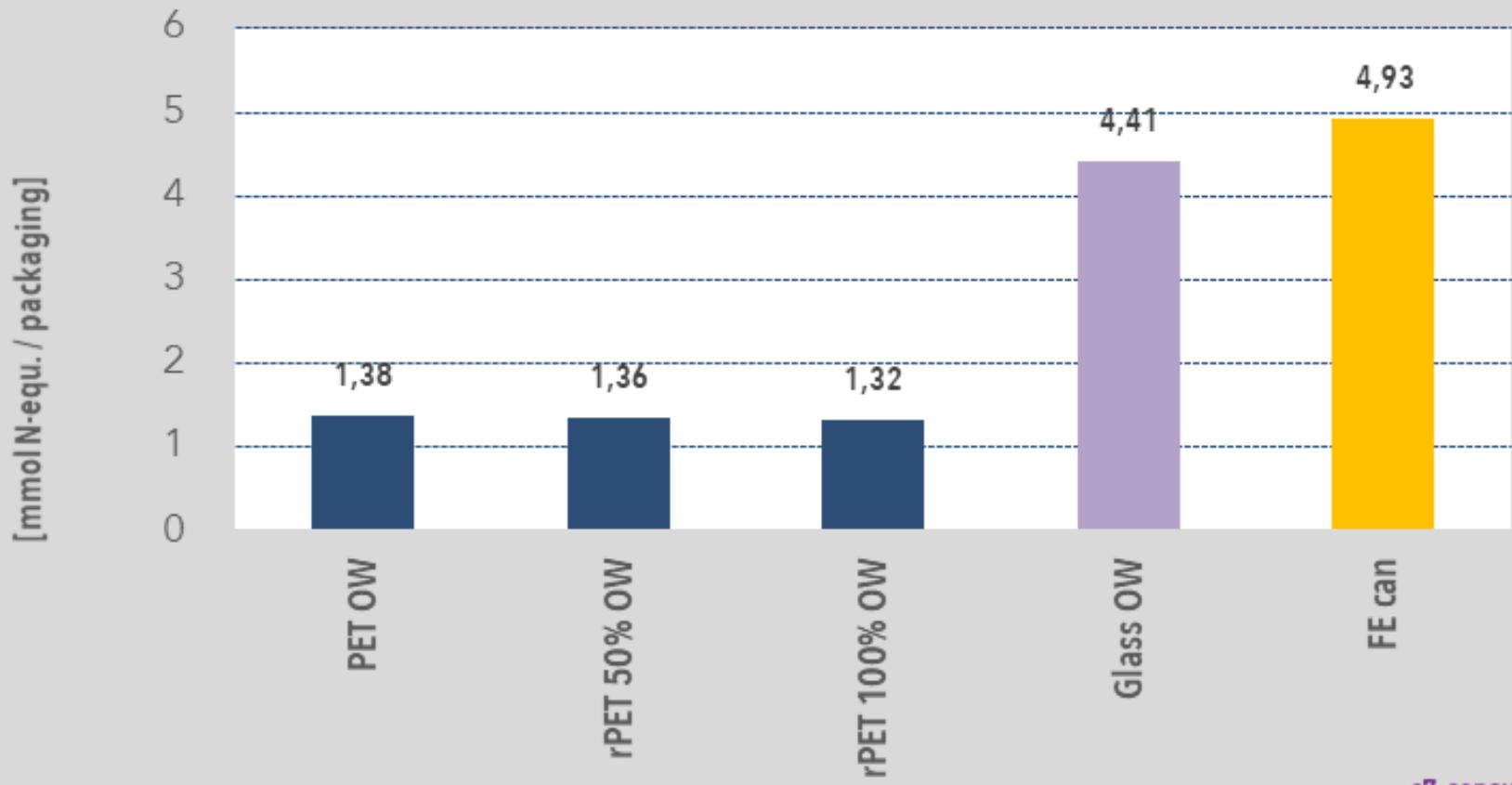
water - food jar 0,35l - Czech Republik



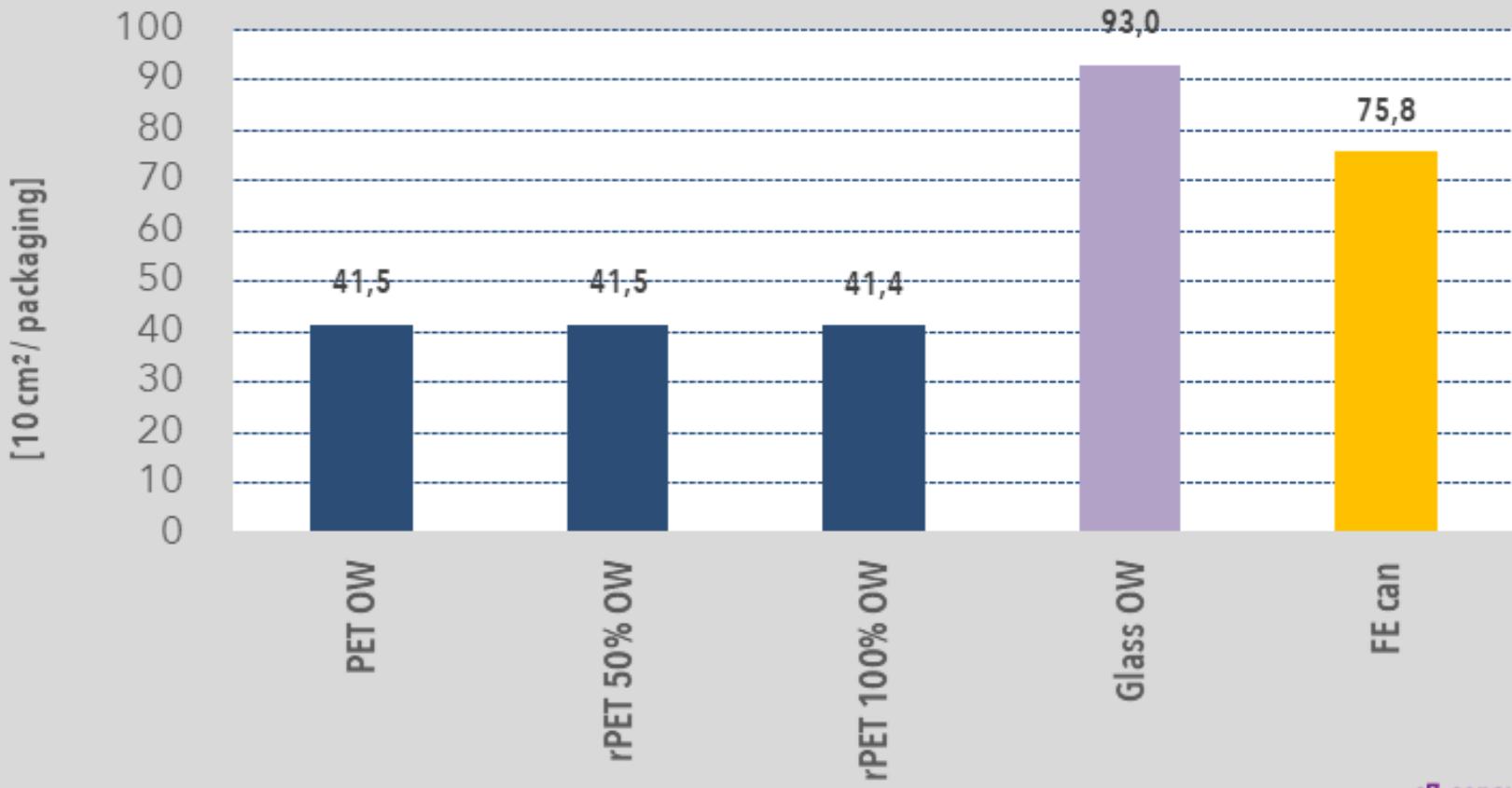
marine eutrophication - food jar 0,35l - Czech Republik



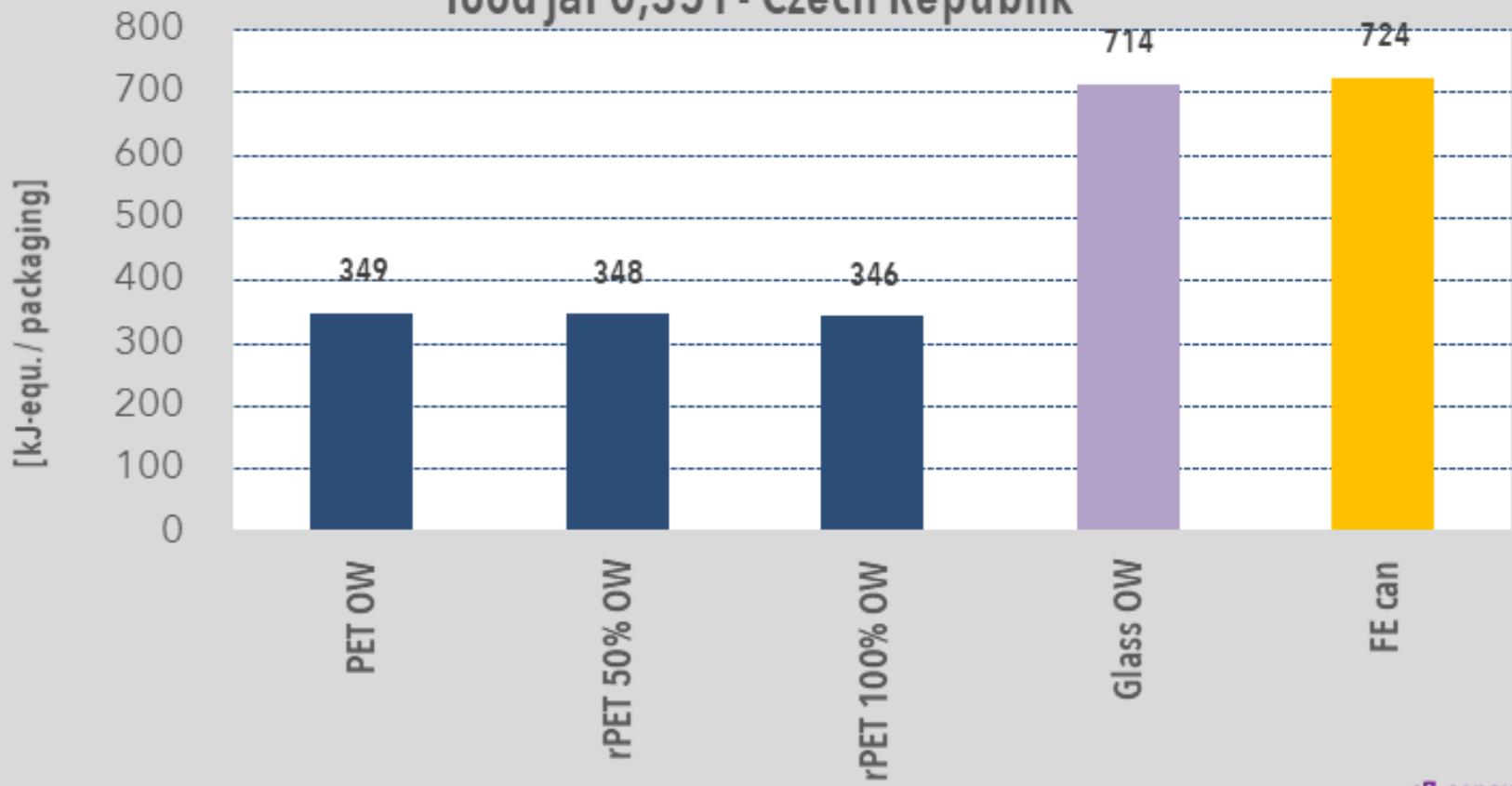
terrestrial eutrophication - food jar 0,35l - Czech Republik



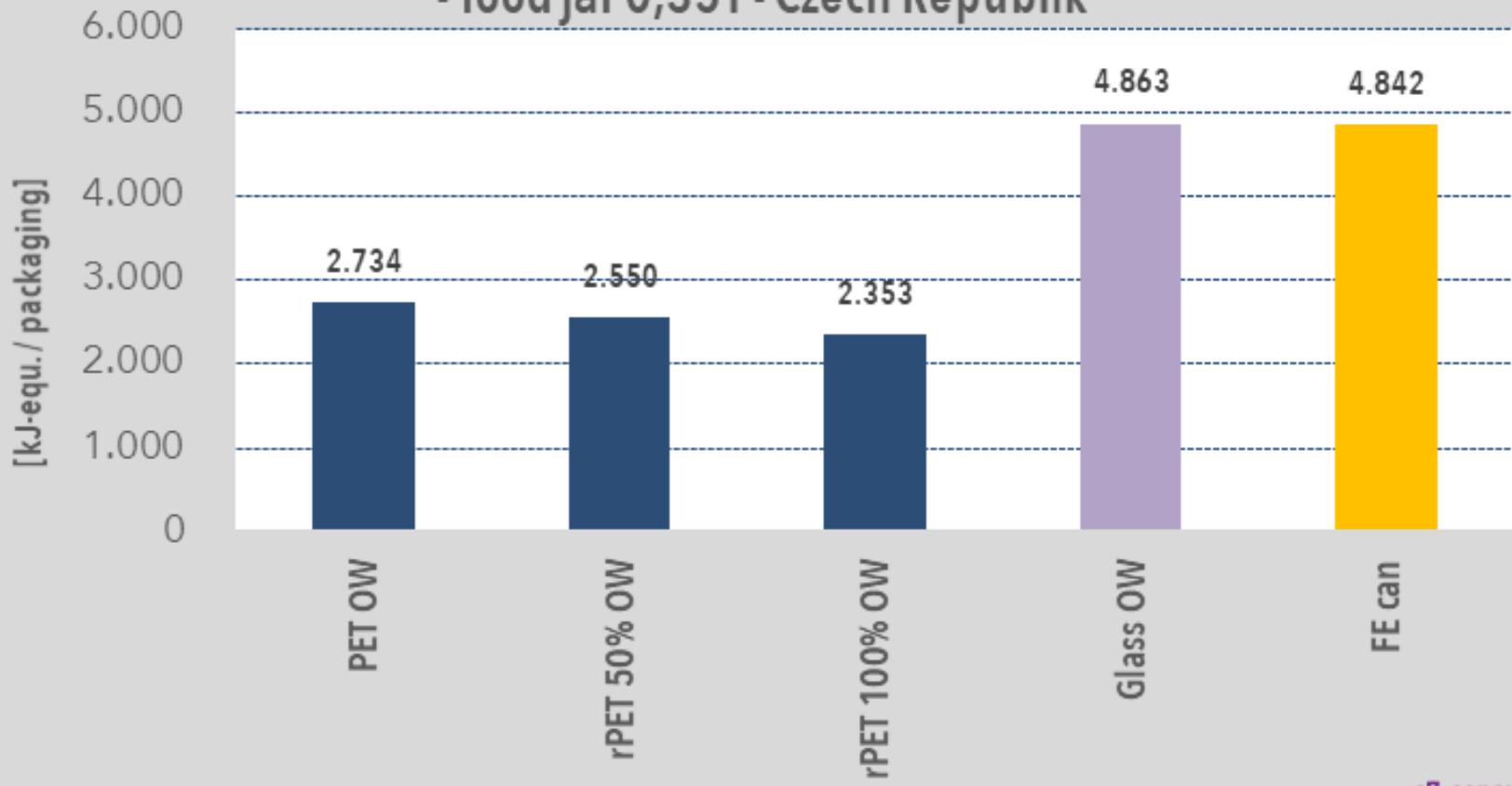
land use - food jar 0,35l - Czech Republik



cumulative energy demand - renewable energy resources - food jar 0,35 l - Czech Republik



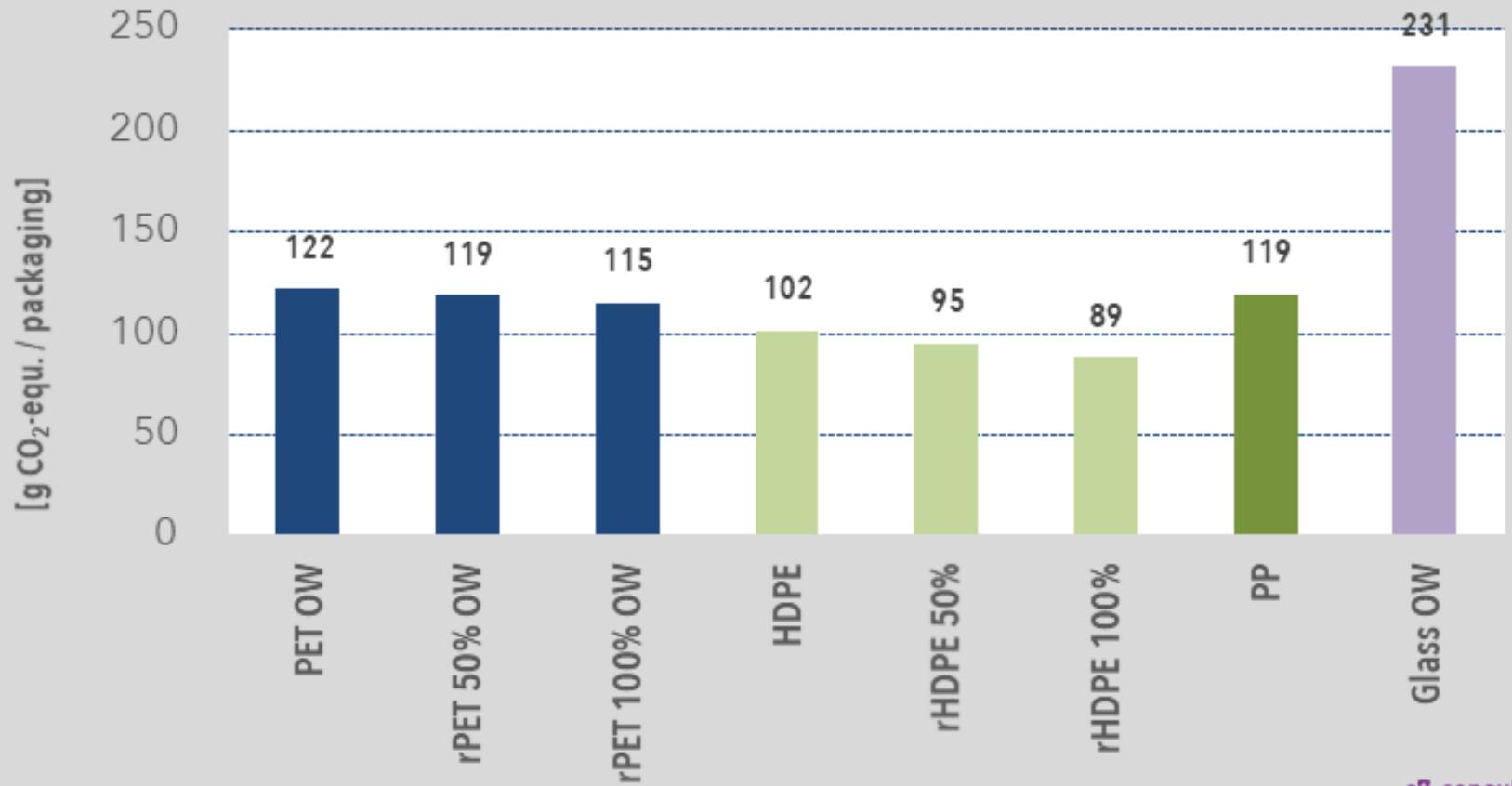
cumulative energy demand -non-renewable energy resources - food jar 0,35l - Czech Republik



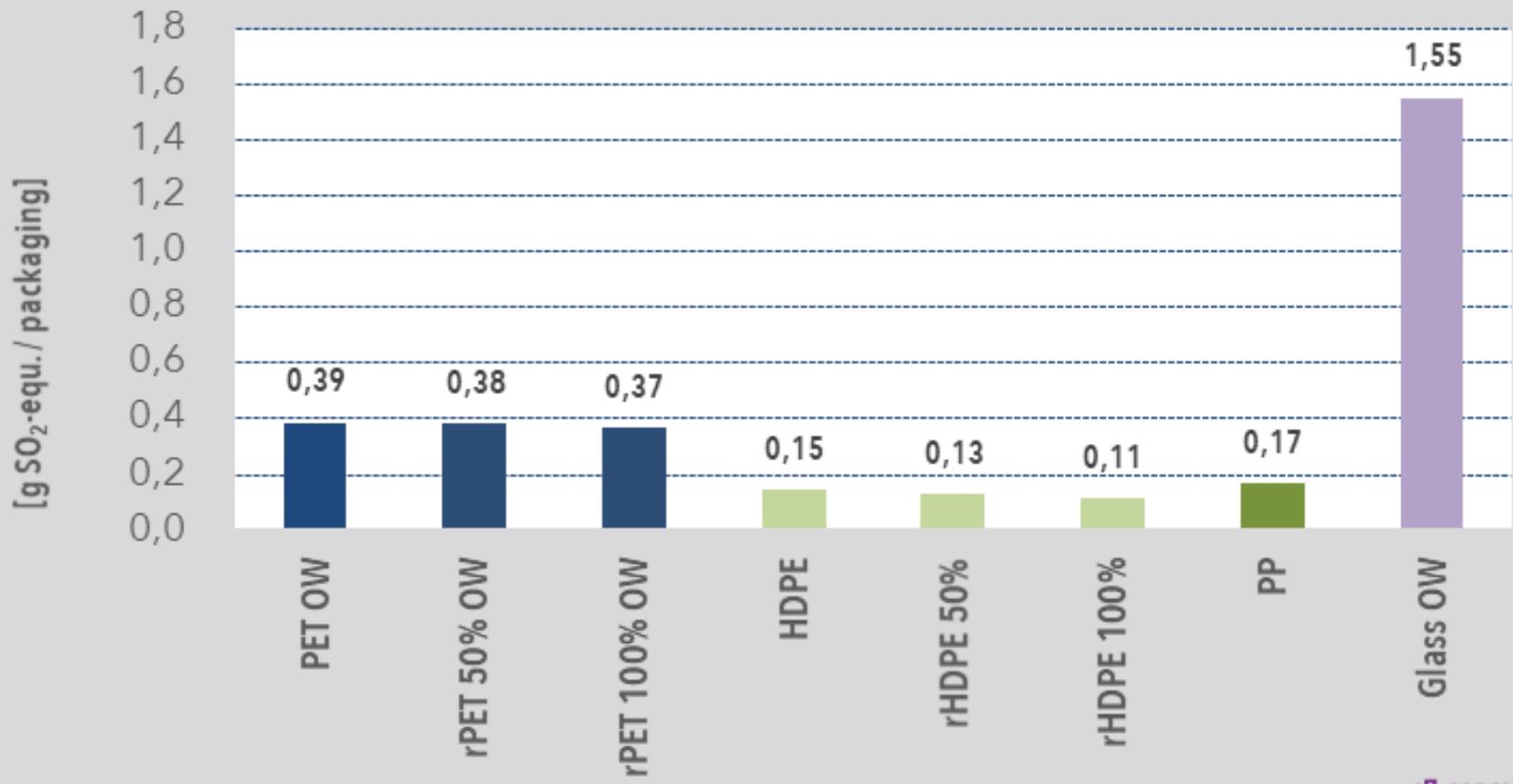


Results Ketchup 300 ml

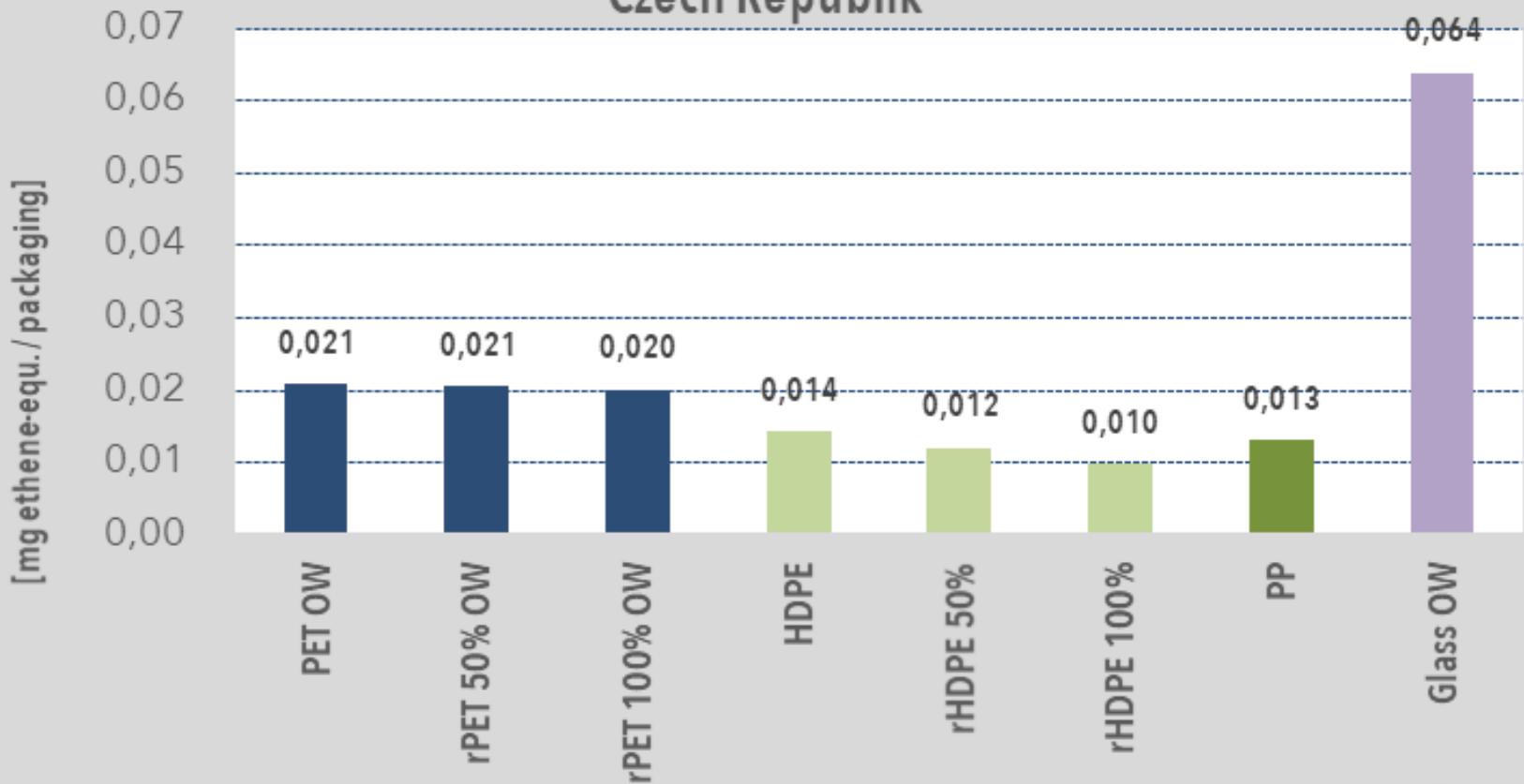
climate change - ketchup 0,3 l - Czech Republik



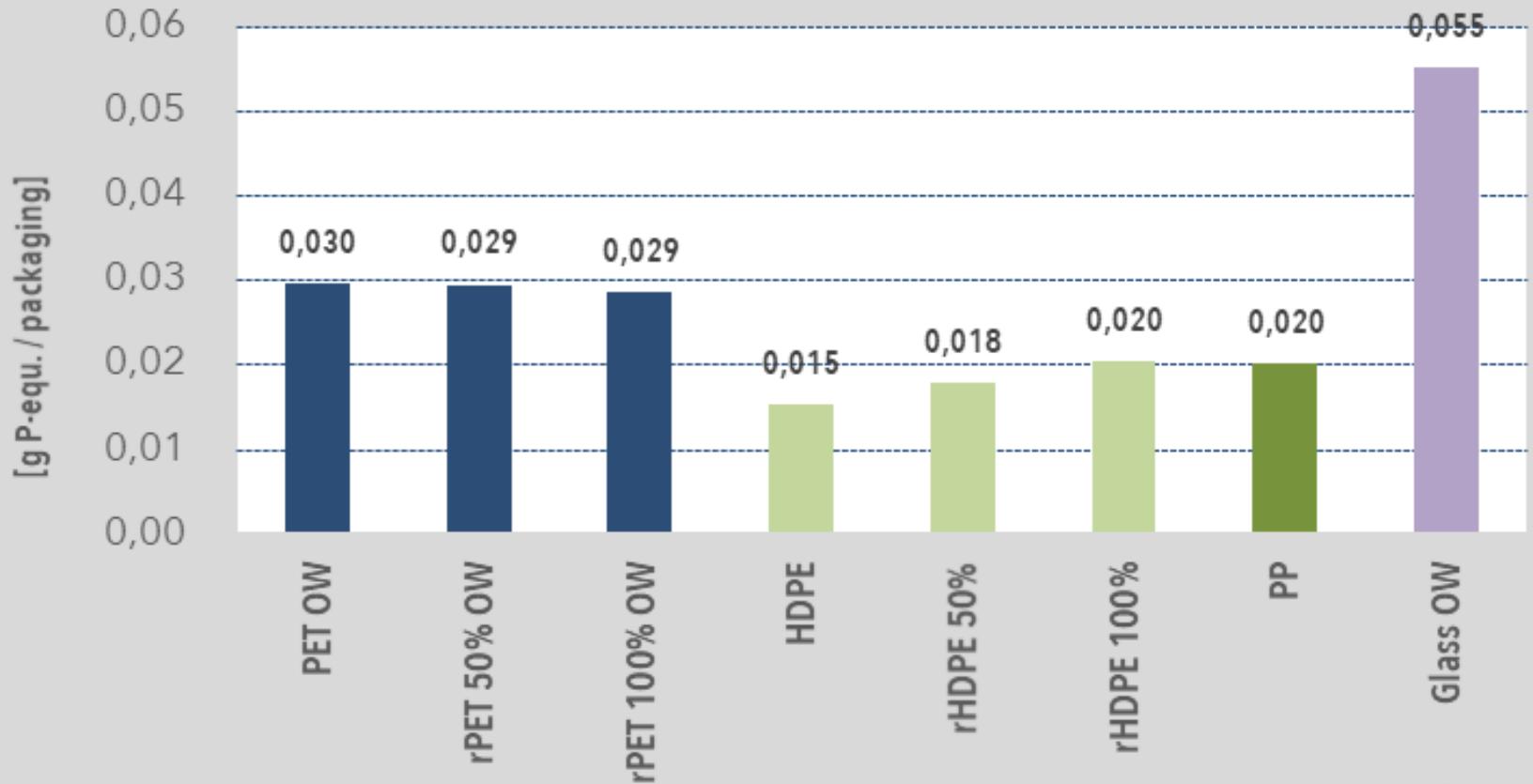
acidification potential - ketchup 0,3 l - Czech Republik



photochemical oxidation(summersmog)- ketchup 0,3 l - Czech Republik

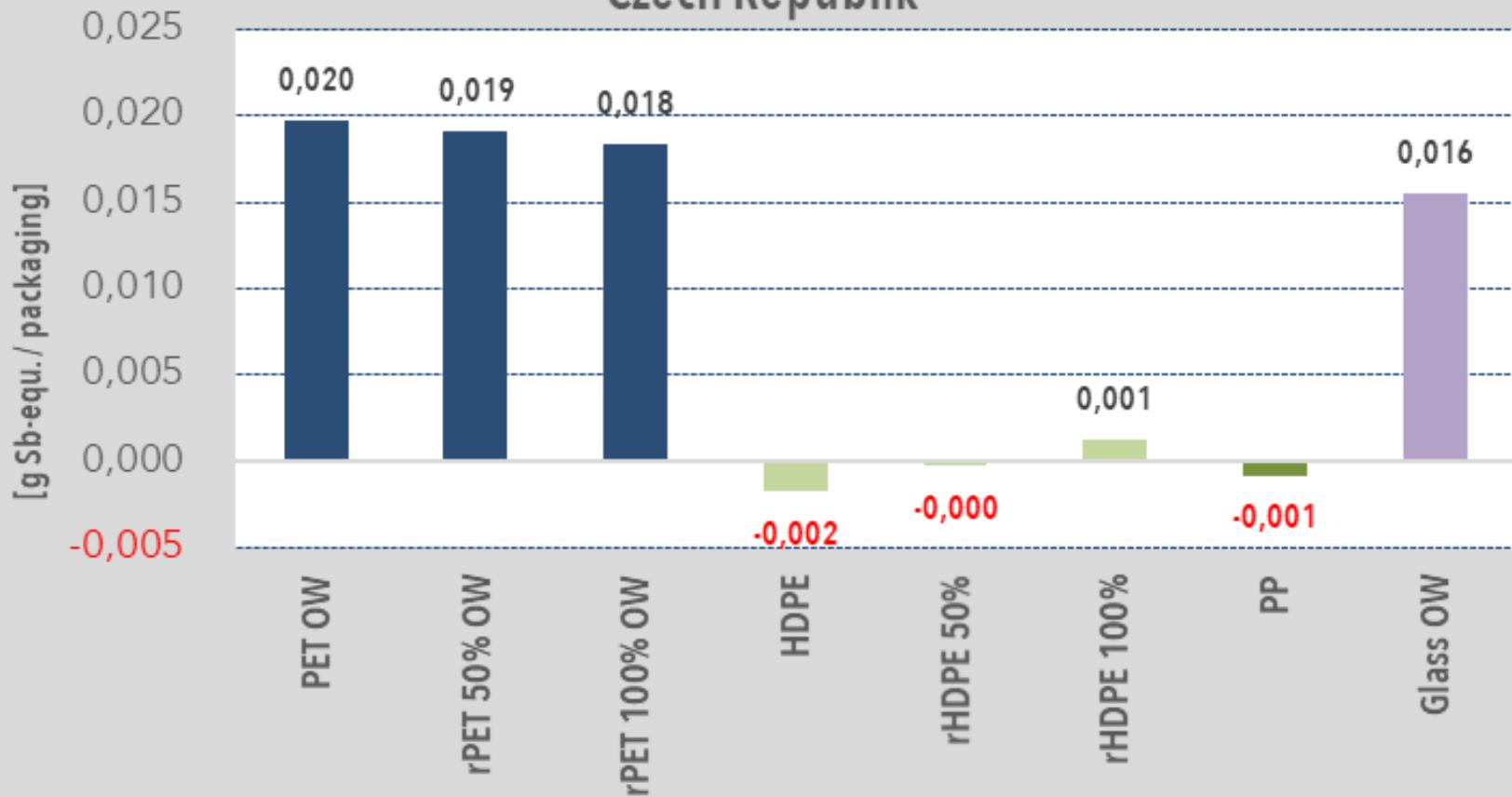


freshwater eutrophication - ketchup 0,3l - Czech Republik

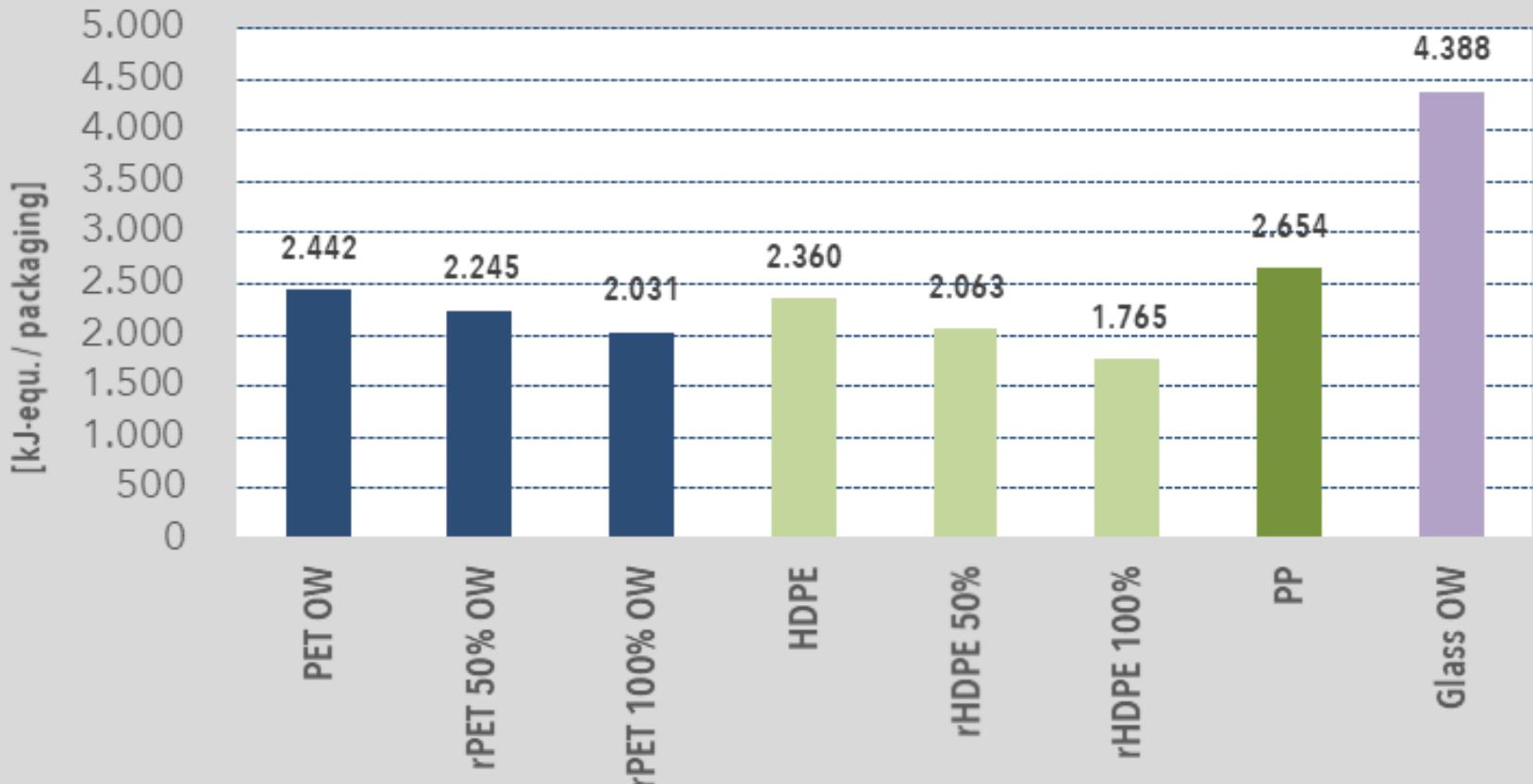


depletion of abiotic resources - elements - ketchup 0,3 l -

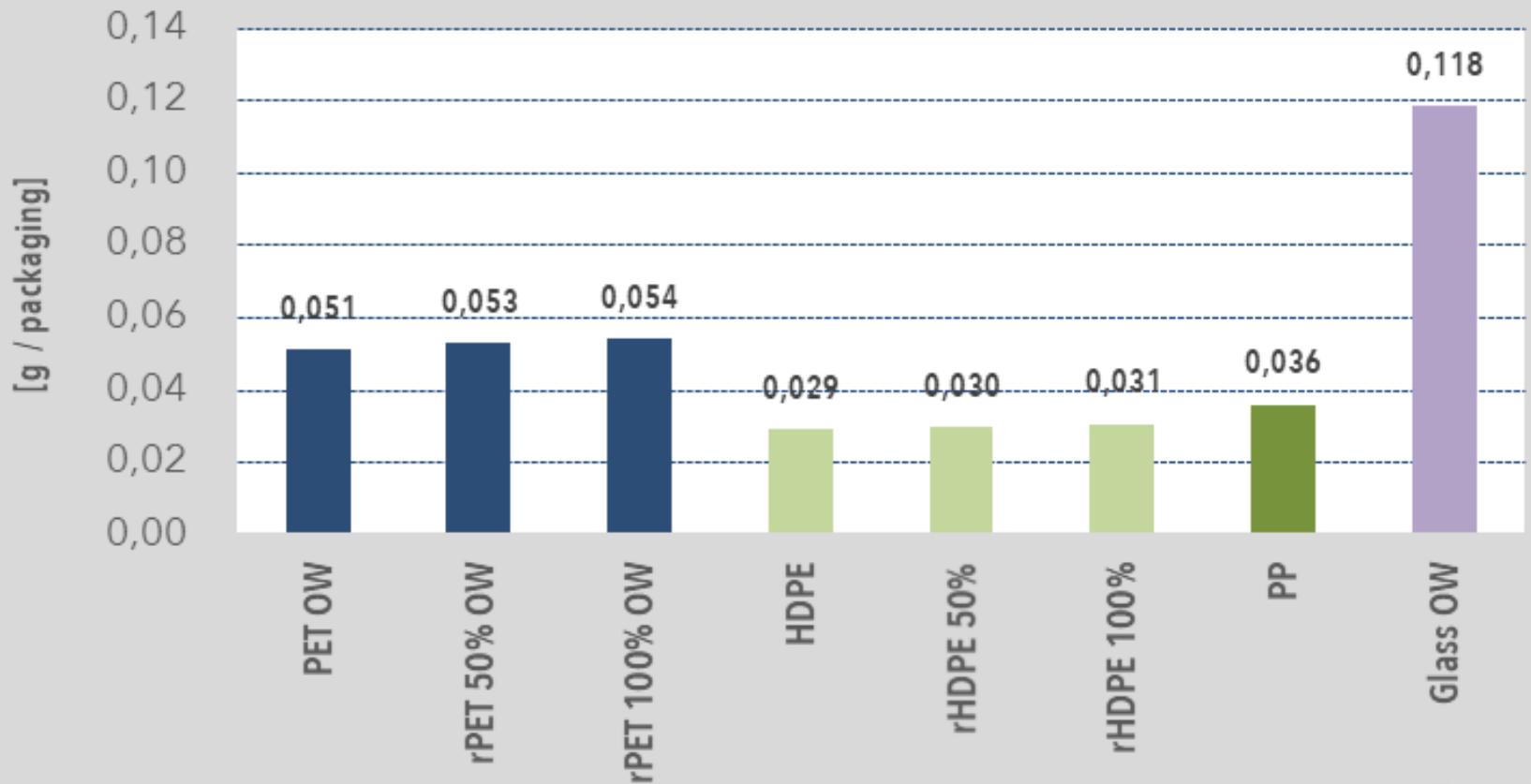
Czech Republik



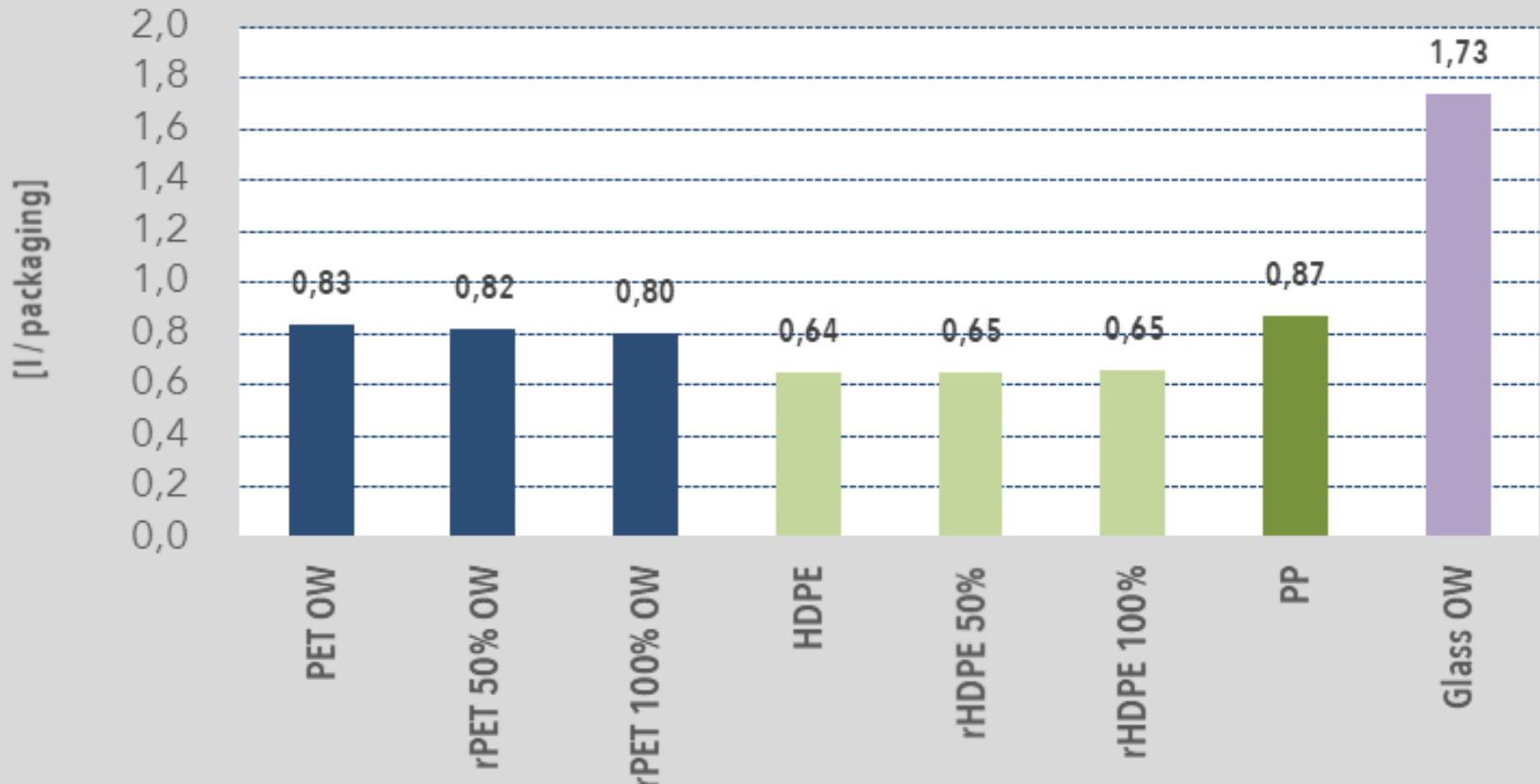
cumulative energy demand - ketchup 0,3 l - Czech Republik



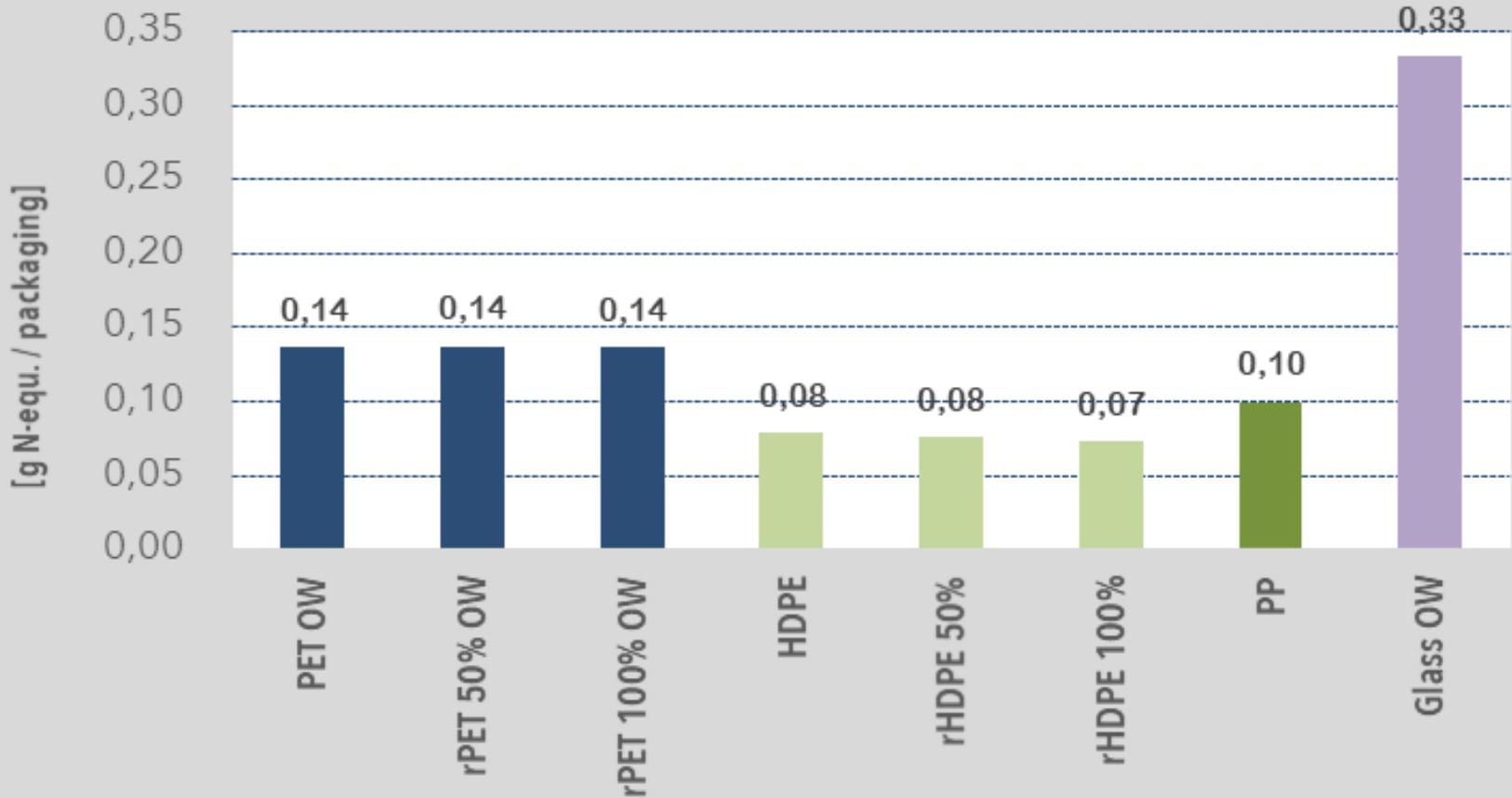
particulates < 2,5 µm - ketchup 0,3 l - Czech Republik



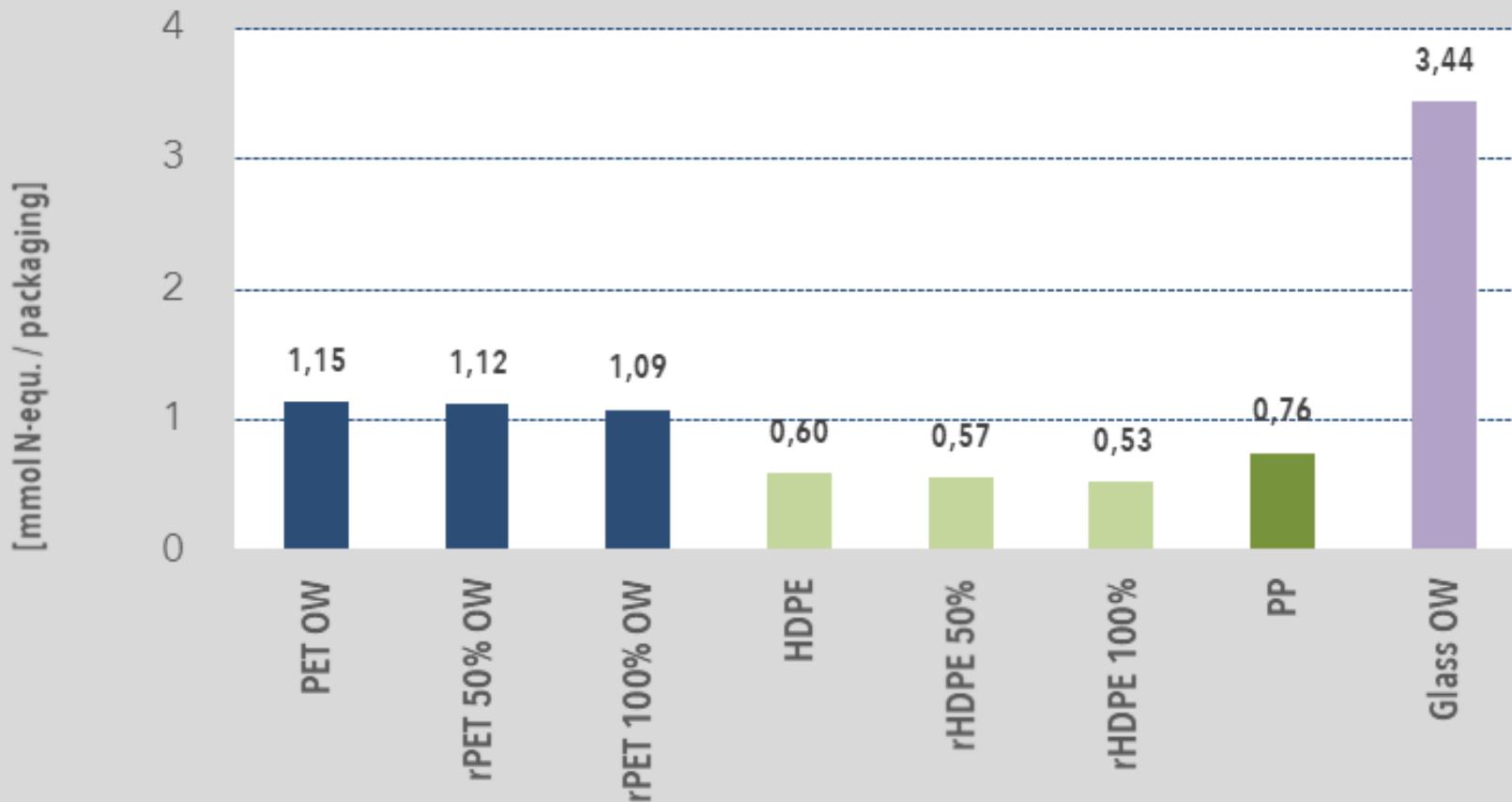
water - ketchup 0,3 l - Czech Republik



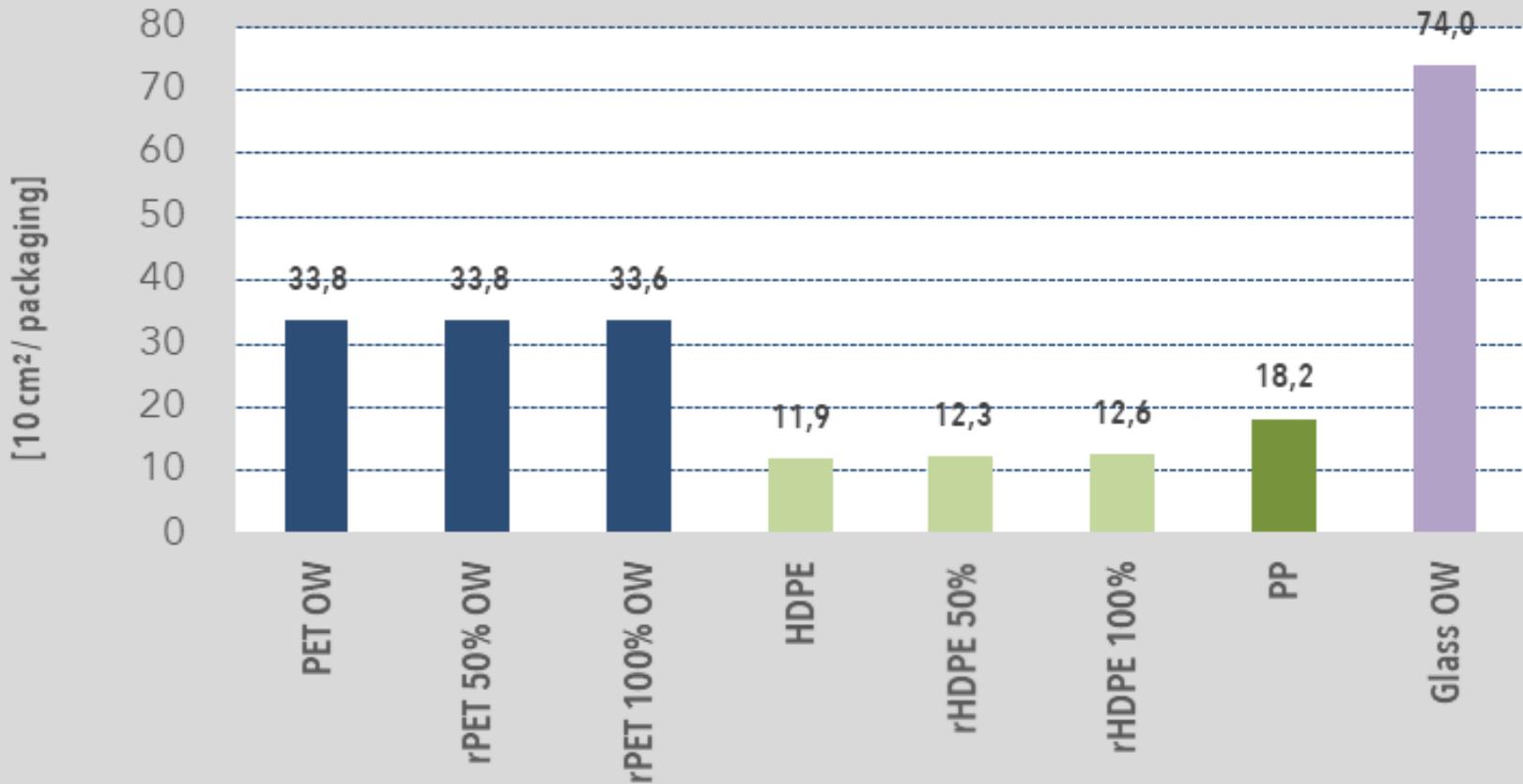
marine eutrophication - ketchup 0,3 l - Czech Republik



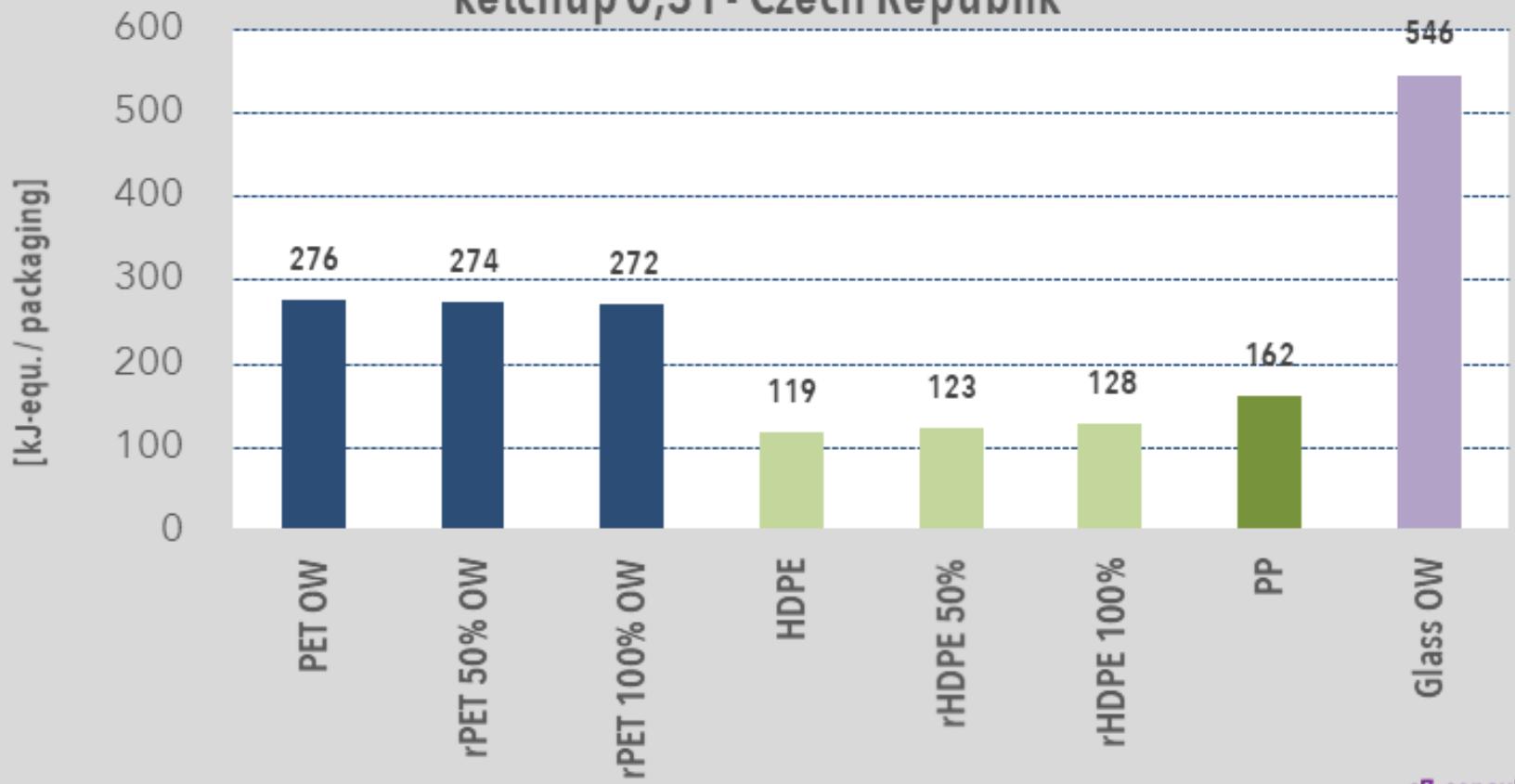
terrestrial eutrophication - ketchup 0,3l - Czech Republik



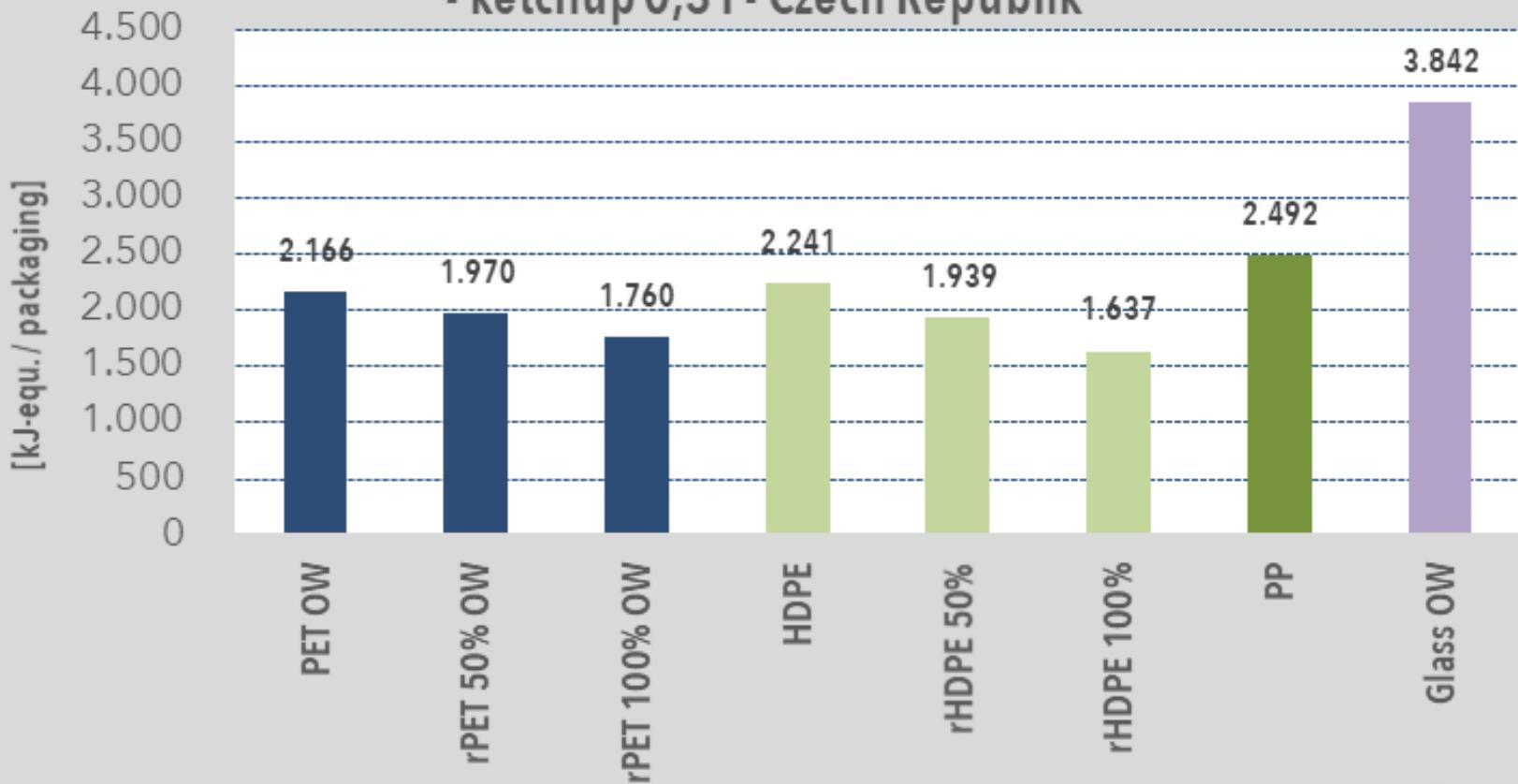
land use - ketchup 0,3 l - Czech Republik



cumulative energy demand - renewable energy resources - ketchup 0,3 l - Czech Republik



cumulative energy demand -non-renewable energy resources - ketchup 0,3 l - Czech Republik

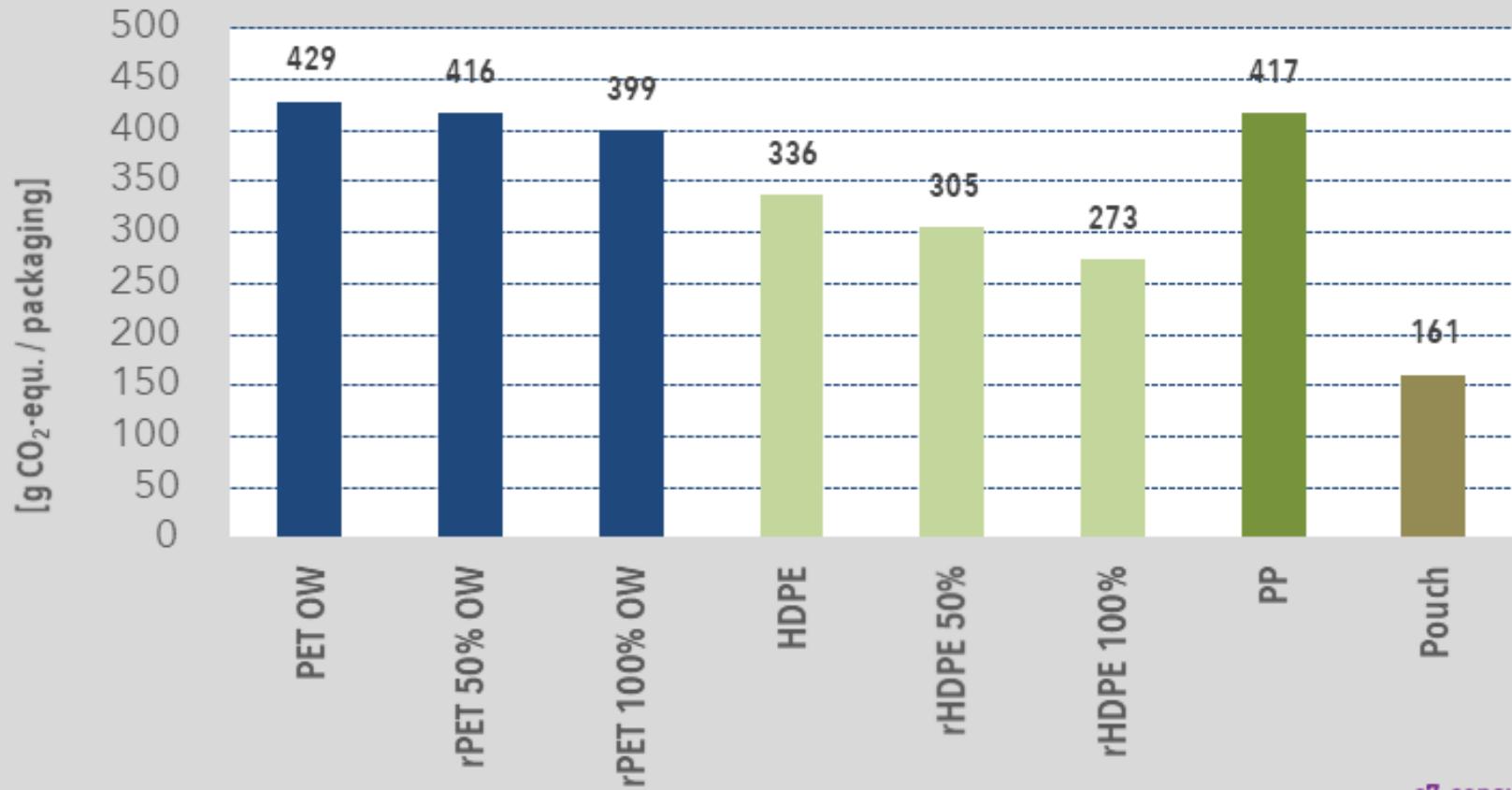




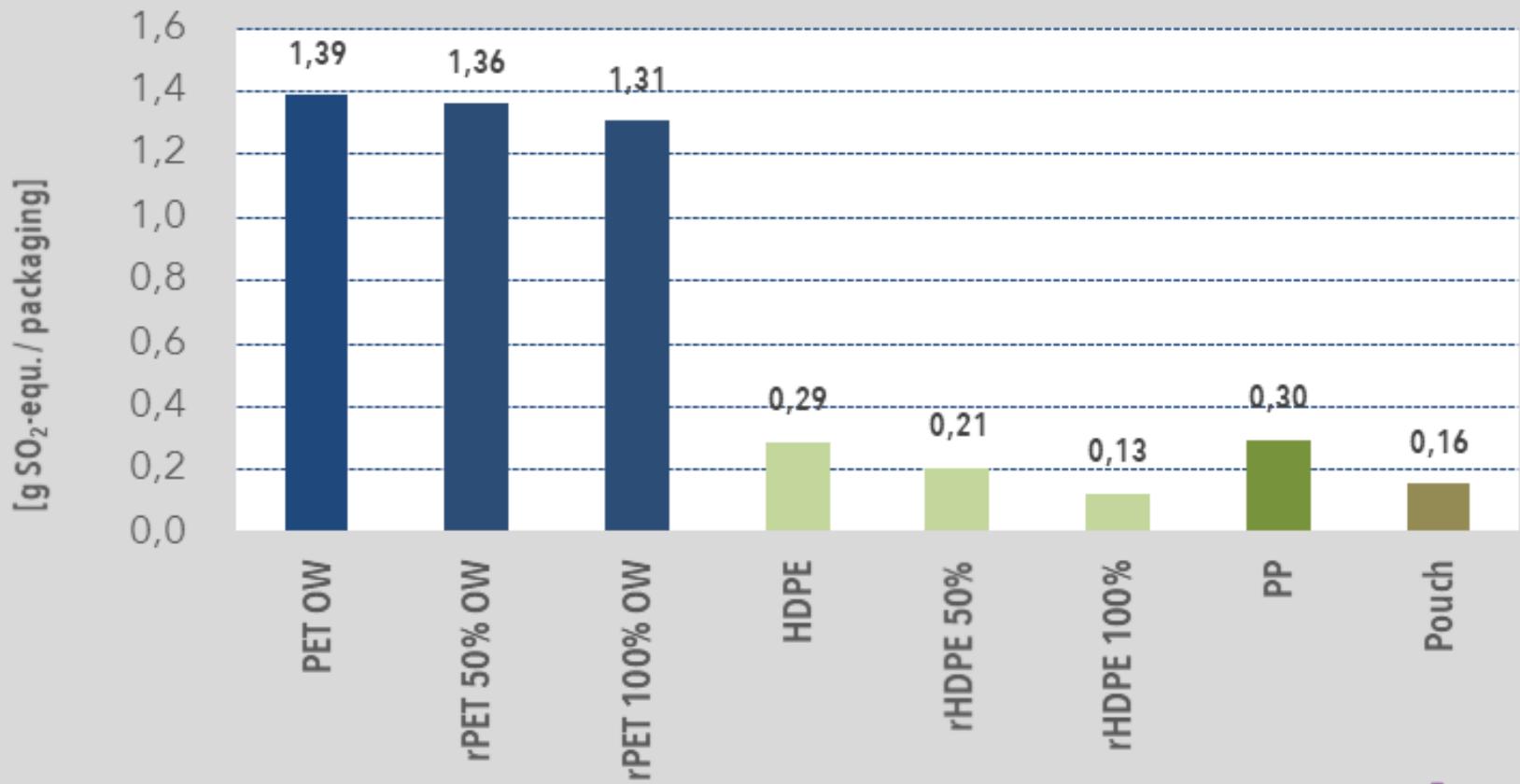
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Results Liquid Detergent 1.5 l

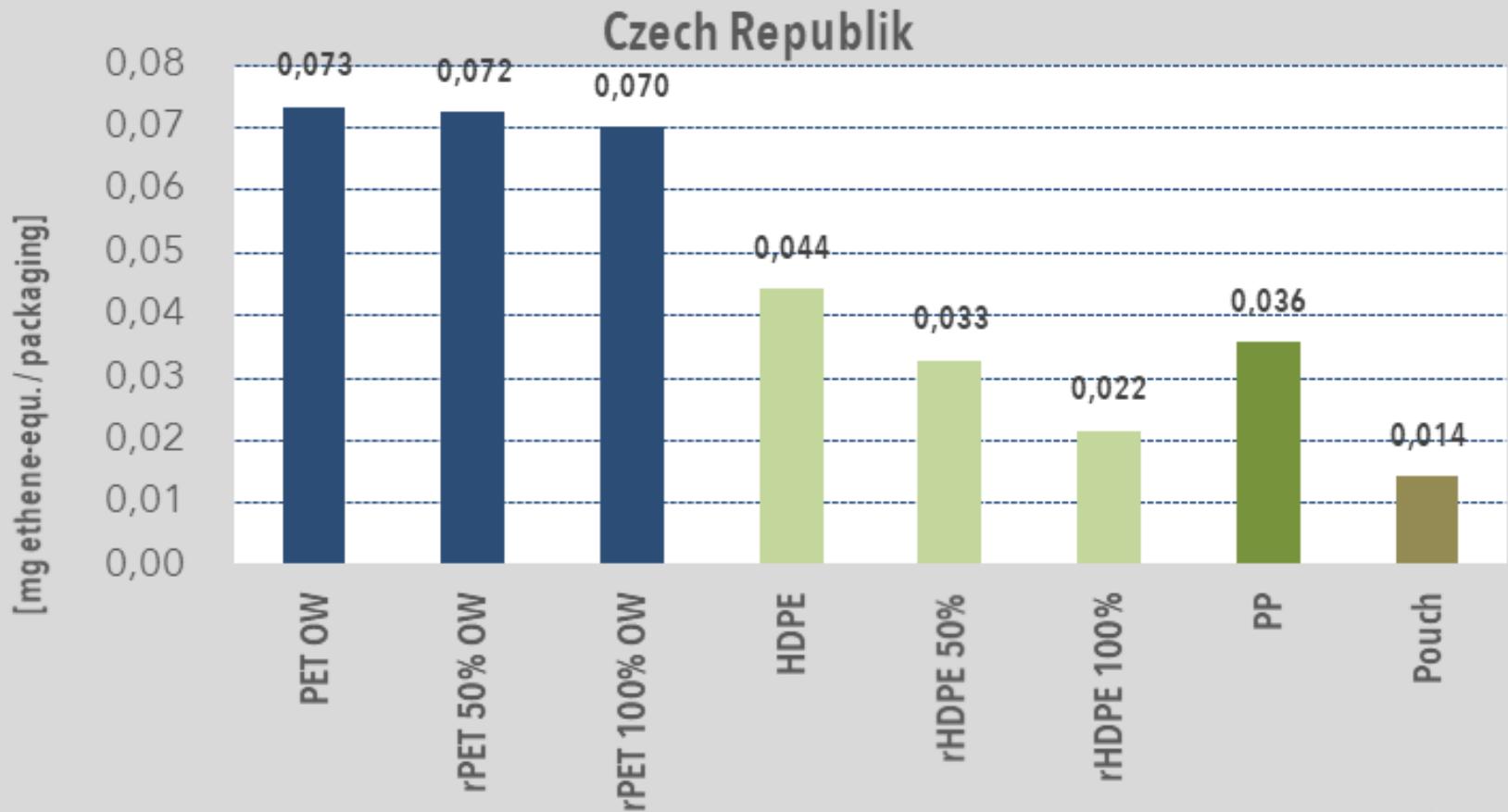
climate change - detergent 1,5l - Czech Republik



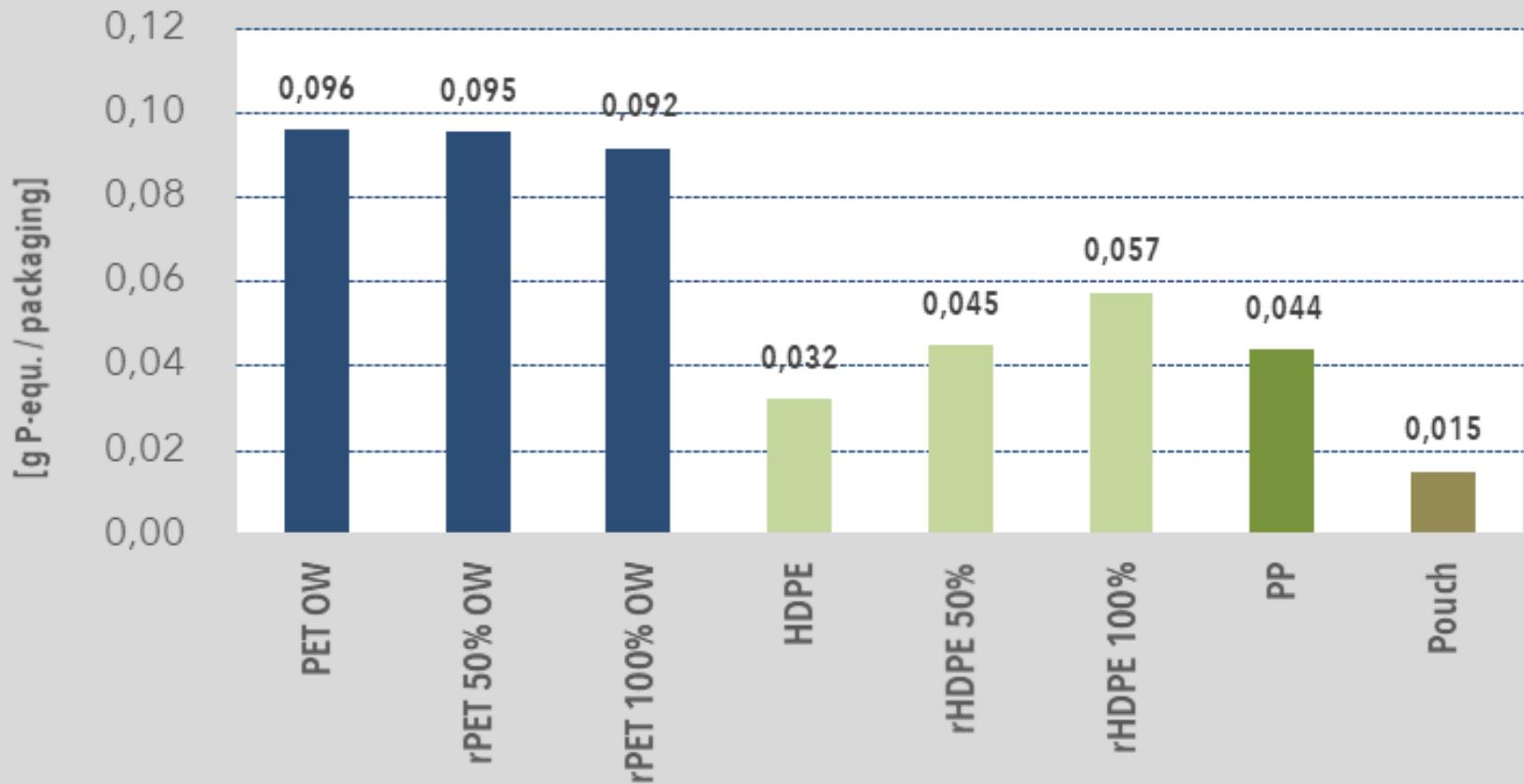
acidification potential - detergent 1,5l - Czech Republik



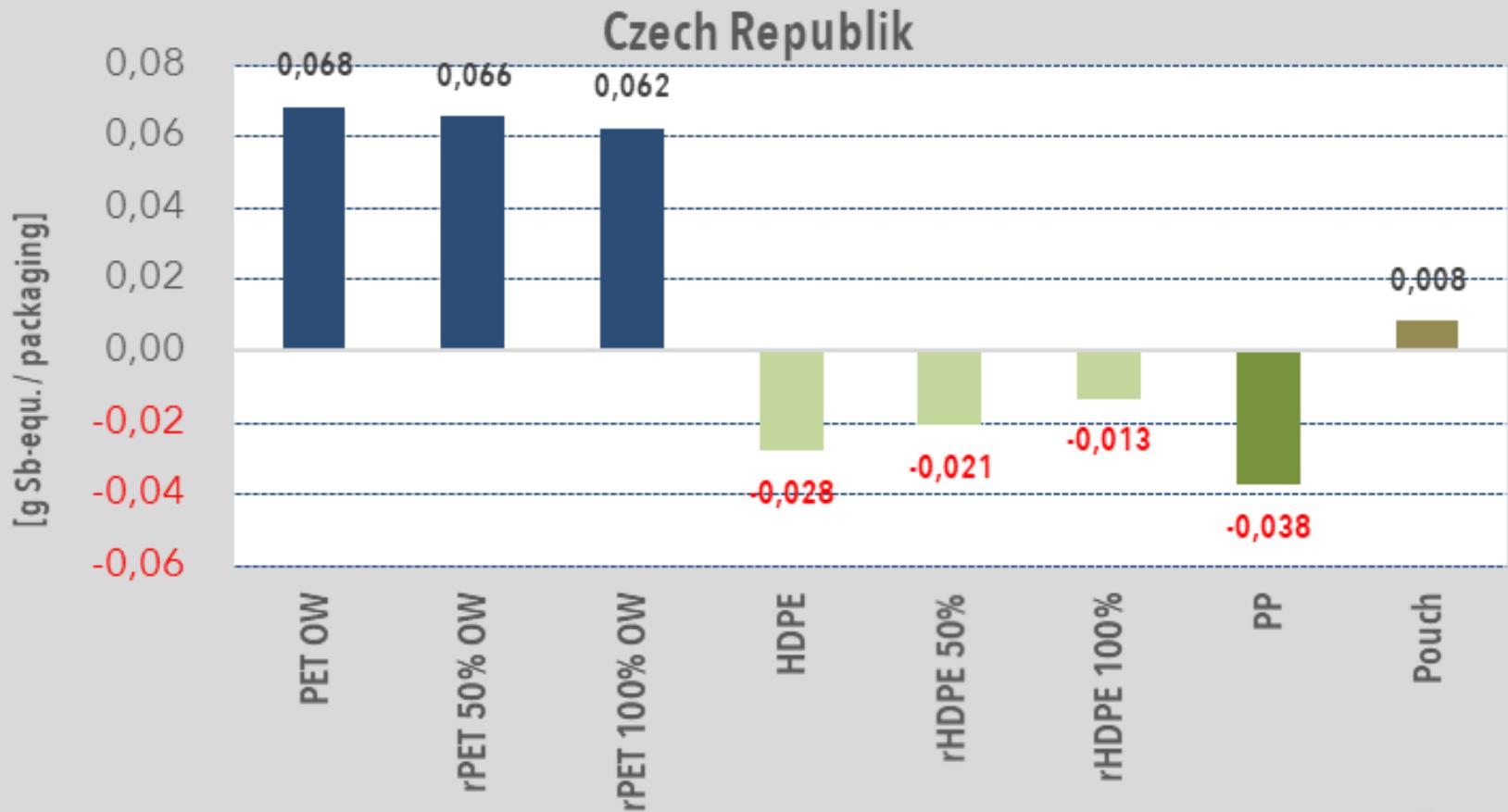
photochemical oxidation (summersmog) - detergent 1,5 l -



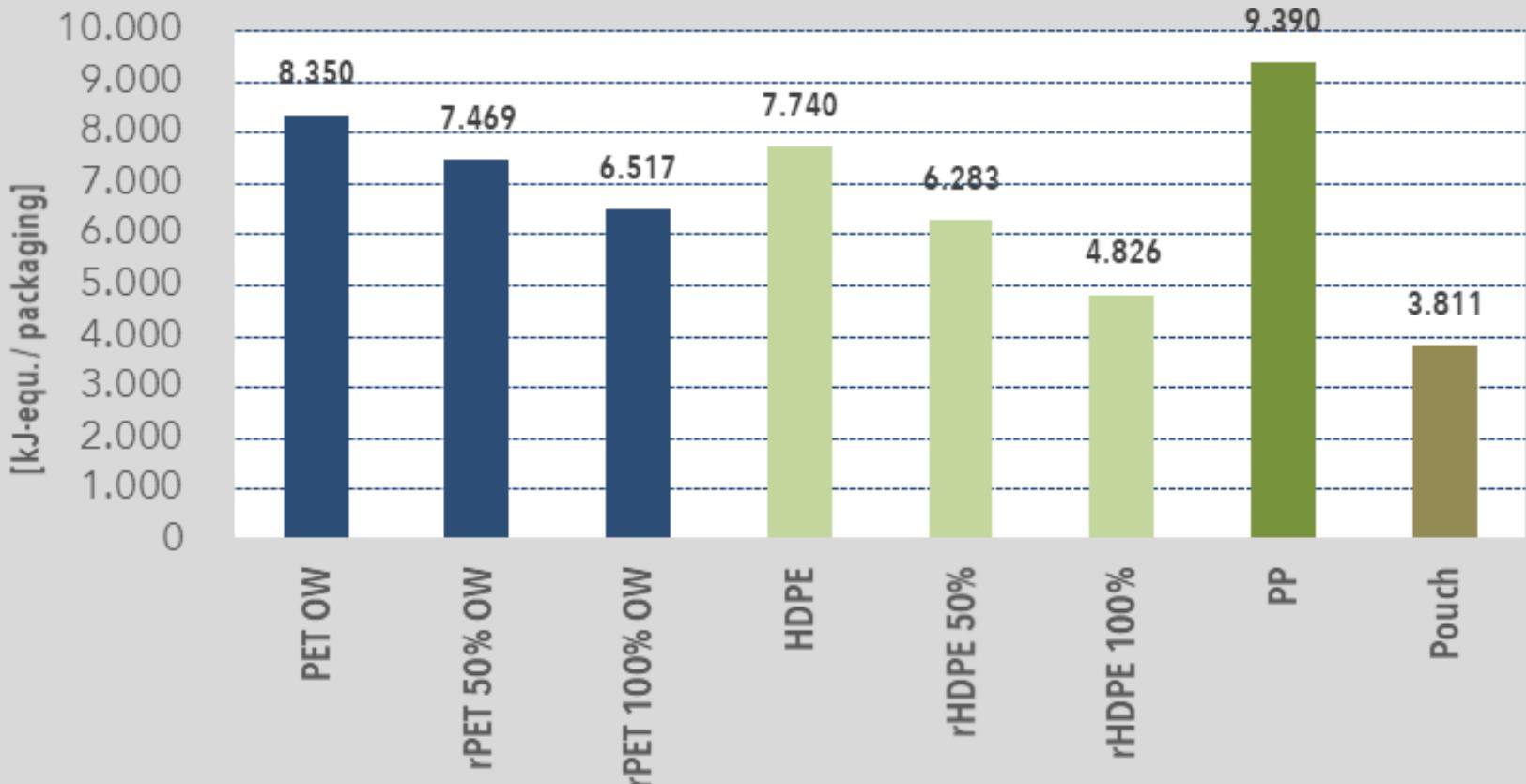
freshwater eutrophication - detergent 1,5l - Czech Republik



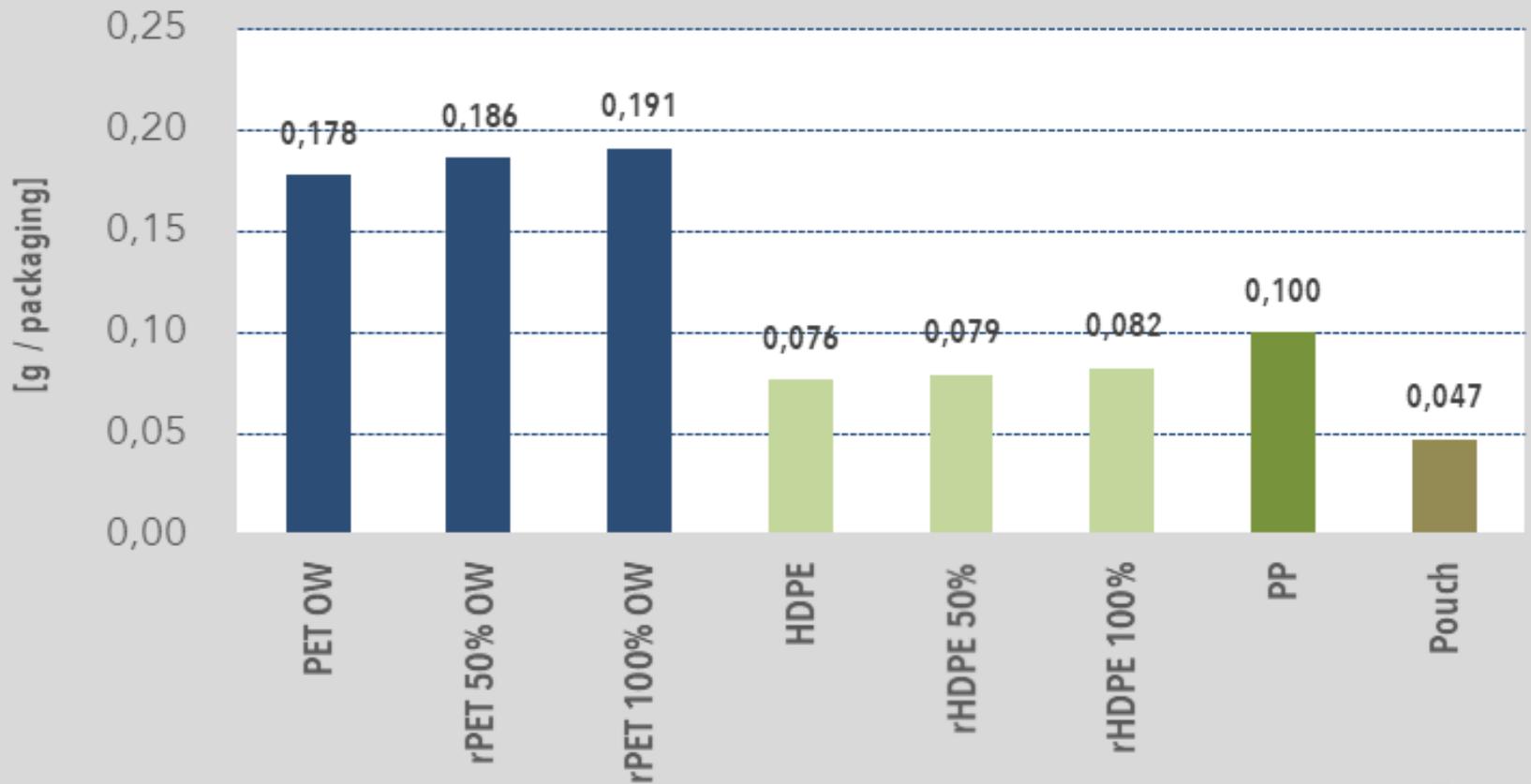
depletion of abiotic resources - elements - detergent 1,5l -



cumulative energy demand - detergent 1,5l - Czech Republik

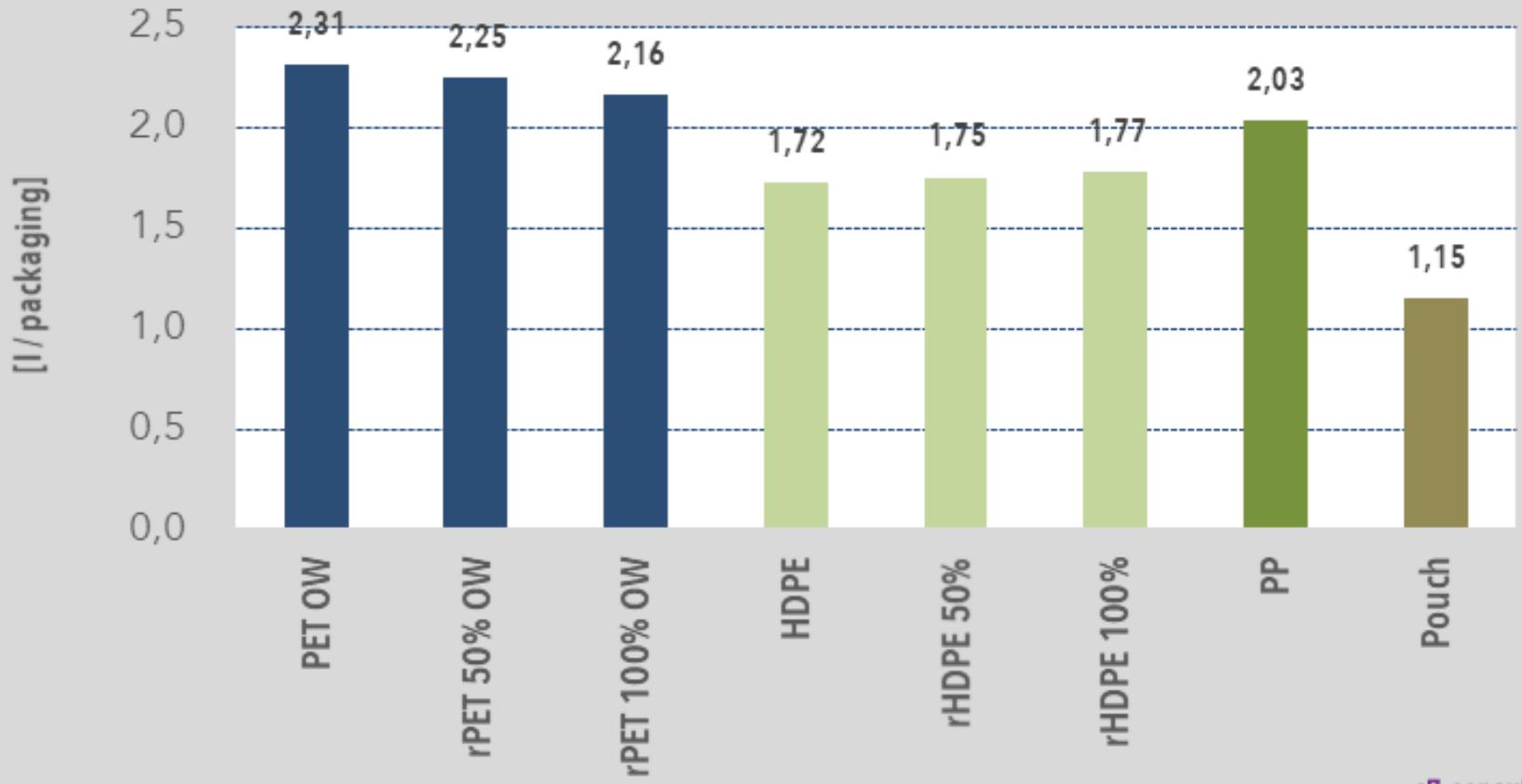


particulates < 2,5 µm - detergent 1,5l - Czech Republik

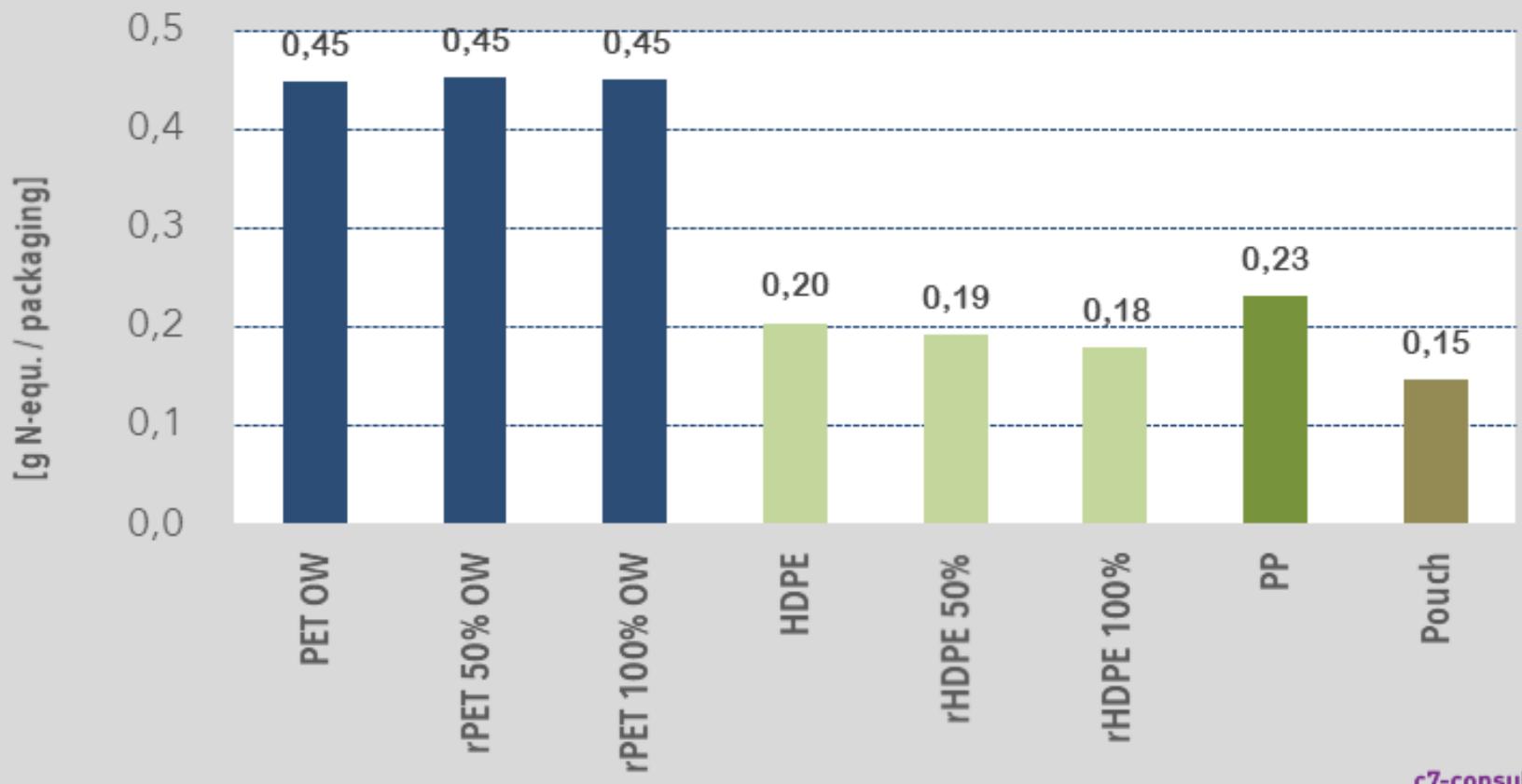


Liquid Detergent

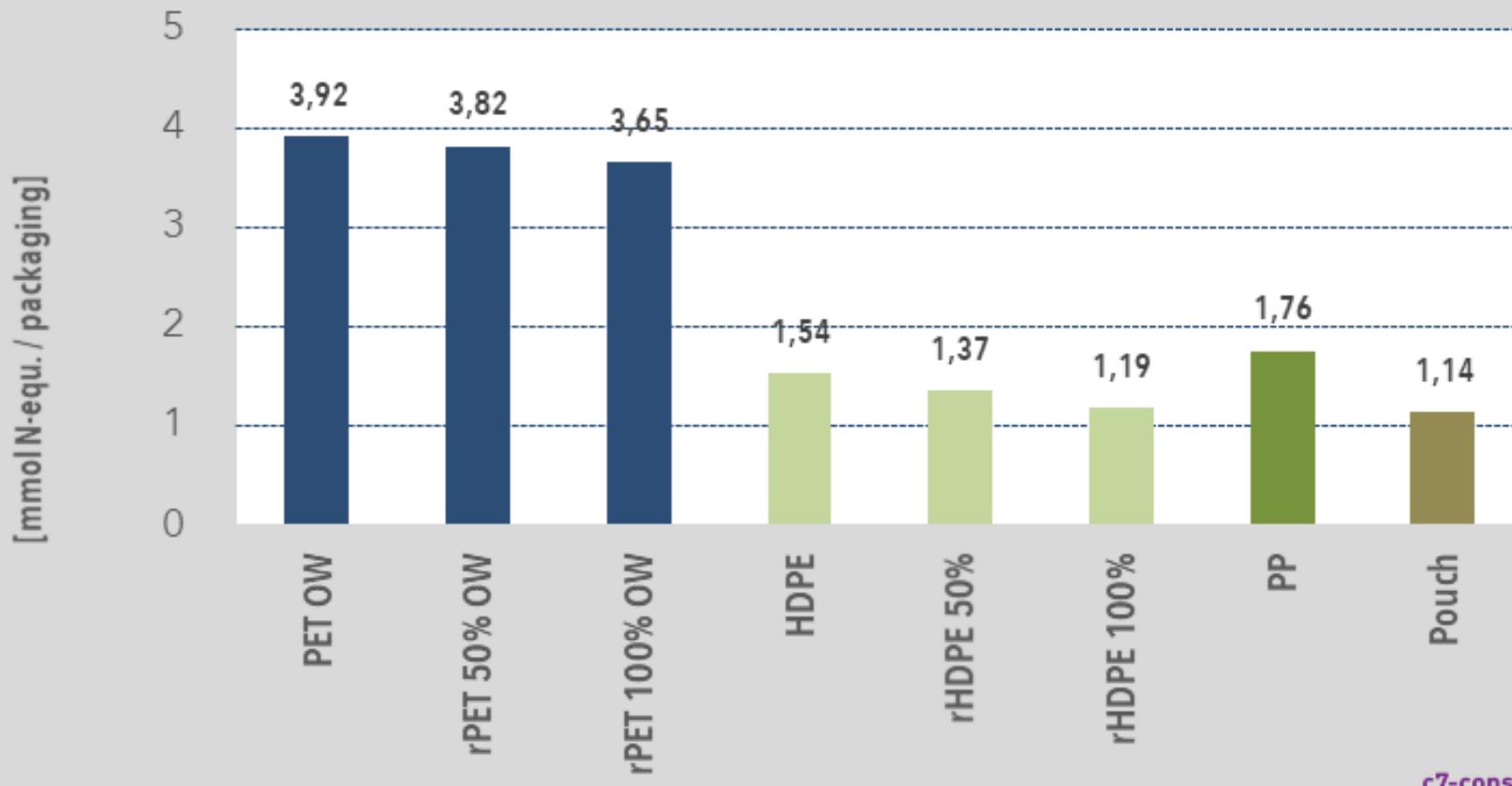
water - detergent 1,5l - Czech Republik



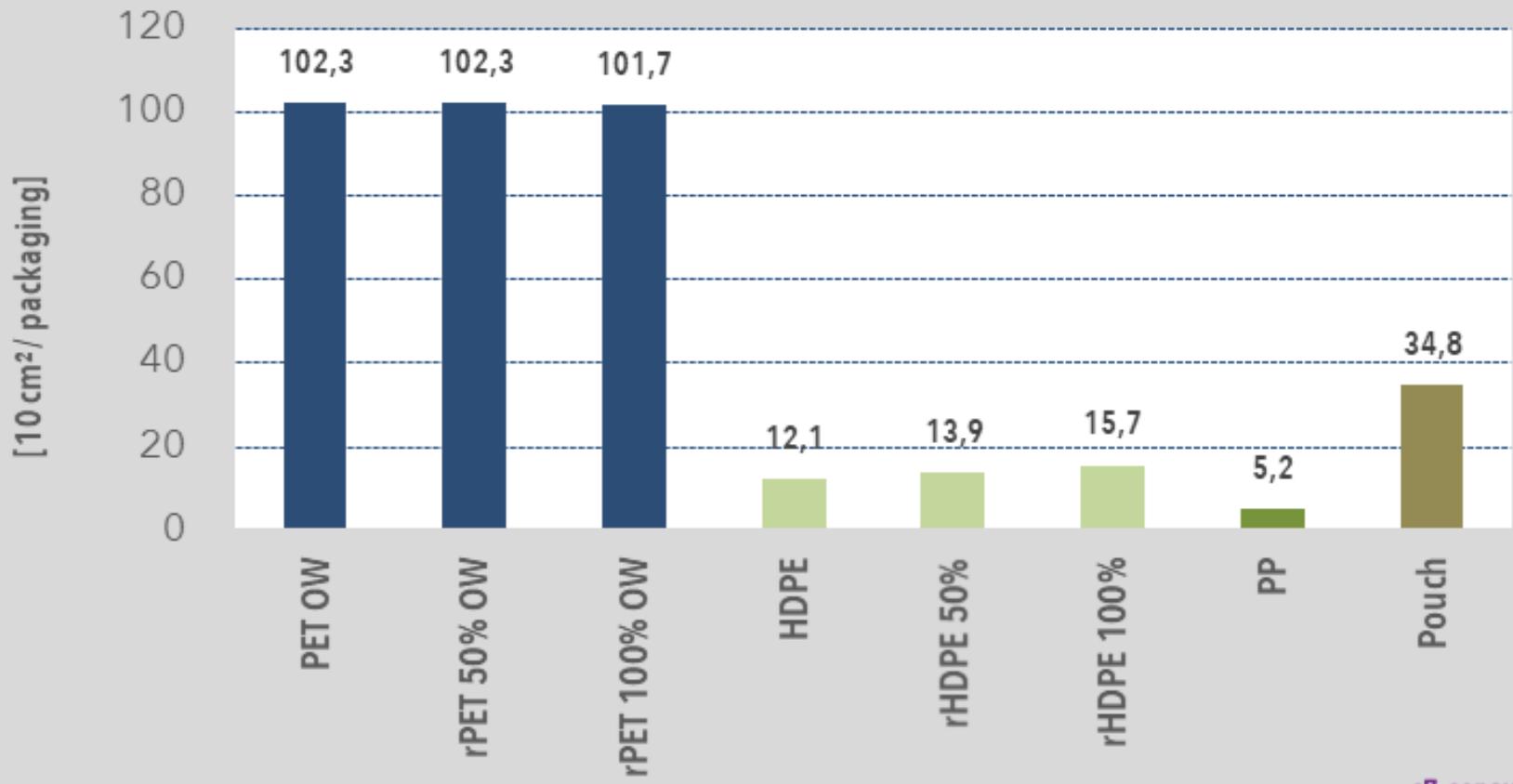
marine eutrophication - detergent 1,5l - Czech Republik



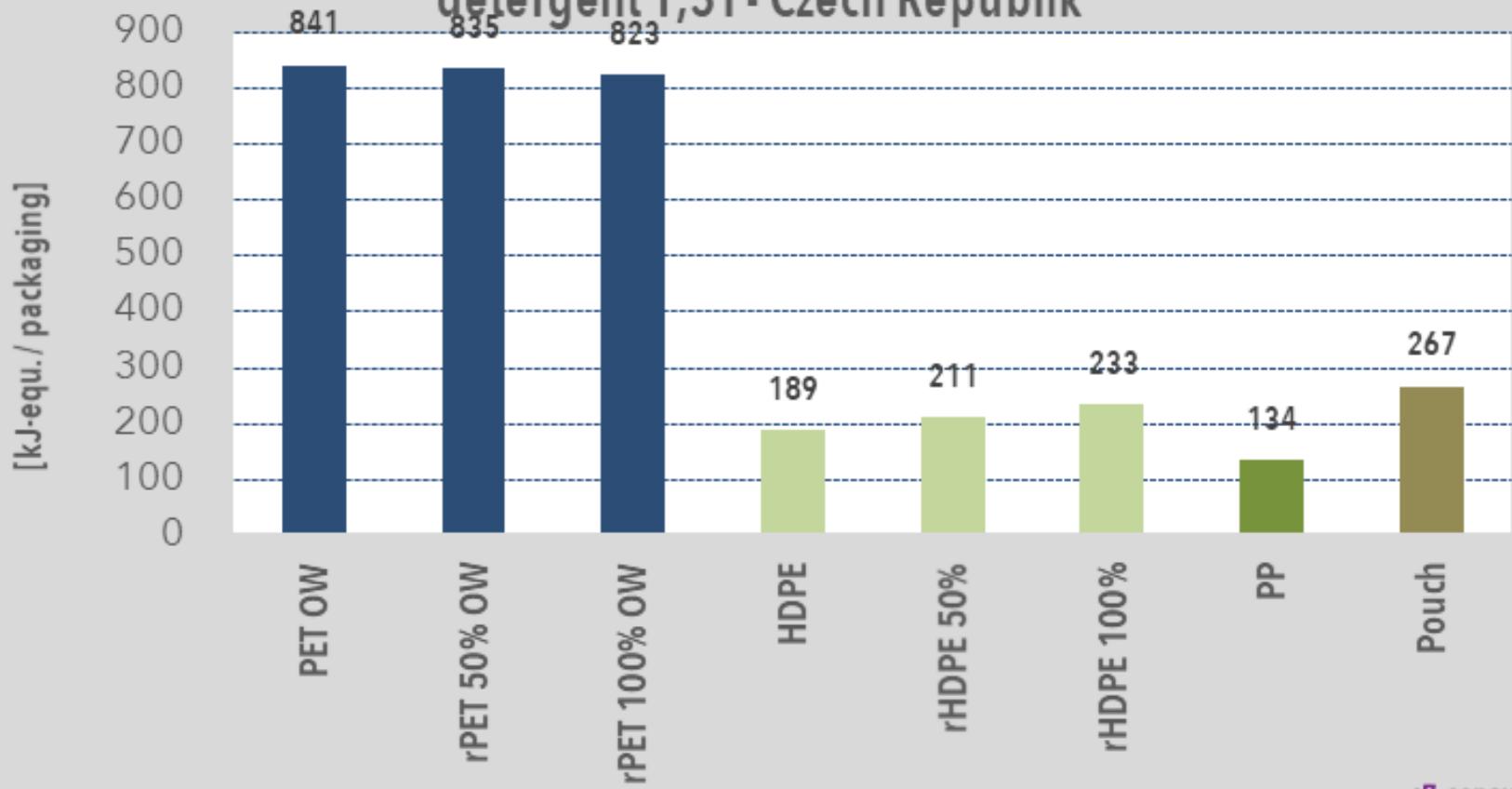
terrestrial eutrophication - detergent 1,5l - Czech Republik



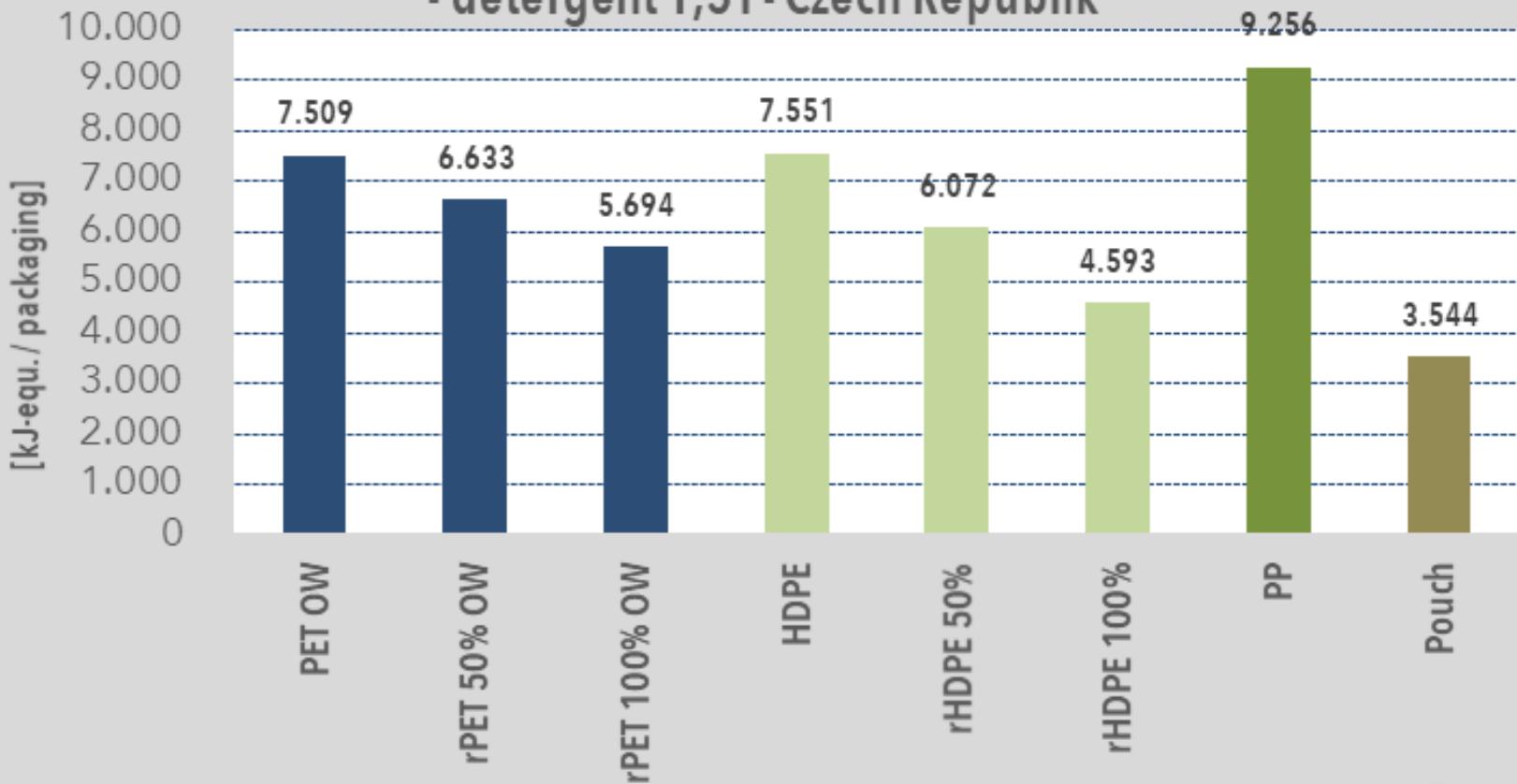
land use - detergent 1,5 l - Czech Republik



cumulative energy demand - renewable energy resources - detergent 1,5 l - Czech Republik



cumulative energy demand -non-renewable energy resources - detergent 1,5 l - Czech Republik





Interpretation of Results Summary



Interpretation of results

- Depletion of abiotic resources – mineral raw materials
 - Ketchup an liquid detergent show negative results for PP and HDPE container
 - Based on national statistics 67 % of plastics (like container made from HDPE and PP) are recycled in the Czech Republic.
 - Present LCA is calculated with a separate collection rate of HDPE and PP container of 60 %. 67 % of the separate collected containers are recycled. The rest is incinerated in cement kilns.
 - Plastic containers have a high heating value. In a cement kiln the heating value of plastics substitutes the fuel coal. The avoided depletion of abiotic resources of the substituted coal is higher than the depletion for producing HDPE and PP. Therefore the benefit of the thermal use of plastics in a cement kiln is higher than the effort for producing HDPE and PP. This is the reason for negative values for HDPE & PP.



Summary

- The reusable PET bottles for water and carbonated soft drinks that were examined perform best. Single-use PET bottles perform better than refillable glass bottles.
- For milk, HDPE bottles perform better than the comparable single-use PET packaging unit. Single-use PET bottles and the examined beverage carton are neck and neck. A beverage carton with a simpler head section can perform better.
- Single-use PET bottles, reusable glass bottle and beverage carton show for juice similar environmental impacts with advantages for PET bottles with higher share of recyclates.
- There is a clear environmental winner among the various types of beer packaging. The reusable glass bottle performs best, the aluminium can worst, single-use PET bottles are in between.
- PET is the clear winner when it comes to packaging units for food. For detergent packaging the PP refill pouch performs best.
- The single-use glass bottle is the least environmental packaging unit of all the contents examined. Only the tinplate can for food has even higher environmental impacts than the single-use glass bottle. Also the aluminium can perform worse.

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